

2021 ICGIS

International Conference
on Geospatial Information Science



Spatially Enabled Society with AI and Digital Twin (II)

인공지능과 디지털트윈으로 여는 공간정보 (II)

2021. 7. 22 (목) 14:00~18:00

사전등록 온라인 컨퍼런스

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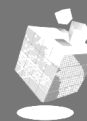
사전등록 온라인 컨퍼런스

2021 ICGIS

International Conference
on Geospatial Information Science

ICGIS 2021 Program

Time • 시간	Contents • 발표내용	Speaker • 발표자
14:00~14:05	Opening Remarks 개회사	Hyunsoo Kang President of Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements 강현수 국토연구원장
14:05~14:10	Congratulatory Address 축하사	Soosang Kim Deputy Minister of House and Land Office, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport 김수상 국토부 주택토지실장
14:10~14:40	Keynote Speech “National Digital Twin in UK” 기조연설 “영국의 국가디지털트윈”	Mark Enzer Chair of DFTG, Center for Digital Built Britain (CDBB)
14:40~15:00	Opening Speech “Policy Directions of National Digital Twin in Korea” 개막연설 “한국의 디지털트윈 정책방향”	Hyejung Sung Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements 성혜정 국토연구원
Break Time 15:00~15:10		
Invited Talk • 초청발표		
15:10~15:30	Sharpening urban infrastructure decisions with artificial intelligence AI를 이용한 도시 인프라 구축 전략	Hoon Han Univ. of New South Wales
15:30~15:50	Smart construction with BIM and geospatial information BIM과 공간정보를 이용한 스마트 건설	Troy Rigby Trimble Asia-Pacific
15:50~16:10	Autonomous train with AI and 3D Geospatial Data 인공지능과 3차원 공간정보 기반 자율주행 기차	Gunho Sohn York Univ.
16:10~16:30	IoT and AI based Smart Building/Energy Twin Platform for Smart City 스마트시티를 위한 IoT & AI기반 스마트빌딩/에너지트윈 플랫폼	Changsoo Park Ntels 박창수 엔텔스
16:30~16:50	Urban 3D geospatial modelling for Realistic Geospatial Data 실감공간데이터를 위한 도시 3차원 지형공간 모델링	Si-yeong Lim Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements 임시영 국토연구원
Break Time 16:50~17:00		
17:00~18:00	Panel Discussion	
	Moderator Prof. Kijoune Li (Pusan National University)/이기준 교수 (부산대학교)	
17:00~18:00	Panels	
	Daejong Kim (KRIHS)/김대종 본부장 (국토연구원) Prof. Youngok Kang (Ewha Womans University)/강영옥 교수 (이화여자대학교) Honryang Im (NS Center)/임현량 센터장(NS 센터) HeuiYoung Park(Seoul)/박희영 공간정보담당관 (서울시) Bogyeong Mun (The Electronic Times)/문보경 기자	
Closing Remarks • 폐회식		



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Hyejung Sung Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements

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Troy Rigby Trimble Asia-Pacific

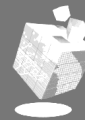
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Si-yeong Lim Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements

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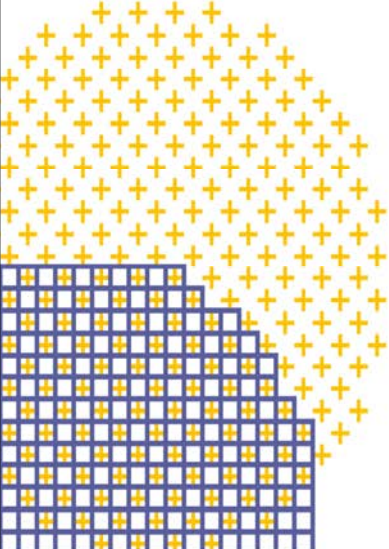


Smart GEO Expo 2021
2021 스마트지오토포

Keynote Speech


National Digital Twin in UK [영국의 국가디지털트윈]


Mark Enzer Chair of DFTG, Center for Digital Built Britain (CDBB)





NATIONAL DIGITAL TWIN PROGRAMME

Data infrastructure
for the information economy

 UNIVERSITY OF
CAMBRIDGE

 UK Research
and Innovation

 Department for
Business, Energy
& Industrial Strategy

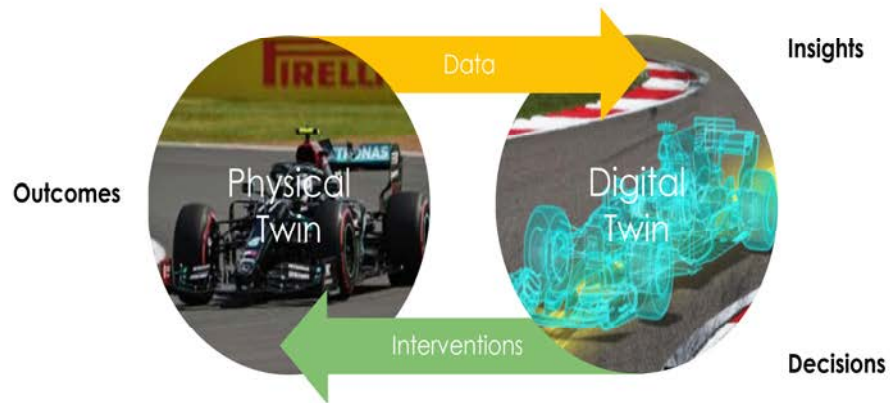
 **cdabb**
Centre for Digital Built Britain

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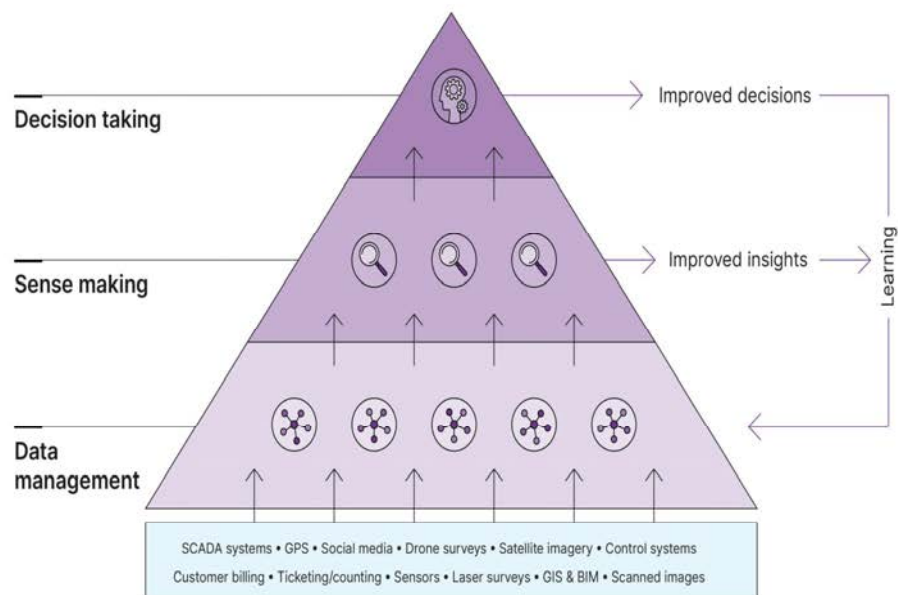
Running order

1. Digital twins
2. A brief step back for the bigger picture
3. The National Digital Twin

Digital twins

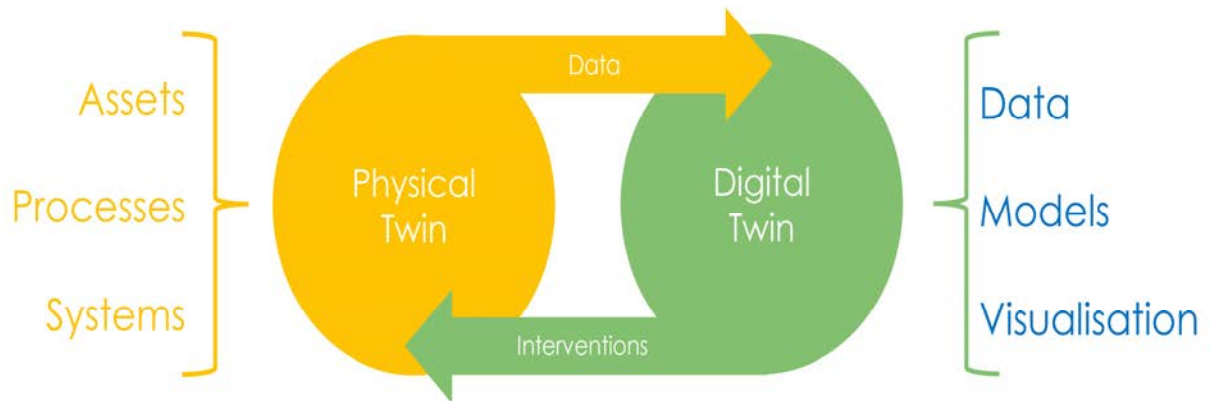


The information value chain



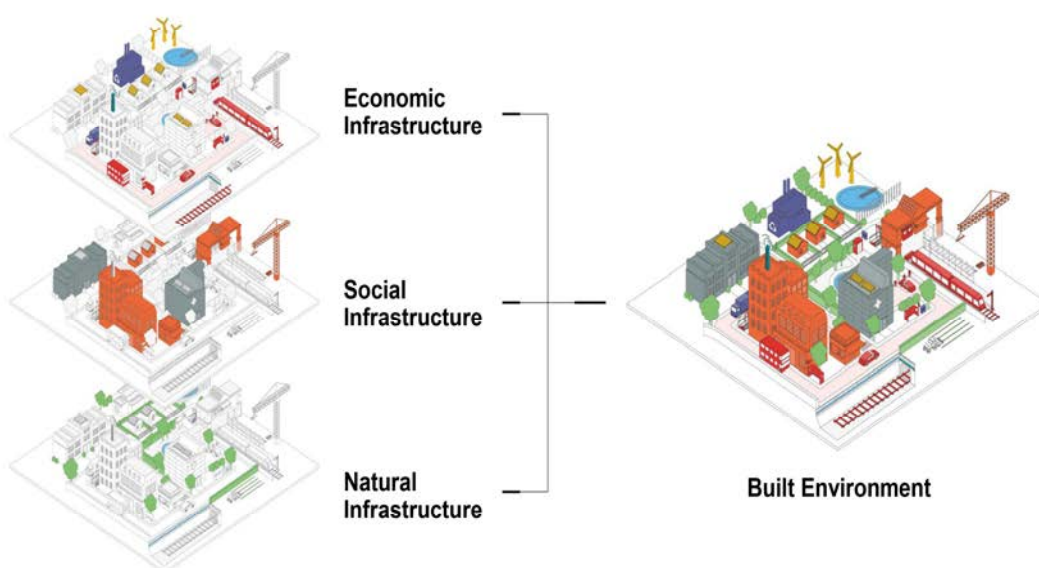
Digital twins

Delivering value: "better decisions faster"



Driven by values: purpose, trust and function

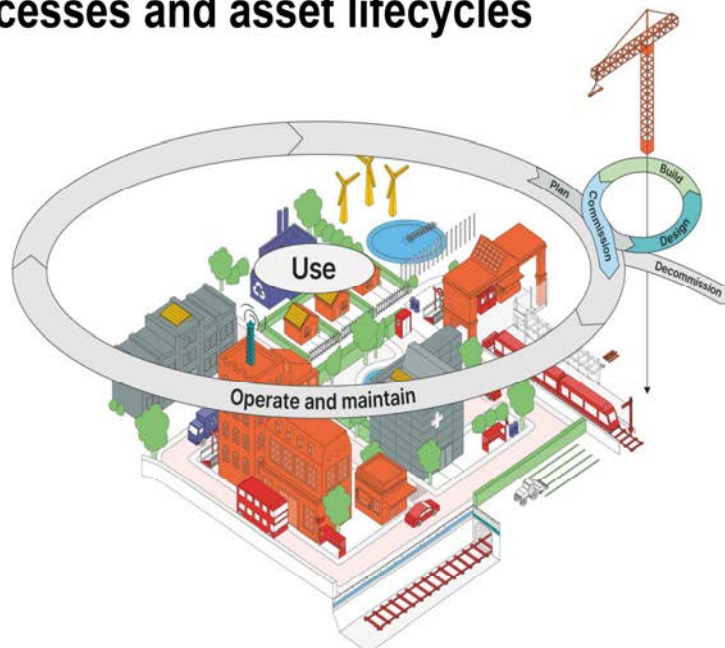
The built environment as a system of systems



Sustainable outcomes from the systems



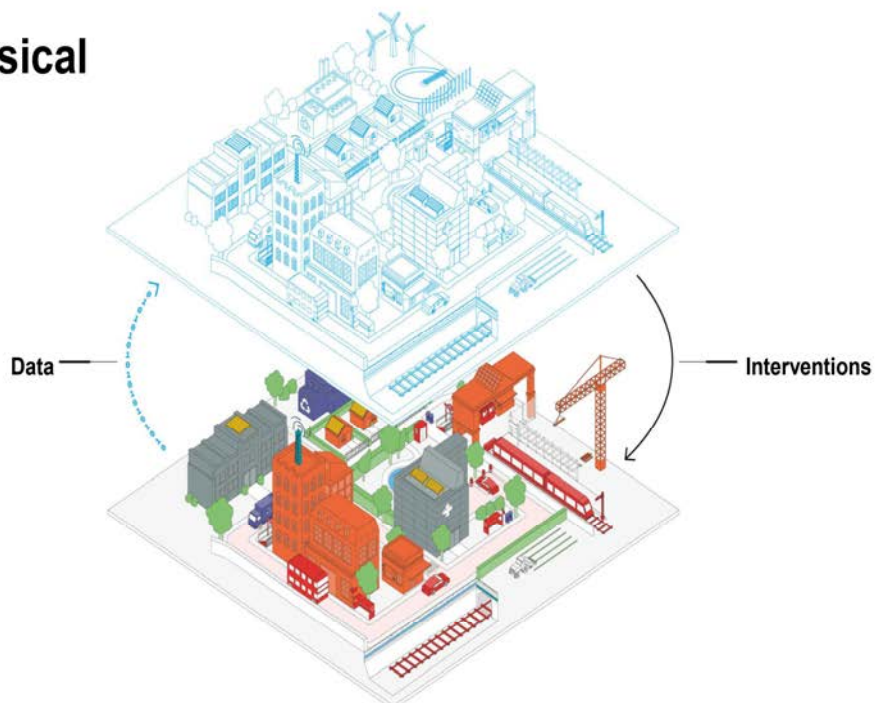
System processes and asset lifecycles



Interventions on the system of systems



Cyber-physical system



Data for the public good



Recommendations:

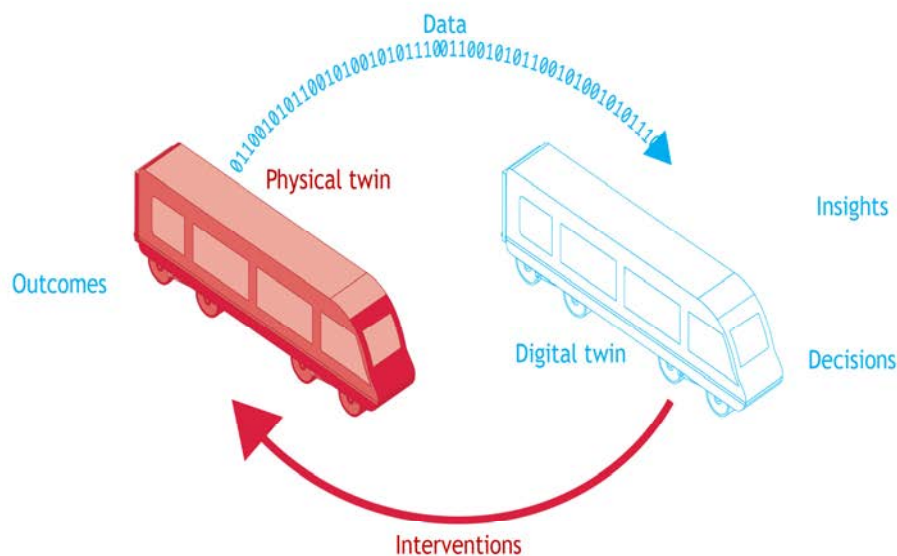
1. A National Digital Twin – an ecosystem of connected digital twins to enable better outcomes from our built environment
2. An Information Management Framework – to enable secure data sharing and effective information management
3. A Digital Framework Task Group – to provide coordination and alignment among key players

Enable

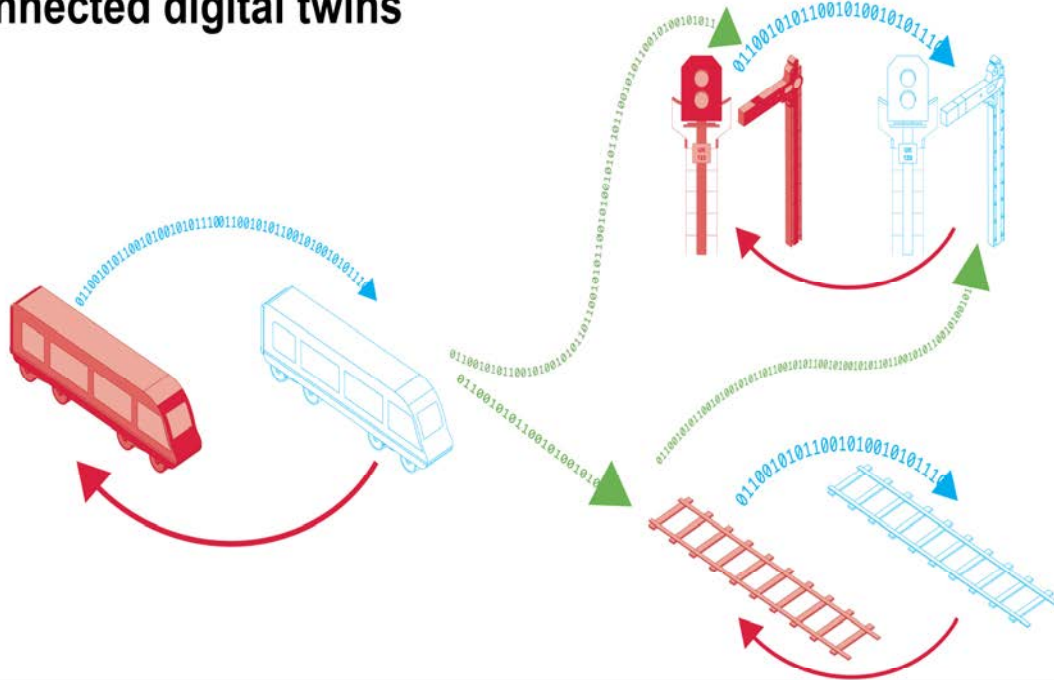
Deliver

Align

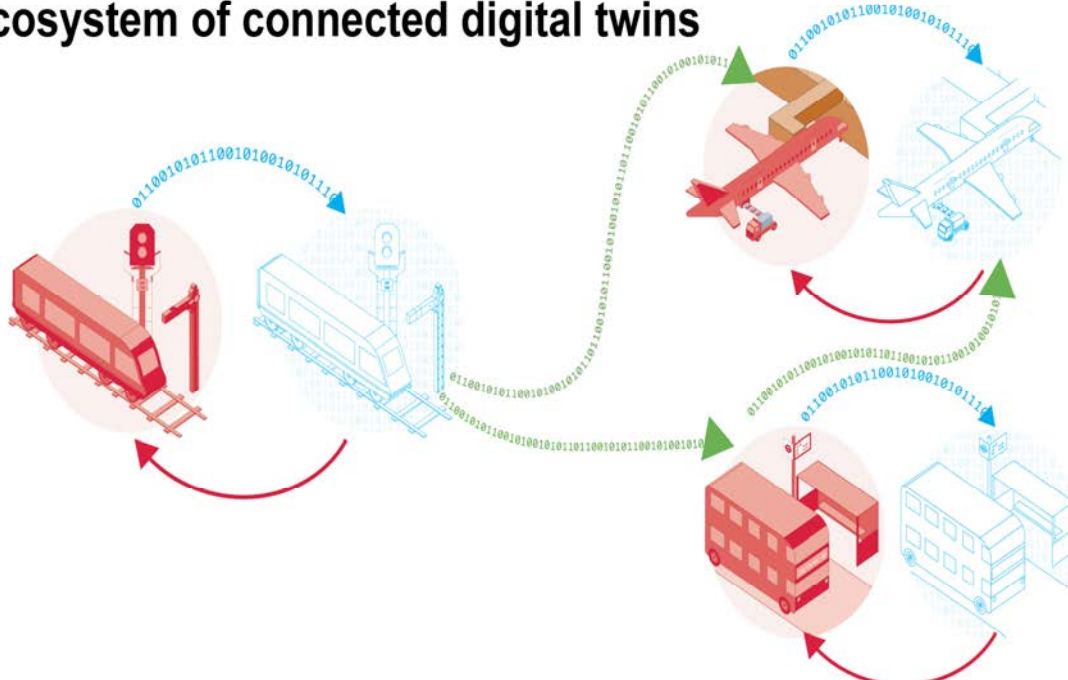
Digital twins



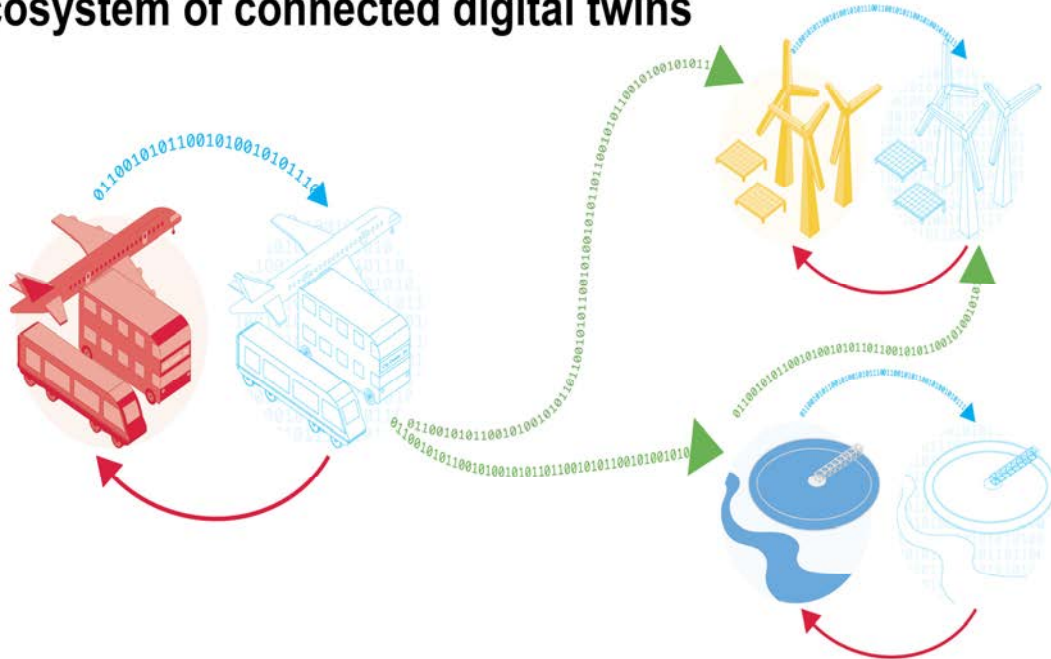
Connected digital twins



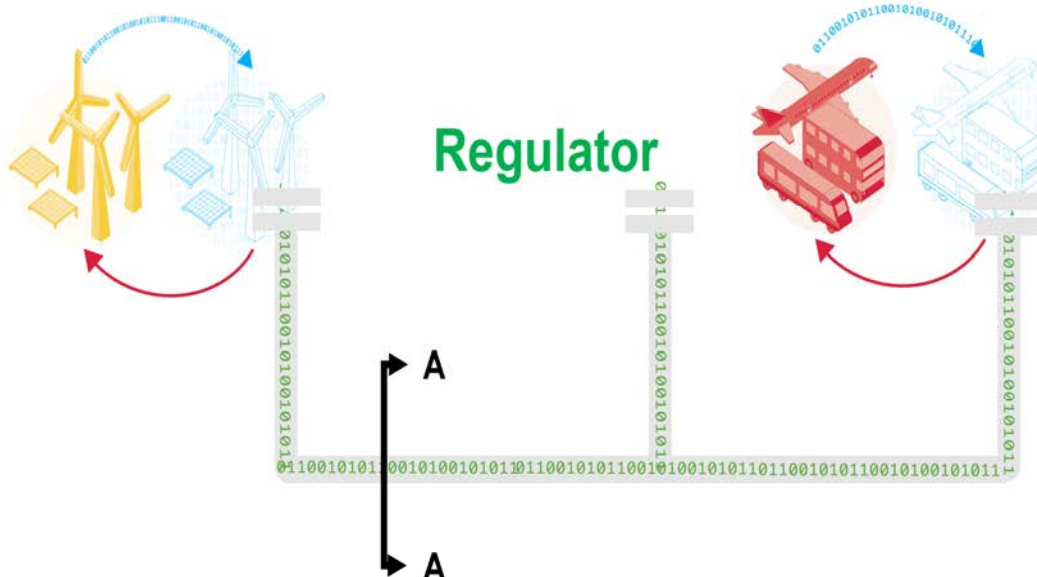
Ecosystem of connected digital twins



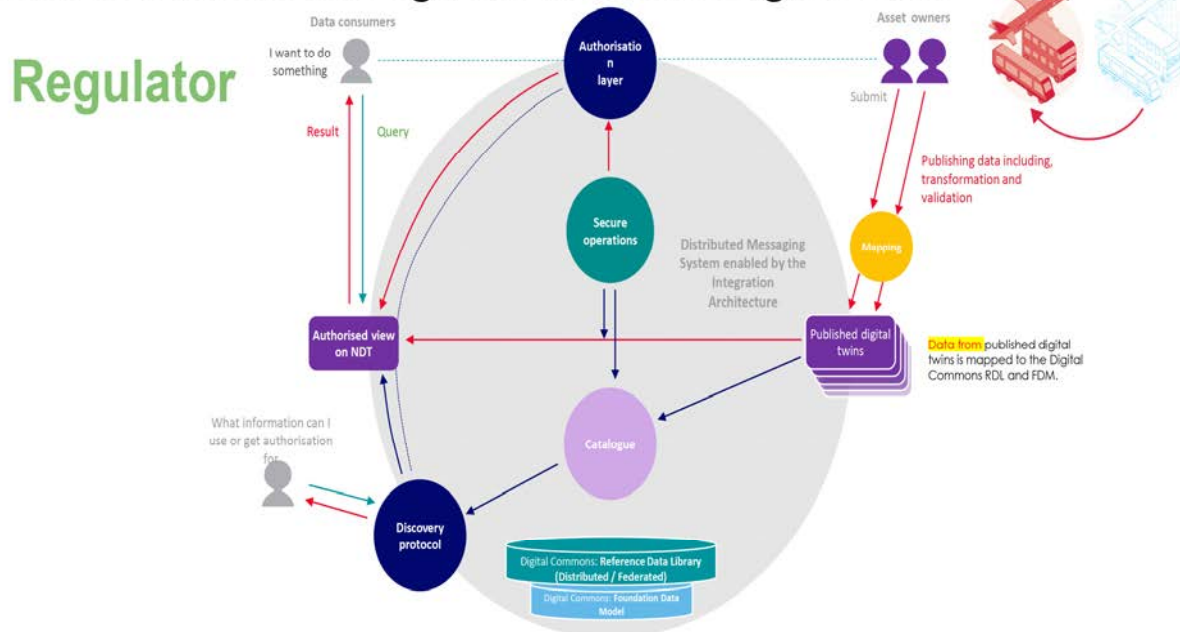
Ecosystem of connected digital twins



The NDT programme – a principled approach

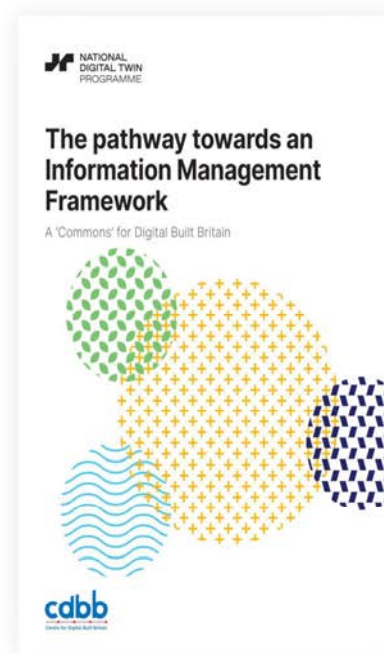


A cross-section through the National Digital Twin



The pathway towards an Information Management Framework

1. **Foundation Data Model** – a consistent, clear understanding of what constitutes the world of digital twins
2. **Reference Data Library** – the particular set of classes and the properties we will want to use to describe our digital twins
3. **Integration Architecture** – the protocols that will enable the managed sharing of data

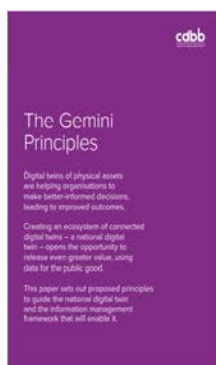


Benefits of the National Digital Twin

Better decisions equal better outcomes for people and society

1. Benefits to society: Improved stakeholder engagement. Better outcomes for the ultimate customers (the public – taxpayers/bill payers/fare payers/voters). Improved customer satisfaction and experience through higher-performing infrastructure and the services it provides.
2. Benefits to the economy: Improved national productivity from higher-performing and resilient infrastructure operating as a system. Improved measurement of outcomes. Better outcomes per whole-life pound. Improved information security and thereby personnel, physical and cyber security.
3. Benefits to business: New markets, new services, new business models, new entrants. Improved business efficiency from higher-performing infrastructure. Improved delivery efficiency, benefiting the whole construction value chain – investors, owners, asset managers, contractors, consultants, suppliers. Reduced uncertainty and better risk management.
4. Benefits to the environment: Less disruption and waste. More reuse and greater resource efficiency – a key enabler of the circular economy in the built environment.

Driven by values



Purpose:
Must have
clear purpose

Trust:
Must be
trustworthy

Function:
Must function
effectively

Public good
Must be used to
deliver genuine public
benefit in perpetuity

Security
Must enable security
and be secure itself

Federation
Must be based on a
standard connective
environment

Value creation
Must enable
value creation
and performance
improvement

Openness
Must be as open
as possible

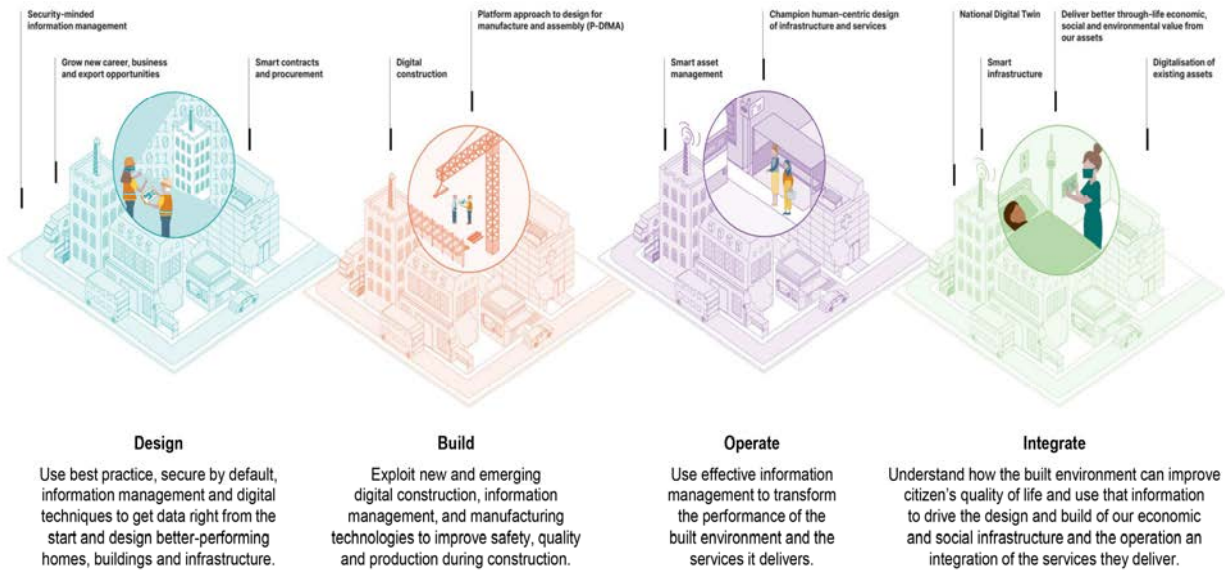
Curation
Must have clear
ownership, governance
and regulation

Insight
Must provide
determinable insight into
the built environment

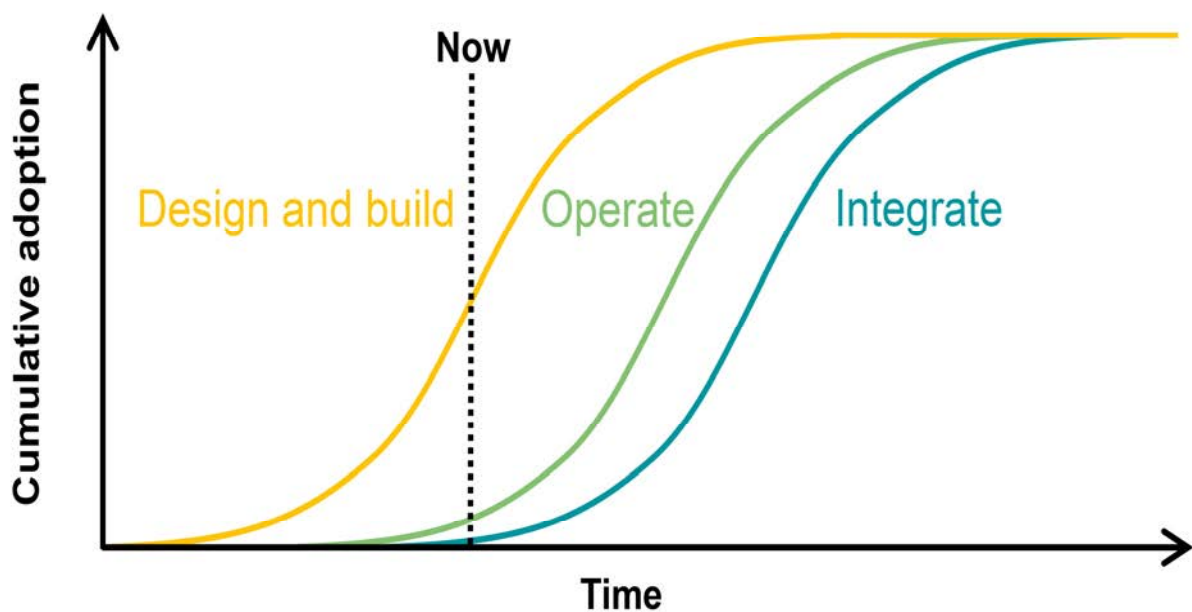
Quality
Must be built on data of
an appropriate quality

Evolution
Must be able to adapt
as technology and
society evolve

This is digital built Britain



Progress of adoption





NATIONAL DIGITAL TWIN PROGRAMME

Thank you

Build better connections:
digitaltwinhub.co.uk





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Smart GEO Expo 2021
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Opening Speech

Policy Directions of National Digital Twin in Korea [한국의 디지털트윈 정책방향]

Hyejung Sung Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements

2021 ICGIS International Conference on Geospatial Information Science

Policy Directions of National Digital Twin in Korea

Hyejung Sung

hjsung@krihs.re.kr



About KRIHS

KRIHS(Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements)

:: Think Tank of National Territorial Planning and Development in Korea

Research Division

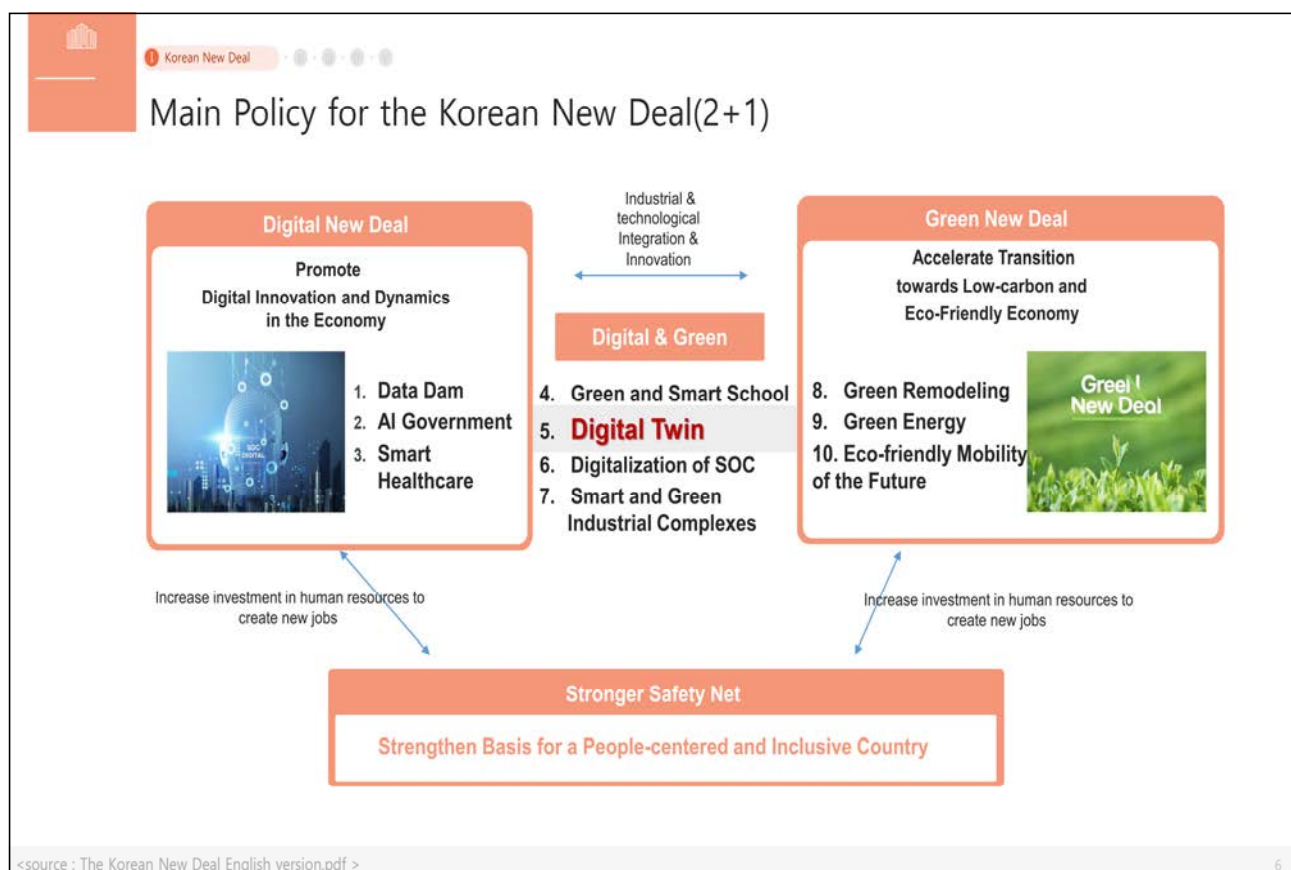
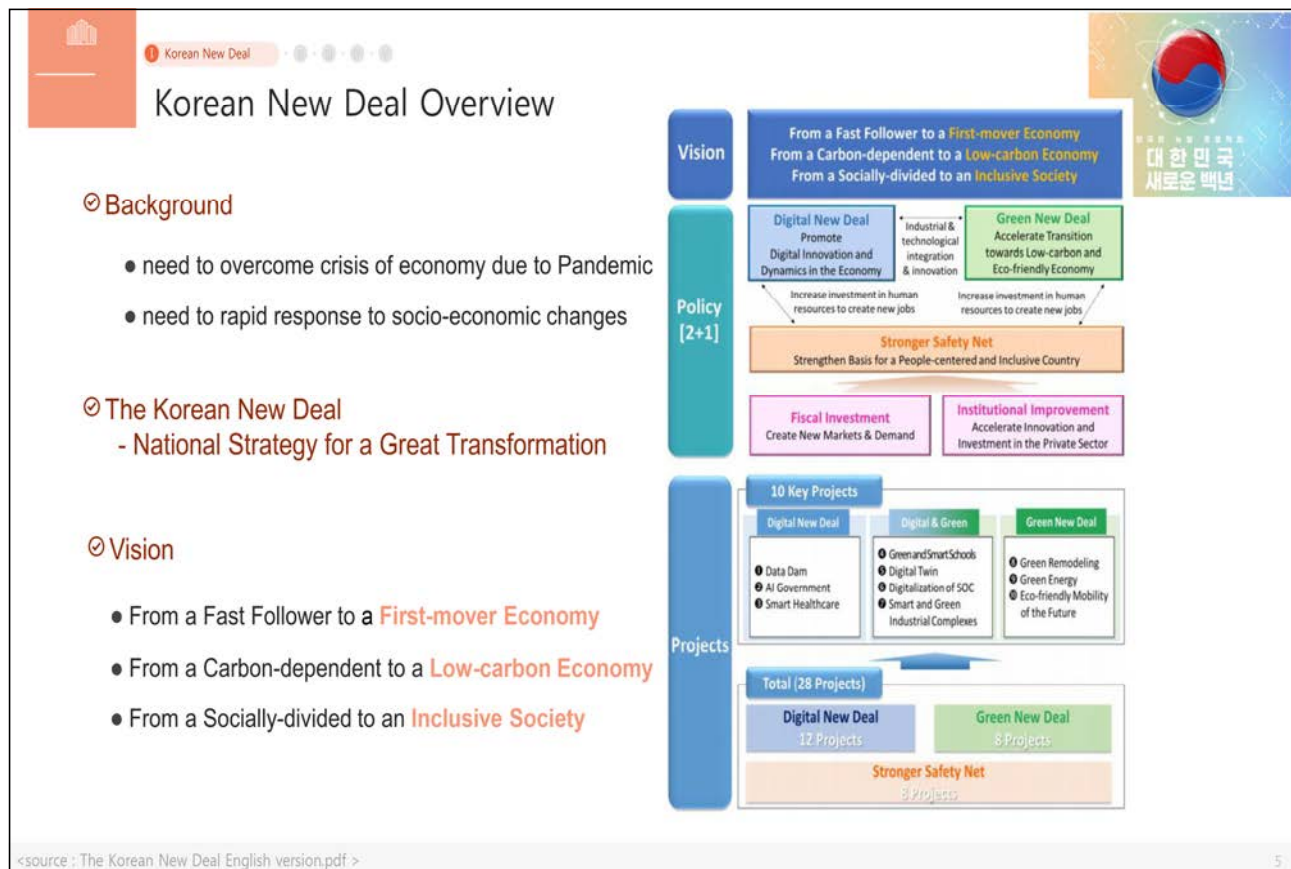
- National Territorial Planning & Regional Research
- Urban Research
- Housing & Land Research
- Infrastructure Research
- **Spatially enabled Society Research (Geospatial Information Research)**


National Spatial Data Infrastructure, Smart City, Digital Twin, Spatial Analysis

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IV	The barriers to Ecosystem of DT for Territory	19
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Korean New Deal & Digital Twin





Korean New Deal

Digital Twin Project in the Korean New Deal



Digital twin (a digital replica of an object that can be used for the analysis and prediction of the future through simulation) will be made for roads, underground spaces, harbors and dams to lay the foundation for new industries such as drones and self-driving vehicles, and to allow for the safe management of land and facilities.

Policy Target Timeline:

	2020	2022	2025
High-definition road mapping	For all national expressways	For all national roads	For local roads with more than 4 lanes
Management system on old underground utility-pipe conduit	on 10 km	on 30 km	on 130 km

Key Investments and System Reforms:

- Invest 0.5 trillion won from the treasury by 2022 and create 5,000 new jobs
- Invest 1.8 trillion won (including 1.5 trillion won from the treasury) by 2025 and create 16,000 new jobs

<source : The Korean New Deal English version.pdf >



Korean New Deal

Korean New Deal 2.0 (7. 2021. presented)

Change of
New Deal Frame

뉴딜 1.0



➔

뉴딜 2.0
: 3+1 체제



세부추진계획

Digital New Deal 2.0

Develop
Hyper-connected
new industry

초연결, 초지능, 초실감 시대를 선도할 ICT 융합 산업을 적극 육성

Metaverse

다양한 메타버스 콘텐츠제작 지원 및 "개방형 메타버스 플랫폼" 구축



Blockchain

대규모 블록체인 기술 융합·연계 프로젝트 추진



IoT

스스로 외부상황을 인식·처리하는 "지능형 IoT 서비스" 발굴



<source : 한국판뉴딜2.0발표자료.pdf >

Digital Twin in Korea

Digital Twin related projects in National Government

☑ National Digital Twin Space ISP(MOLIT)



<source : National Digital Twin Space ISP presentation material >

④ BIM Roadmap(MOLIT)

[illegible]

✔ Digital Live Territory(R&D)



<source : National Digital Twin Space ISP' presentation>

☑ Smart Construction(R&D)



Digital Twin City project by Local Government

Seoul Metropolitan city – Virtual Seoul (S-Map)

The diagram illustrates the layers of the S-Map Digital Twin City project:

- POI**: VR, 거리뷰, 전자적서울시청, 문화재, 드론영상 등
- 3D Geospatial Data**: 연도별 3D건물/시설물 모델
- 3D Indoor Data**: 공공건축물, 지하철, 지하상가 등
- Building & Land**: 부동산종합정보, 교통량/사고공사, 실시간 CCTV
- 2D Geospatial Data**: 연도별 정사영상/테이백 지도, 서울시 보유 행정 및 공간 데이터 (행정경계, 지하철정보, 도로영주소 등)
- Underground facility**: 전기, 가스, 상하수도 등 6대 지하시설물
- Terrain**: 수지표고모델(DEM), 수지표면모델(DSM)

The screenshot shows the S-Map interface with a 3D city model and various data layers.

서울시 도시건축센터 스마트회의실

<source : S-map, Now & Future – presentation material(Seoul Metropolitan city, 2021)>

S-Map, What can we do?

The diagram illustrates the applications of S-Map in two main areas:

municipal innovation (policy decision making support)

- Environmental Improvement (미세먼지, 열섬 등)
- Urban Development (개발심의 재생사업 등)
- Urban Security (화재 시설물 관리 등)
- use for administrative work

convenience of civic life

- Participation for policy
- cyber tourism
- data governance by civic
- Service for civic

The central part of the diagram shows the flow of data and information between the Real World and the Cyber World, facilitated by 3D cube city, connect by real-time, virtualization, Digitalizaion, and Data. The flow is supported by Spatial Analysis, Utilization models, and PPP.

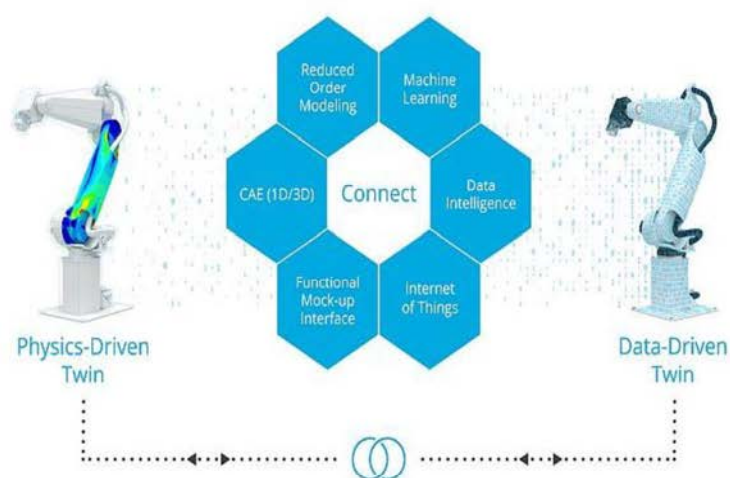
provide innovative administration

Participation and Communication

<source : S-map, Now & Future – presentation material(Seoul Metropolitan city, 2021)>

Concept of Digital Twin for Territory

Digital Twin Characteristics



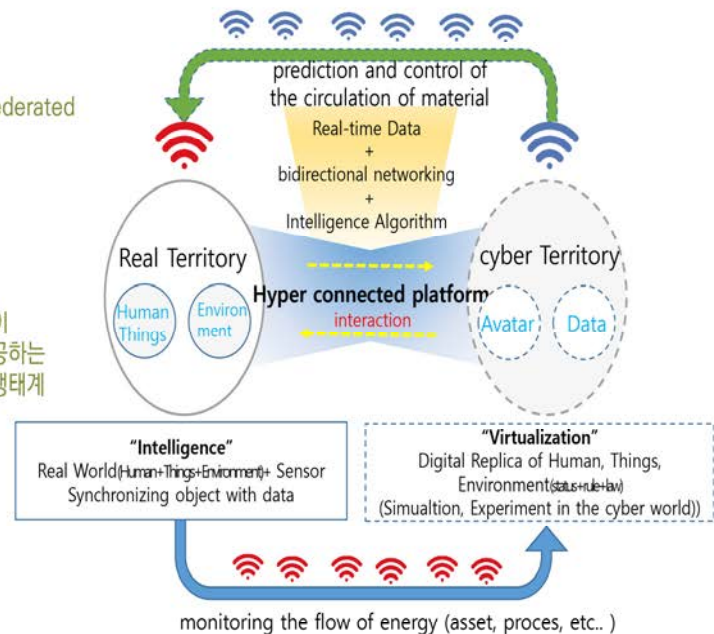
What is Digital Twin for Territory?

Ecosystem of Digital Twins for Territory

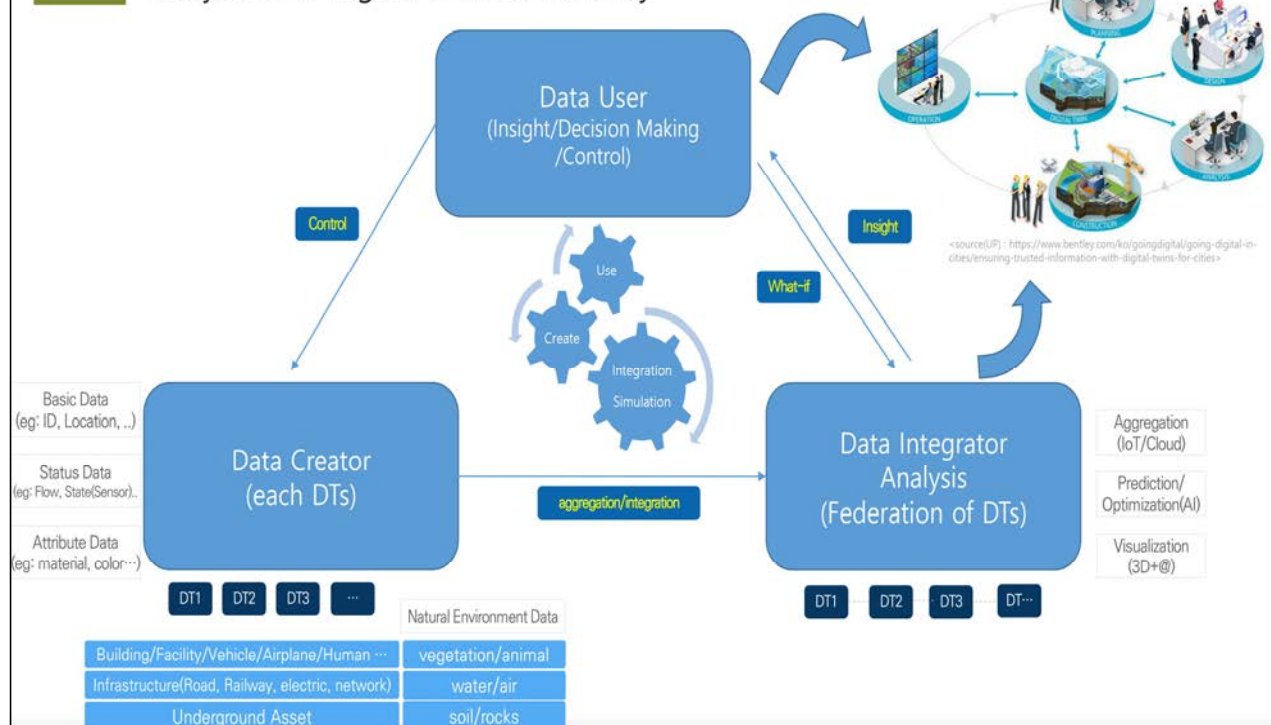
Intelligent Data Ecosystem of Digital Twins which are federated and interactive, providing insights by synchronizing and representing assets, activities and process on the hyperconnected platform.

디지털 트윈국토

국토의 인문 및 자연환경에 대한 자산, 활동, 과정(process) 등이 초연결된 플랫폼에 재현되고 현실과 동기화되어 인사이트를 제공하는 개별 디지털 트윈들이 연합하여 상호작용하는 지능화된 데이터생태계

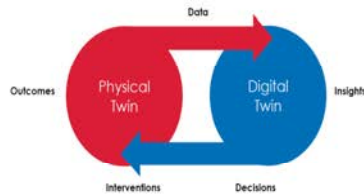


Ecosystem of Digital Twin for Territory

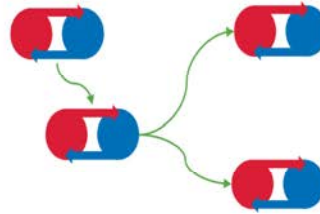


Ecosystem of Digital Twins(CDBB)

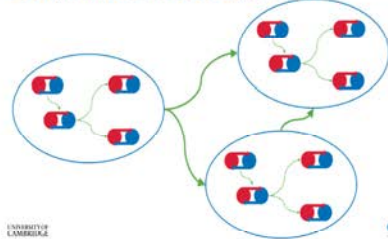
Digital twins



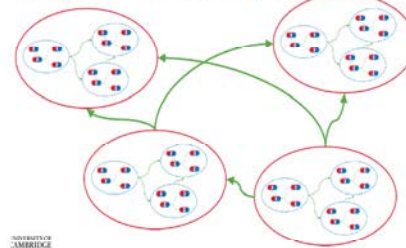
Connected digital twins



Ecosystem of connected digital twins



Ecosystem of connected digital twins



<source: The National Digital Twin, University of Cambridge & CDBB, 2018. >

17

Maturity of DigitalTwin for Territory

Maturity		Define	Description
1. Copy		Capture 2D/3D model generation	현실객체의 물리적 특성을 실감형 디지털 객체로 모사 디지털 트윈국토 데이터기반 조성 실감형 모델 확보
2. Monitoring		Connect with real object (eg: IoT, Sensors)	네트워크를 통해 현실객체와 디지털객체가 연결되고 모니터링이 가능
3. Optimization		Data Integration Analysis/Simulation/Optimization	연계할 타 분야/기관/기기들의 데이터를 통합하고 분석모델 및 시뮬레이션 모델들을 활용하여 사용자가 원하는 예측/최적화
4. Synchronization		Bidirectional(Real ↔ Digital) Data Integration And Interaction	현실 상태 제어 (디지털에서 물리적 제어)
5. Federation		Federated and interacting ecosystem of digital twins	디지털 트윈 간 연계 및 연함/최적화
6. Autonomous operation		Autonomous operation	초연결 융합플랫폼의 자율운영 및 지능형국토 완성

18

The Barriers of Ecosystem of Digital Twins for Territory

The Barriers to Ecosystem of Digital Twins for Territory

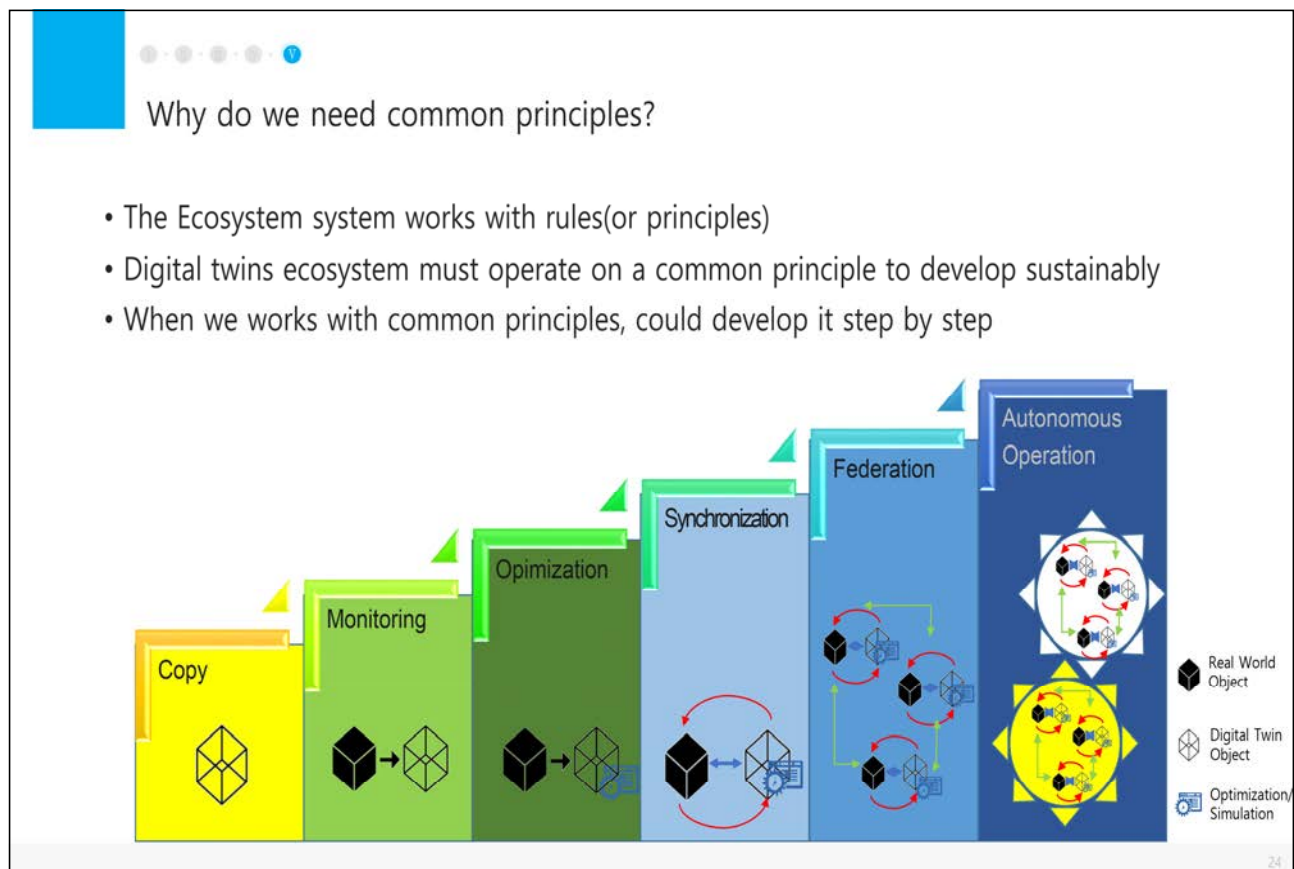
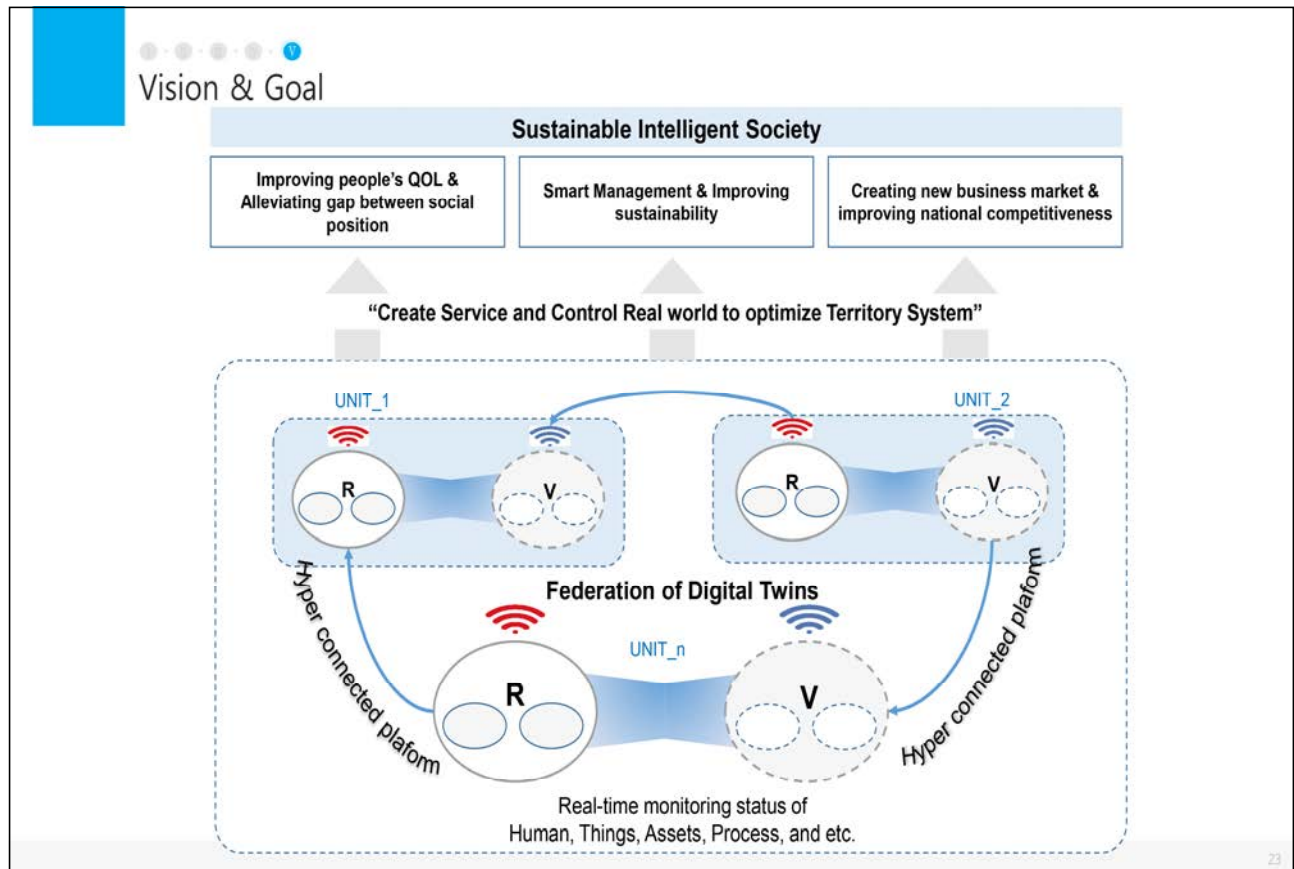
	Description	필요 사항	구축/활용에의 장애요소(예상)
User	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DT를 통해 의사결정, 제어 등을 수행 정책담당자, 시설 운영관리자, 민간사업자 등 DT 5단계 자율제어/자율화 단계에서는 기계가 의사결정 주체 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 공공성 제고 효율성, 안전, 성능개선, 최적화 등 목표 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 사용자 불분명 DT 구축 및 활용의 뚜렷한 목적 부재 정책 로드맵 혼선, 부처간 또는 부처간 협업부재 연합모델 미제시/ 높은 도입비용
Analysis Models	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DT 생성 데이터와 다른 데이터(또다른 DT 데이터 또는 환경데이터)와의 통합, 학습(AI) 등을 통해 인사이트 도출 시각화, 가시화 지원 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 데이터 수집(클라우드 컴퓨팅) 데이터 학습 및 예측, 최적화 등 분석(AI, ML) 시각화, 가시화(3D 모델링/VR/AR) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 데이터 통합을 위한 표준 및 이행체계 부재 다양한 분석/시뮬레이션 모델 개발 필요(와산 소프트웨어 위주) 시각화/가시화 기술 개발 필요(와산 소프트웨어 위주)
Network	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 실제객체와 트윈객체와의 동기화 DT간의 연계 또는 연합 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IoT를 활용한 실제객체-트윈 동기화 5G/LoRa 등 다양한 네트워크 기술 활용 	
Data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DT에서 생성되는 데이터(상태, 특성, 프로세스...) DT 표현 데이터(3D 공간정보) 데이터 소유권과 관리(품질) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 센서 기반 기술 3D 공간정보 생산/경신 기술 메타데이터 및 소유권 보호 기술 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 기존 데이터 간 연계 안됨(표준 미이행) 생산/연계위한 표준 부재 데이터 소유권에 대한 개념 미정립(생산주체 미정) 공간정보의 실시간 경신 기술적/제도적 한계
Standard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 연합/연계 상호운용성을 위한 표준 Semantic Rule(계획 및 운영 기반): 예) 법제도, 지침 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 시맨틱 기반의 정보관리체계 데이터 모델을 위한 표준, 데이터 관리 및 통합을 위한 표준, 데이터 보안과 프라이버시 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 생산/연계/연합 위한 표준 부재 시맨틱 기술 개발 필요
Security Privacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 네트워크, 개별 DT의 중요 개인정보 보호 데이터 소유권과 책임 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 블록체인 기반 데이터 생산-연계-활용 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 보안에 대한 인식 부족 보안기술 및 인력 부족

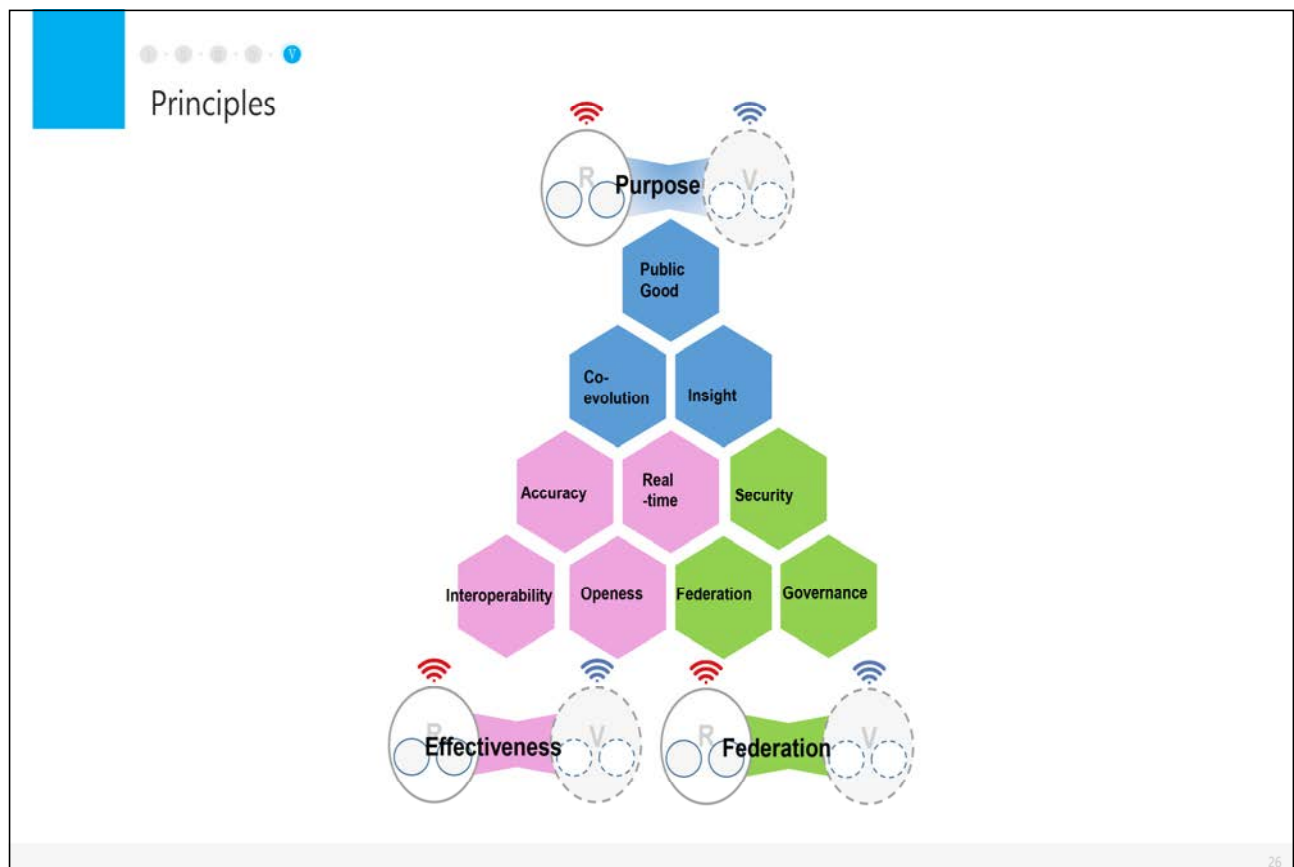
Barriers from Interview

Definition	Goal & Purpose	Governance	Data Integration
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> definition of Digital Twin is not clear need more basic research 디지털 트윈 추진 주체 외에도 데이터 제공자들의 이해와 공감 필요 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 만능상자처럼 기획 difficult to define usecase and purpose 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Between Department of Government : MOLIT-MSIT Between 부서간 협력 : 지자체에서 데이터 제공과 연계에 대해 각 부서간 협력 필요 분야간 협력 : 공간정보 뿐 아니라 IoT, Cloud, AI 등 다양한 분야 협력 필요 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 개별 디지털 트윈 추진사업자는 향후 연계에 대해 고려하지 않음 데이터 제공자에 대한 소유권과 책임 불분명 데이터 품질관리 주체와 방법 불분명 표준화 없이 개별적 구축(예: 서울시)
Interoperability	Technological Level	Education & Training	Security/Privacy
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 전문가들은 상호운용성을 매우 중요한 요소로 선정 그러나 디지털 트윈 추진 주체나 데이터 제공자들은 이에 대한 인식 부족 연합/연계 상호운용성을 위한 표준 필요 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 디지털 트윈과 관련한 기술업체의 역량이 높지 않은 편 외산제품(하드웨어/소프트웨어 등) 의존도가 매우 높음 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 디지털 트윈 시각화, 데이터 분석, 시뮬레이션 등 관련 인력 부족 3D 인력의 게임회사 이동으로 인력수급 어려움 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 전문가들은 보안을 매우 중요 요소로 인식 보안에 대해 중요성은 알지만 우선순위에 미흡 보안 솔루션도 외산 업체의 공격적 마케팅 네트워크, 개별 디지털트윈 데이터의 중요 개인정보 보호 원칙 필요

21

Vision & Principles





Thank you very much.

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Smart GEO Expo 2021
2021 스마트지리정보엑스포

Sharpening urban infrastructure decisions with artificial intelligence

[AI를 이용한 도시 인프라 구축 전략]

Hoon Han Univ. of New South Wales



Sharpening urban infrastructure decisions with artificial intelligence

HOON HAN

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ASSOC. DIRECTOR- CITY FUTURES RESEARCH CENTRE
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2021 International Conference on GIS, Seoul, South Korea
22 July 2021

CITYFUTURES



Value Australia: What is value of Australia?

■ Stock Market/Labor Market/Cryptocurrency Market

■ **SPACE MARKET = NATIONAL ASSET**


Improve space value by high-quality, sustained, accessible infrastructure



There are **60** major stock exchanges in the world with a total value of **\$69 trillion**

The **\$1 Trillion Club** 35 exchanges, each with a total market capitalization over \$1T, can be considered to be in the exclusive "\$1 Trillion Club"






STRUCTURE

PART 1
AI for City Planning

PART 2
Transport Infrastructure
decision

PART 3
Building Infrastructure
decision

PART 4
Land use decision






How to use AI for scenario planning

Sharpening our land and property decisions with artificial Intelligence

Value Australia will create scalable, efficient, secure and accurate tools that can respond to a variety of land and property types and uses across Australia, with **export market potential**.

The **automated valuations** will tackle industry identified shortcomings including:

- sub-optimal and inconsistent urban and regional planning,
- forgone tax revenues,
- disputed valuations,
- inconsistent lending and insurance risk decisions (as highlighted in the Royal Commission into Misconduct in the Banking, Superannuation and Financial Services Industry), and
- the inability to easily **capture land value uplift** to fund infrastructure.











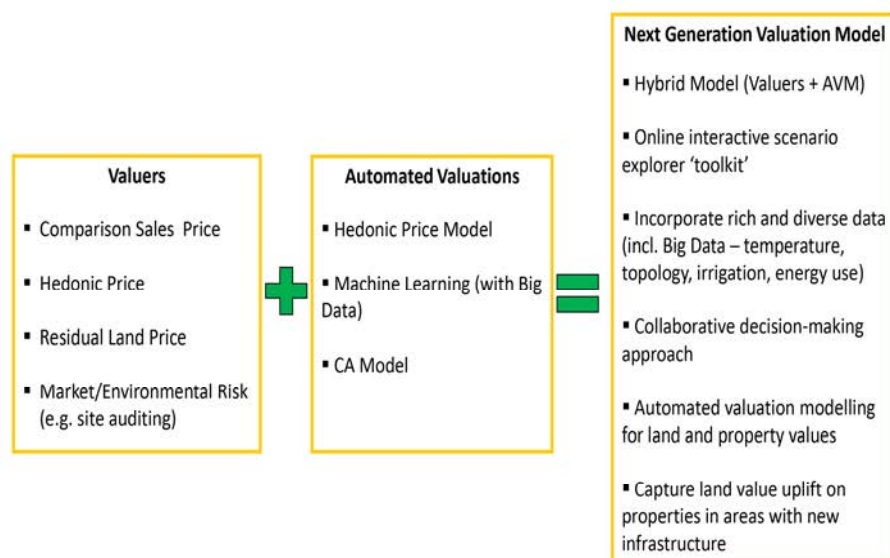
AI for Scenario Planning





- Is a digital toolkit comprising a set of
- frameworks and methods to support
- collaborative city planning and user centred
- design.










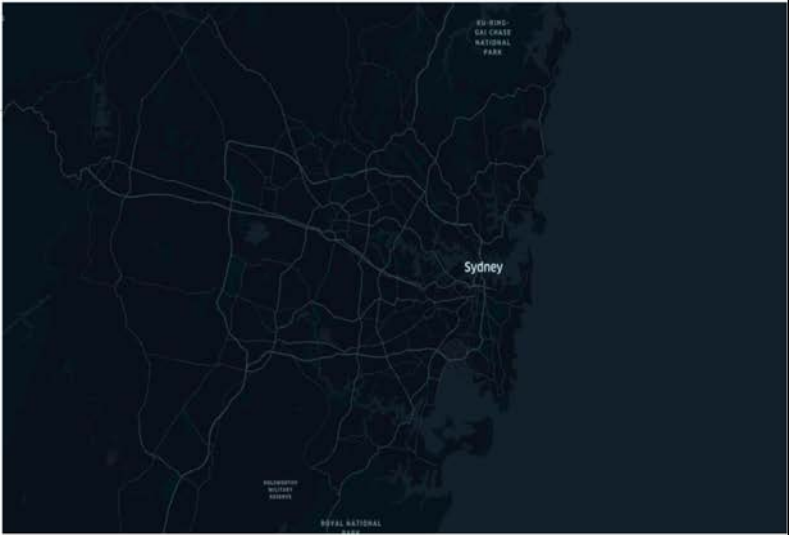
cityFUTURES

Our approach..






Sharpening our land and property decisions with Artificial Intelligence



Part 2: Transport Infrastructure Decision

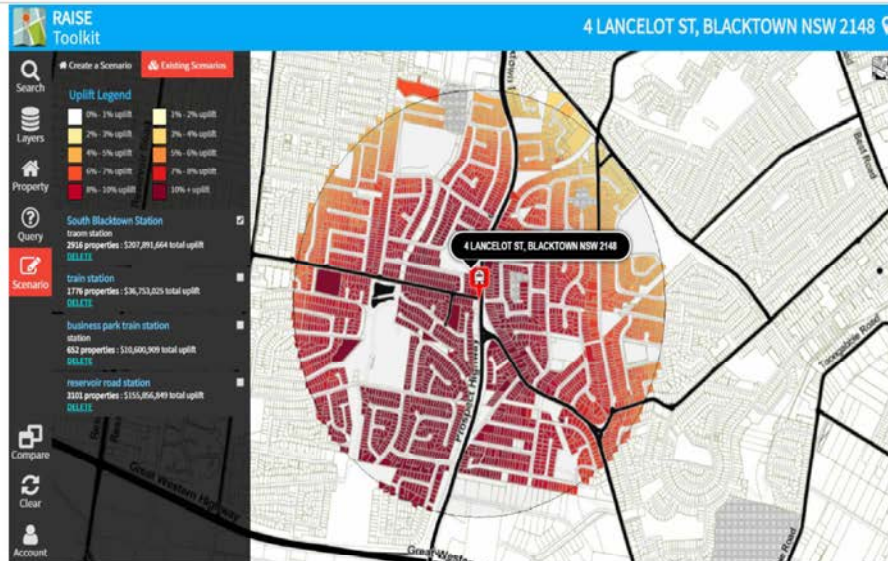
- Property Valuation OLS/GWR Model (Domain Property Sales Data)
- Vacant Residential Land OLS/GWR Model
- Land Valuation OLS Model (VG Assessed Value)
- Cellular Automata (CA) model (Office floorspace use)
- Convolutional neural network (CNN) model (Machine Learning)



RAISE Interface Screenshots



Visualising value uplift with hypothetical train station

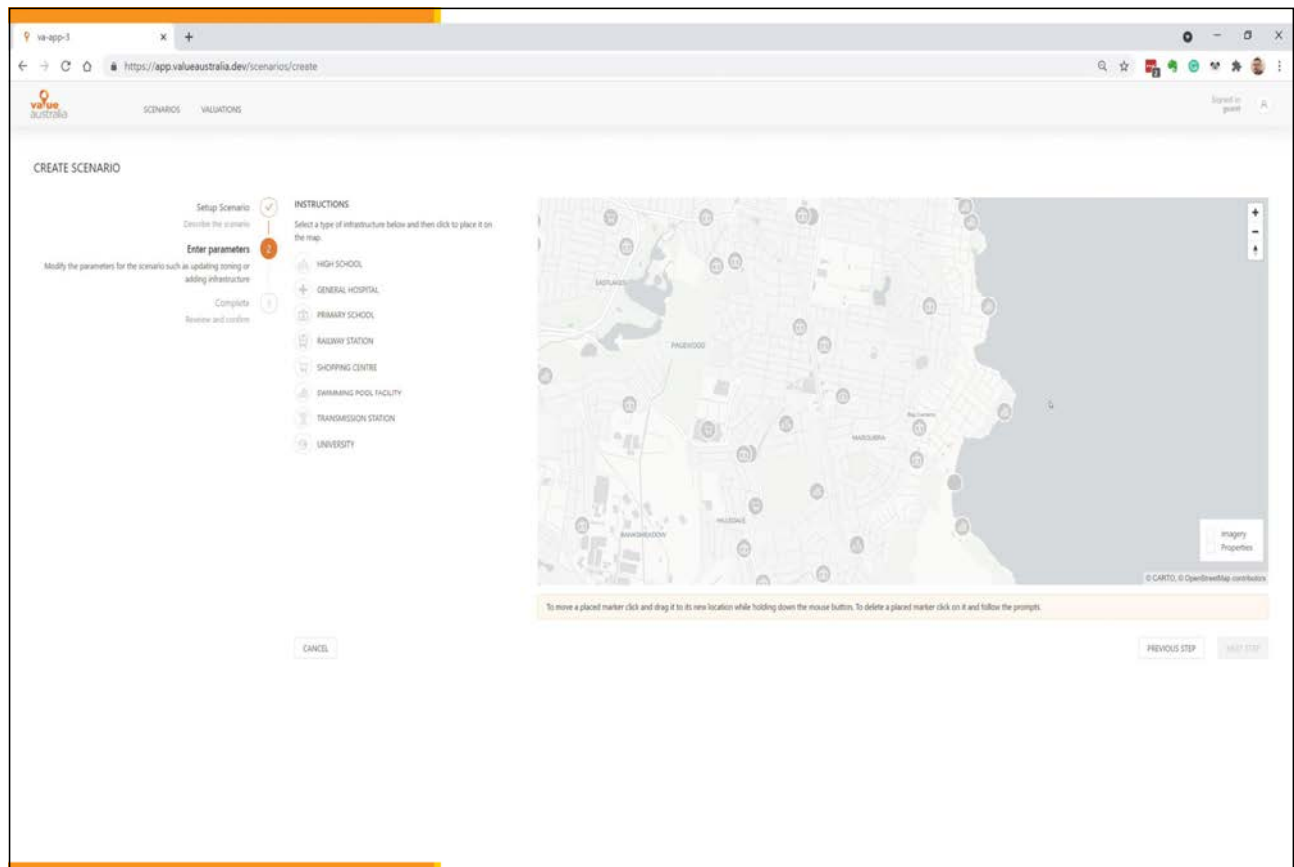
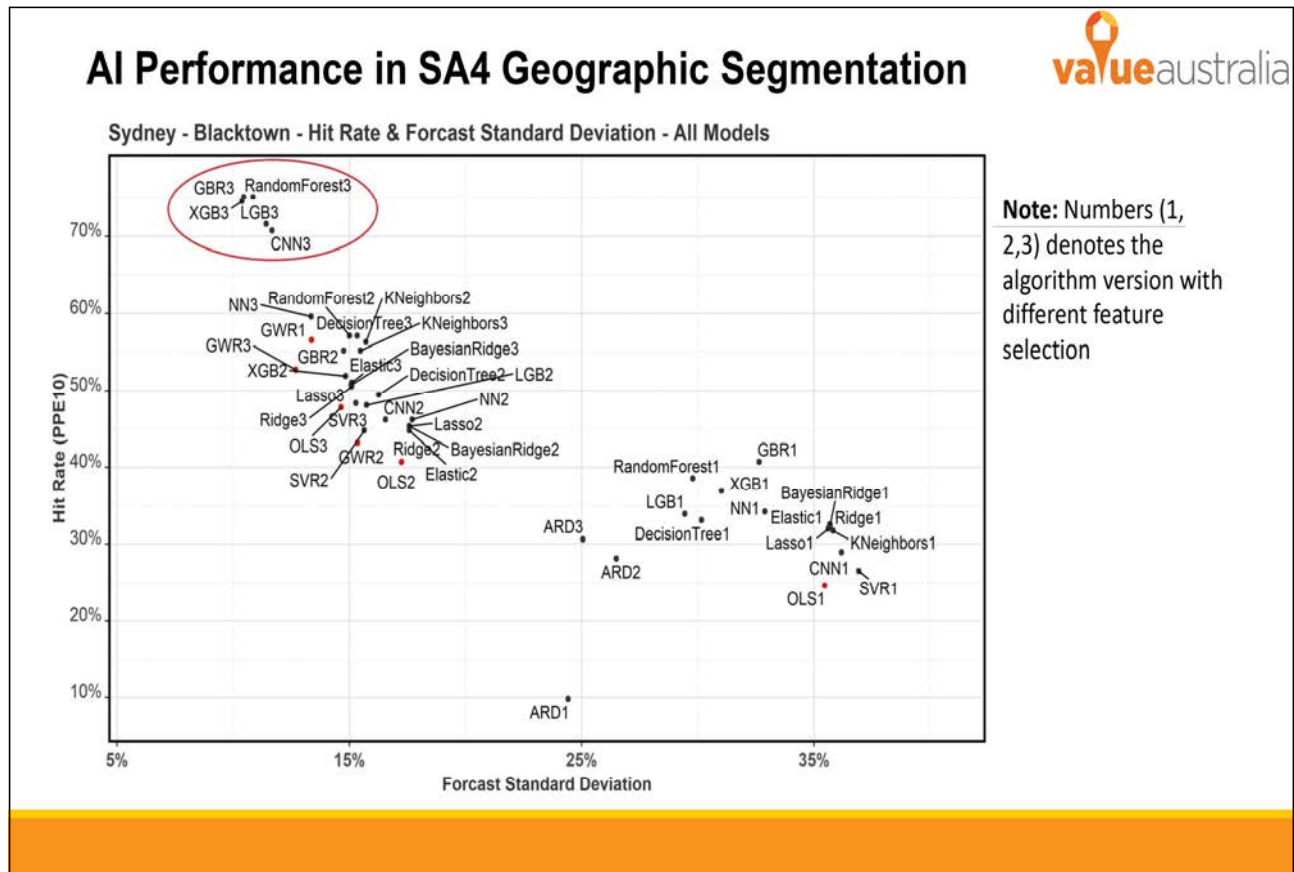


RAISE Interface Screenshots



Visualising value uplift with multiple scenarios





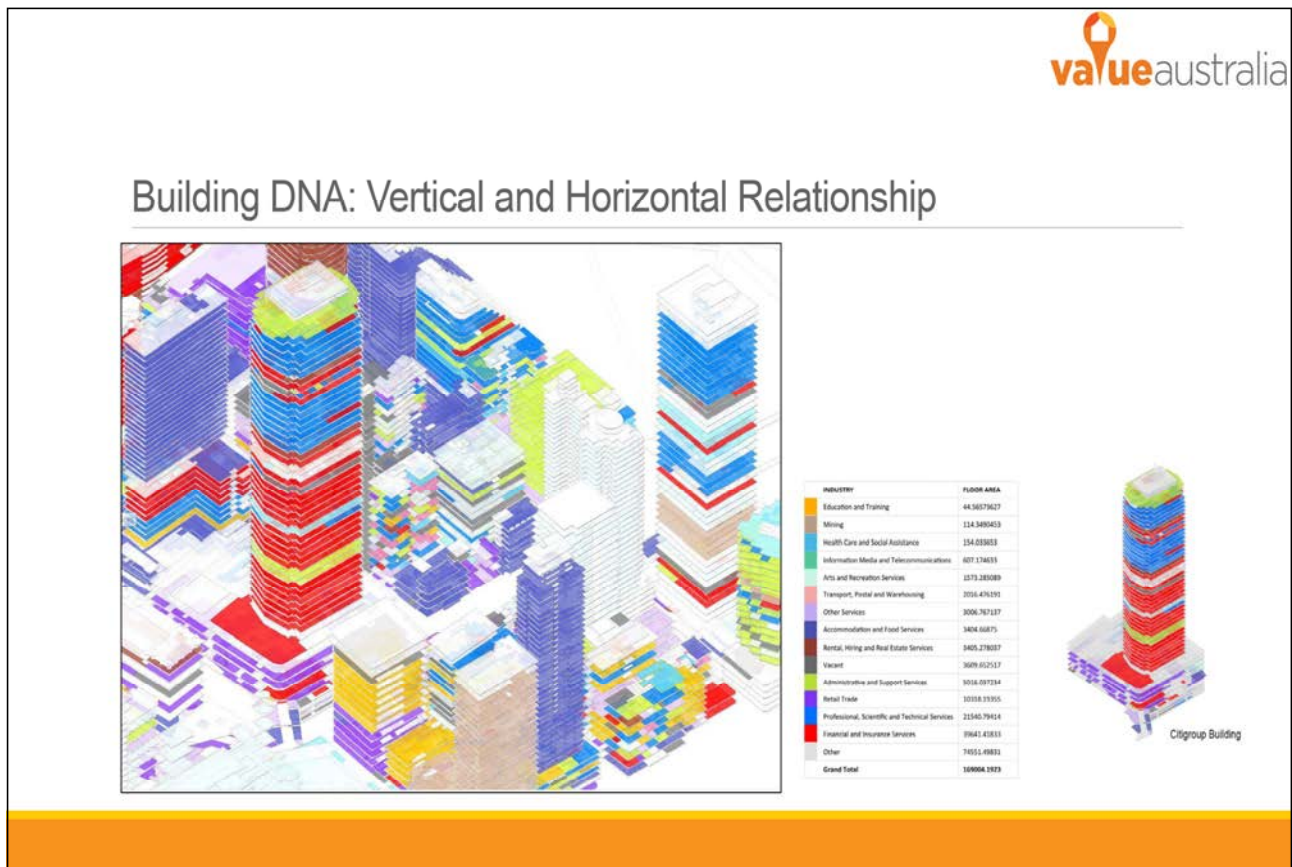
Part 3: Building Infrastructure Decision

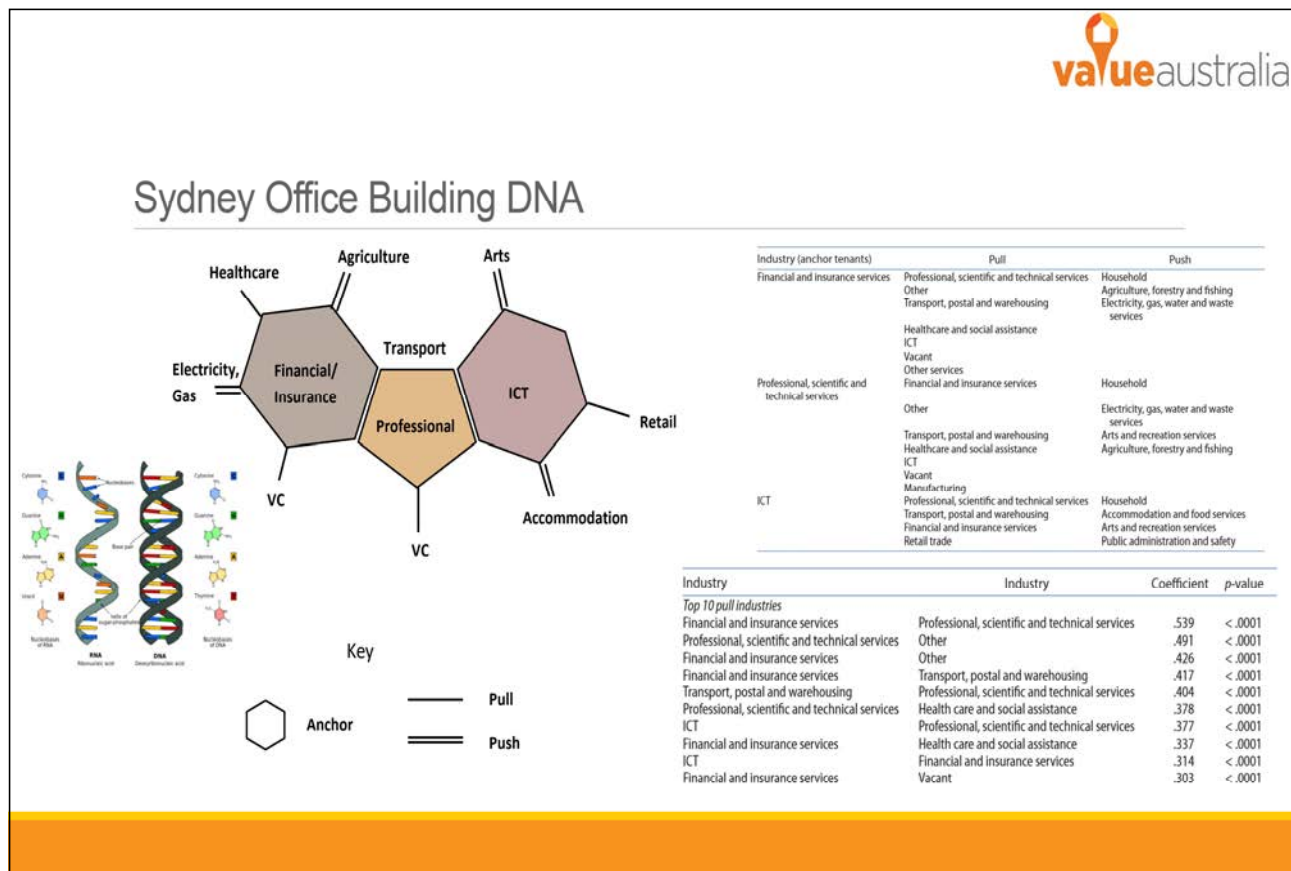


- Increasing office vacancies due to COVID
- Increasing co-working places (e.g. hot-desk)
- Decreasing retail sector
- Increasing work-at-home
- Vertical office space use (e.g. 3D); seamlessly changing over time
- Push-and-pull patterns (e.g. coaching school, law firm, motel)

Office vacancies amid COVID







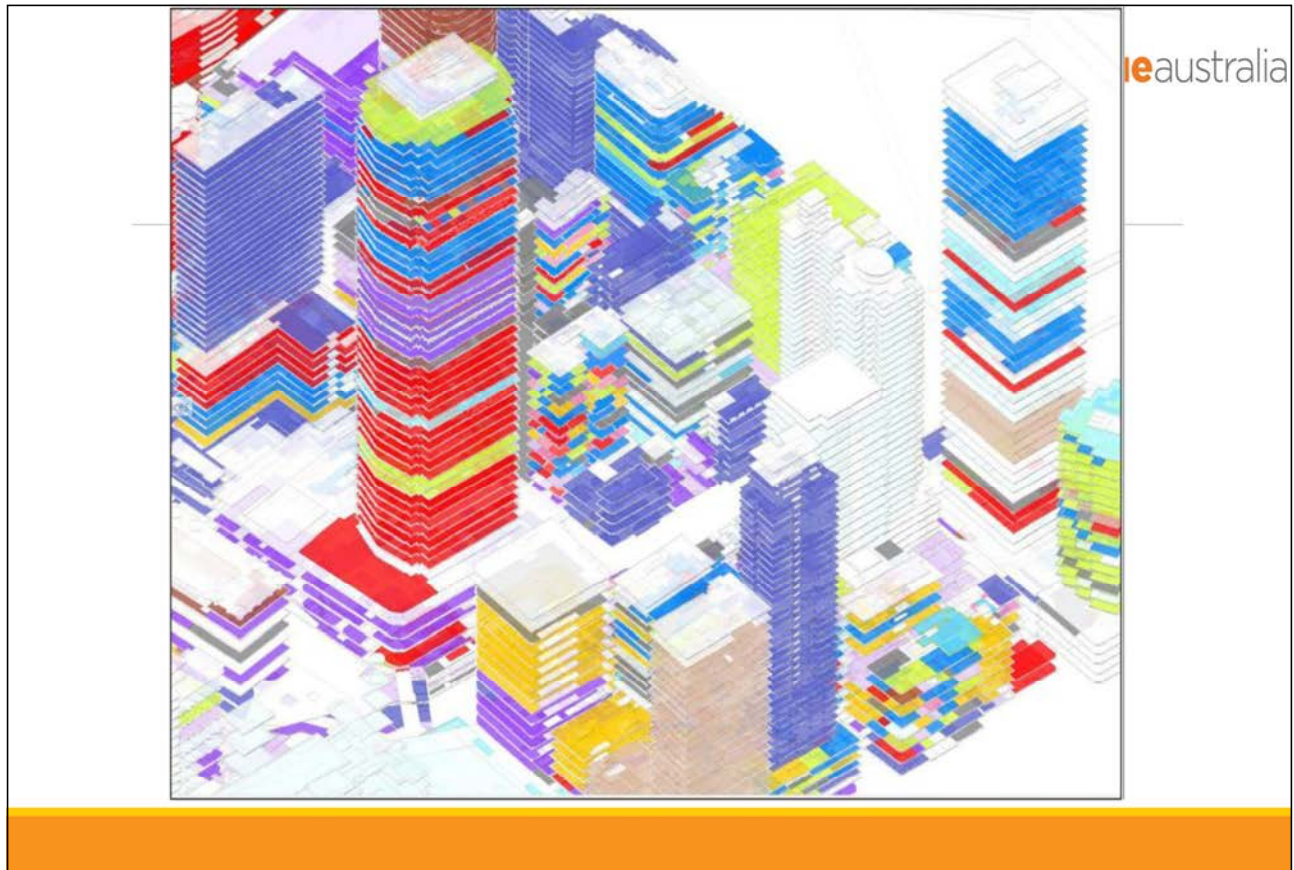
Machine Learning and CA Model

commercial properties – tenancy mix strategy

other features integration (e.g. topology, building materials)

value uplift and scenario exploration (e.g. build-to-rent)

building features (e.g., air quality, temperature, carbon etc) & productivity and wellbeing



Part 4: Land Use Decision (computational urban design)

- Highest Best Use (Floorspace Ratio and Building Height)
- Minimising Traffic Congestion
- Maximising Rental Yield
- Balancing Land Use Mix (Residential + Retail + Office)

Computational Design: The land use responds to highest and best use



URBAN AI



Computational Design: The mix-use of the residential and commercial can be easily altered



URBAN AI






Collaborative Approach



Collaboration means the parties are working together to develop products and services that will deliver **benefits for all parties** involved in the collaborative effort

Partners to **share investments and risks**, as well as the benefits and outcomes

Maximising the overall benefits to the collaborators as a whole, rather than just maximising individual interests.





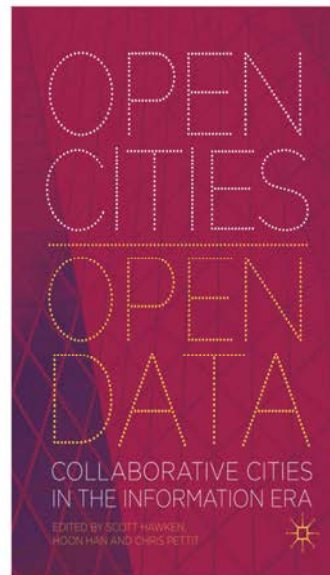
City Futures Research Centre – Partners



Recent publications

- Book**
Yigitcanlar, T., Han, H., Kamruzzaman, L. (2020). *Approaches, Advances and Applications in Sustainable Development of Smart Cities*. MDPI
- Hawken, S., Han, H., Pettit, C. eds (2019) *Open Data Open Cities: Collaborative Cities in the Information Era*. Palgrave Macmillan
- Book Chapters**
Hawken, S., Han, H., Pettit, C. (2019) *Introduction: Open Data and the Generation of Urban Value*. Hawken, S., Han, H., Pettit, P. (Ed.) *Open City Open Data: Collaborative Cities in the Information Era*. Palgrave Macmillan
- Leem, Y., Han, H. and Lee, S. (2019) *Seizing Smart City: On the Road to Be a City of the Future*. Geertman, S., Zhan, Q., Allan, A. and Pettit, P. (Ed.) *Computational Urban Planning and Management for Smart Cities*. Springer
- Lieske, S., Van den Nouweland, R., Han, H. and Pettit, C. (2018) *Modelling value uplift on future transport infrastructure: In Real Estate and GIS*. 80-98. Routledge
- Praharaj, Han, JH and Hawken, S. (2018) *Evolving a Locally Appropriate Indicator System for Benchmarking Sustainable Smart Cities in India*. In *Sustainable Development Research in the Asia-Pacific Region*, 253-274. Springer
- Journals**
Pettit, C., Shi, Y., Han, H., Rittenbruch, M., Forth, M., Lieske, S., van de Nouweland, R., Mitchell, P., Leao, S., Christensen, B. (2021) *A new toolkit for land value analysis and scenario planning*. *Environment and Planning B: Urban Analytics and City Science* [SSCI]
- Wadley, DA, Han, JH, Elliott, PG (2020) *Infrastructure Planning in Queensland, Australia: Risk Appraisal of High Voltage Overhead Transmission Lines by Property Developers and Homeowners*. *Planning Practice & Research*, 1-18
- Lieske, S., Han, H., van den Nouweland, R., Pettit, C. (2019) *A novel hedonic price modelling approach for estimating the impact of transportation infrastructure on property prices*. *Urban Studies* [SSCI]
- Yigitcanlar, T., Han, H., Kamruzzaman, L., Loppolo, G., Marques, J. (2019) *The making of smart cities: Are 'Smartly Made', Amsterdam, San Francisco and Brisbane the best we could do?* *Land Use Policy* 88, 104-187 [SSCI]
- Wadley, DA, Han, JH, Elliott, PG (2019) *Risk hidden in plain sight: Explaining homeowner perceptions of electricity transmission infrastructure*. *Energy Policy* 132:744-753 [SSCI]
- Han, H., Lee, S. and Leem, Y. (2019) *Modelling Interaction Decisions in Smart Cities: Why Do We Interact with Smart Media Channels?* *Energies* 12(14), 2840 [SSCI]
- Praharaj, S. and Han, JH (2019) *Building a typology of the 100 smart cities in India*. *Smart and Sustainable Built Environment* 8(5), 400-414 [Scopus]
- Wadley, D., Han, JH, Elliott, P. (2019) *Regarding High Voltage Overhead Transmission Lines (HVOTLs): Perceptual Differences among Homeowners, Valuers and Real Estate Agents in Australia*. *Property Management* 37 (2), 178-196 [Scopus]
- Han, J. H., Kim, S., Kim, J. and Lee, S. (2018) *A review of data-driven housing regulations for low-income households*. *International Journal of Knowledge Based Development* 9 (4), 343-360 [Scopus]
- Han, H. and Hawken, S. (2018) *Introduction: Innovation and identity in next-generation smart cities*. *City, Culture and Society* 12, 1-4 [Scopus]
- Praharaj, S., Han, JH and Hawken, S. (2018) *Towards The Right Model Of Smart City Governance in India*. *International Journal of Sustainable Development and Planning* 13 (2), 171-186

NEW BOOK 2020



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Smart construction with BIM and geospatial information

[BIM과 공간정보를 이용한 스마트 건설]

Troy Rigby Trimble Asia-Pacific




Presented By:
Troy Rigby
Asia Pacific Director of Sales


Smart Construction with BIM and Geospatial Information

The Impact Of Digitalization On The Civil
Construction Industry


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Trimble Snapshot




Company


 NASDAQ:
TRMB


 **US\$3.14B**
In Revenue


 **34%+**
Building & Infrastructure




Innovation


 **1,200**
Patents


 **360** Construction Workflow
& Technology Patents


 **14%**
R&D re-invested




People

 **11,000+** Employees
in 35 Countries

 **800+** Construction
Professionals

 Global Customers
in **150** countries



Core Business Franchises

Our core industries are global trillion \$ industries which operate in demanding environments, with technology adoption in the early phases



Agriculture



Buildings



Civil Engineering
and Construction



Geospatial



Transportation
and Logistics

Trimble

Construction is a factory Making customised products



Construction Industry Challenges

Unique & Complex



Unstable Workforce

"In Canada, about 25% of workers whose construction jobs are terminated find their next job in sectors outside construction."



Smart Construction with BIM and geospatial information

"Global listed E&C companies have a weighted average total shareholder return of only 5% and are consistently outperformed by most S&P 500 companies."



Over-preference for Lowest Bid

"The launch of a 17km (11 mile) highway segment in Germany was delayed by six months, as one bidder raised objections to the tendering process – the lowest bid had not been chosen."

Source: World Economic Forum; The Boston Consulting Group



Construction Industry Challenges

Unique & Complex



Stakeholders with diverse goals

"Three different project owners are involved in the construction of the Berlin airport. Delays of 10 years and cost overruns of about €5 billion are expected."



Highly Fragmented Industry

"The United States has 710,000 E&C companies; only 2% of them have more than 100 workers and 80% have just 10 workers or fewer."



Conservative Clients

"A minor problem with an innovative rapid-hardening concrete during a night shift almost brought a public road project to a halt, as the project owner lost faith in the new material."

Source: World Economic Forum; The Boston Consulting Group



Construction Industry Challenges

Despite having huge demand and scope, the construction industry has always performed inadequately. It represents 13% of the global GDP but has experienced a productivity growth of only one percent per year for the last 20 years.

Research by McKinsey



Construction Industry Challenges

Productivity in the highway, street and bridge construction sector has actually reduced between 2007 and 2019.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labour Statistics, Office of Productivity & Technology



Impact of Digitization

\$0.7-1.2 trillion

Potential annual global cost savings over a period of 10 years through the adoption of full-scale digitalization in non - residential construction projects.
- 'World Economic Forum', 'Shaping the future of Construction'



From concept to design, to build and maintain. Digital technology gives customers true visibility and real-time control of their projects.

Between Stakeholders

- Owner**
Capital Program Management
- General Contractor**
Project Management And Controls
- Self Perform Contractor**
Production Schedule, Work Order Management and As-built QA

In the Office



In the Field



The Right Data to the Right Person at the Right Time



Impact of Digitalization



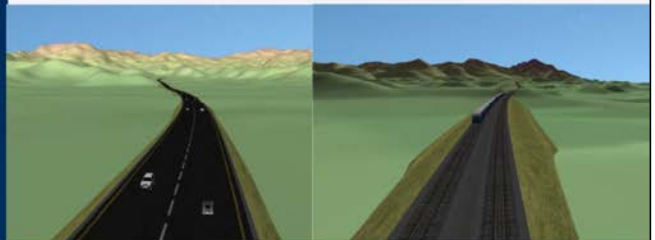
Continuous Operation, Rain Hail
or Shine



Impact of Digitalization



3D Visualization of Alignment
Options



Impact of Digitalization



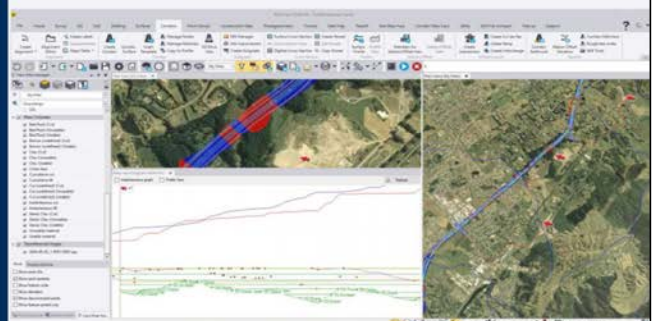
Continuous Operation, easily
picking up from last operator.



Impact of Digitalization



Estimate & Plan Earthworks
With Confidence



Impact of Digitalization

Increased capabilities of workforce in shorter time.

Impact of Digitalization

Reduced Waste

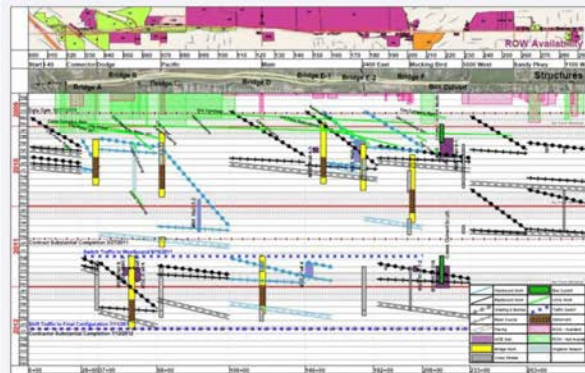
Less than one-third of construction and demolition waste is currently recovered

Much discarded material could be recovered – for purposes of

Category	Percentage	Material	Potential Use	
Recycled or reused	20-30%	-	-	
Discarded (70-80%)	Composition of discarded waste	Lumber	40%	Wooden flooring material
		Asphalt products	14%	Road-building materials
		Soil/fines	11%	Gravel, erosion control
		Concrete/rock/brick	11%	Gravel, erosion control
		Gypsum board	10%	Fertilizer additive
		Other	14%	Reuse after treatment

Impact of Digitalization


Better Harmonization of
Scheduled Tasks



Impact of Digitalization


Improved Work Coordination
and Collaboration





Impact of Digitalization



Alignment Cost At A Glance



Alignment	Length	Cost
Alignment 1	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 2	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 3	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 4	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 5	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 6	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 7	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 8	0.000	17,000.000
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Alignment 95	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 96	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 97	0.000	17,000.000
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Alignment 99	0.000	17,000.000
Alignment 100	0.000	17,000.000

Impact of Digitalization

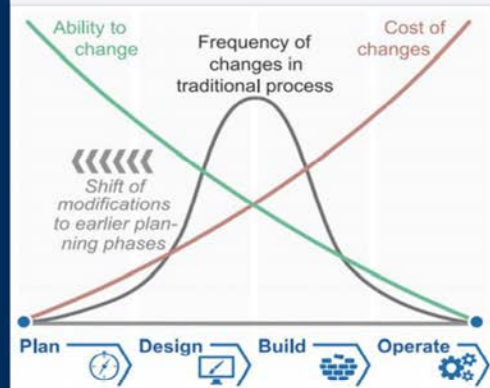


Just-in-Time pull of Resources



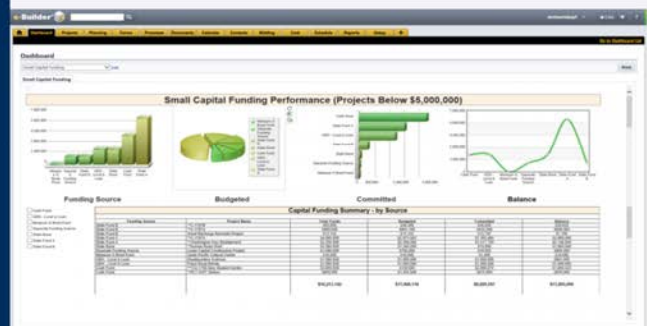
Impact of Digitalization


Front-loaded Design
Review/Changes



Impact of Digitalization


Better Alignment of Resources
and Data.

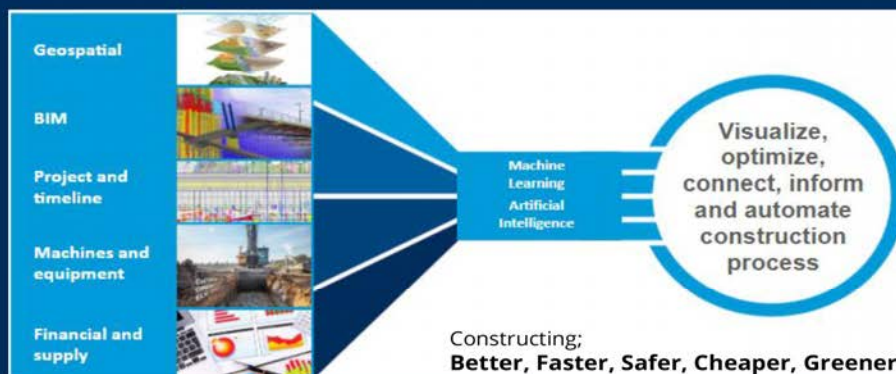


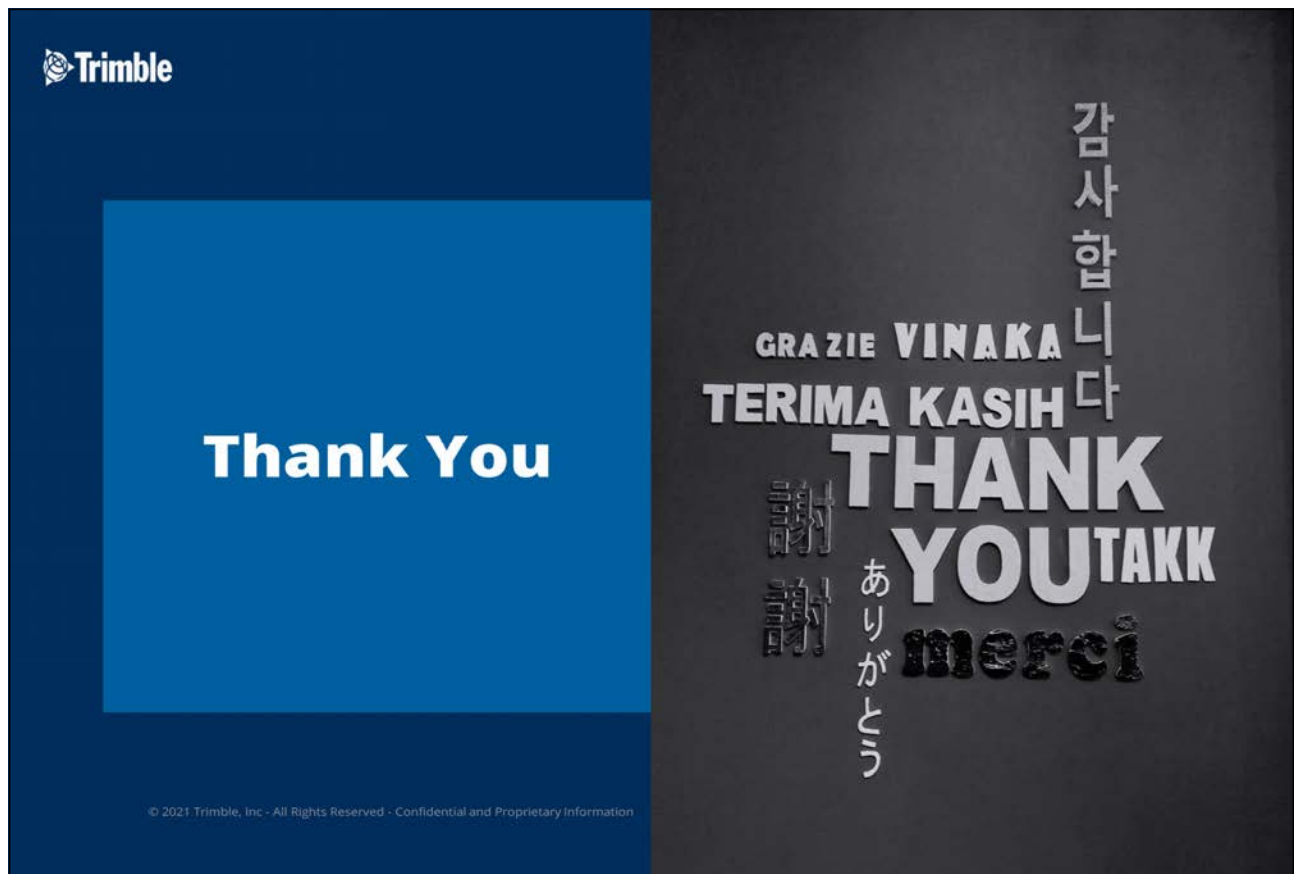
Impact of Digitalization

The Process towards
Digitalization is a Journey



**Together we need to move the industry
From Traditional Construction
To Data Driven Construction, enabling Highly Automated
Processes**





2021 ICGIS

International Conference
on Geospatial Information Science



Smart GEO Expo 2021
2021 스마트지리정보엑스포

Autonomous train with AI and 3D Geospatial Data

[인공지능과 3차원 공간정보 기반 자율주행 기차]

Gunho Sohn York Univ.

2021 ICGIS (International Conference on GIS) – July 22nd, 2021, COEX Convention and Exhibition Centre,
South Korea

AUTONOMOUS TRAIN WITH AI AND 3D GEOSPATIAL DATA

Dr. Gunho Sohn (gsohn@yorku.ca)

Associate Professor
Department of Earth and Space Science and Engineering
Lassonde School of Engineering, York University

*Some slides of this presentation courtesy of Thales Canada (David Beach)



creative

passionate

rational

confident

ingenious

Lean and Green Future Cities



Reduce infrastructure



Maintain highest safety standards



Improve service



Reduce lifecycle costs



1.34 million
passengers a
day!

AUTONOMOUS TRAIN



The first AT in London

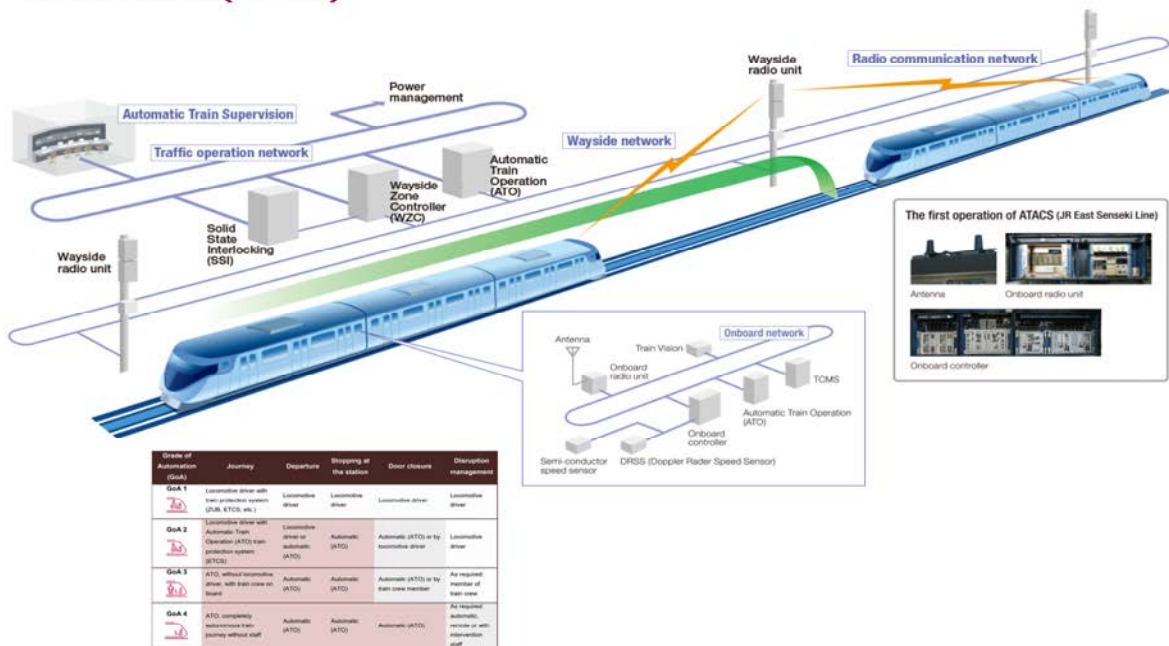


actual first AT, Thomas



Sky-Train in Vancouver

AUTOMATIC TRAIN: COMMUNICATION-BASED TRAIN CONTROL (CBTC)



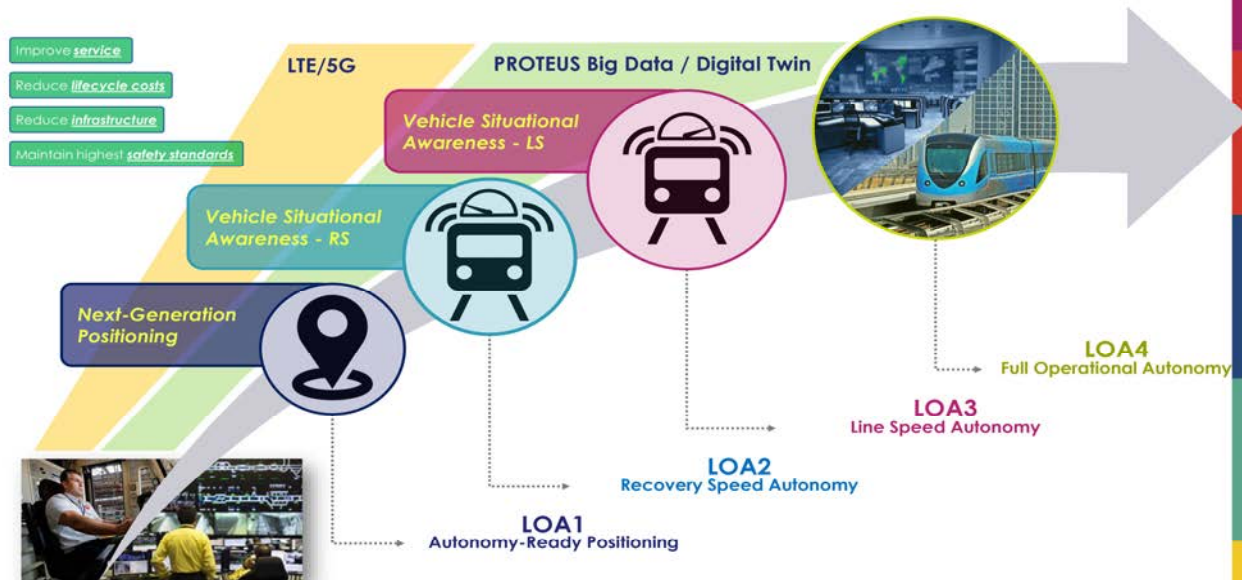
[1] 1474.1-1999 - IEEE Standard for Communications-Based Train Control (CBTC) Performance and Functional Requirements.

[2] Train Operation Systems | products and Solutions | transportation Systems | mitsubishi Electric

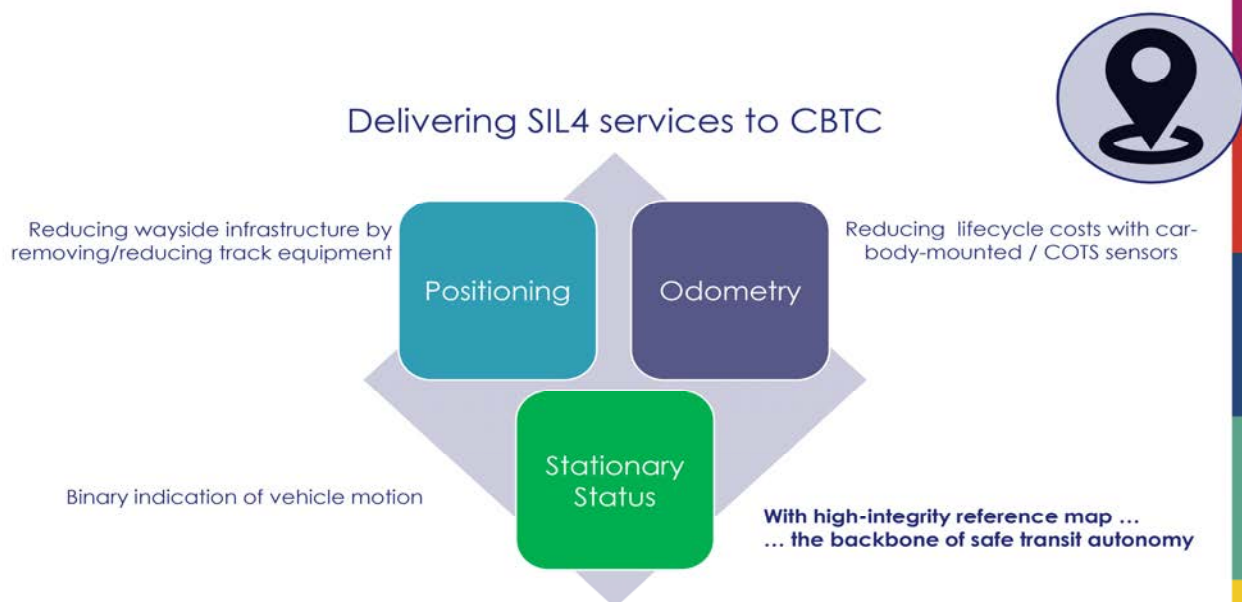
<http://www.mitsubishielectric.com/bu/transportation/products/operation/>

[3] Smartrail40

EVOLUTION OF TRANSIT AUTONOMY



NEXT-GENERATION POSITIONING



THE AUTONOMOUS SENSING EVOLUTION

Automated trains are safer and more reliable than traditional trains, making it possible to increase the network's global capacity; Autonomous Trains will be the next upgrade.

Patrice Caine, Thales CEP



- Automated (GoA4) trains:**
- Repeat set movements under centralized control
 - Rely on wayside infrastructure
 - Are 'blind'
 - **NEVER** proceed beyond allowed movement limit
 - Require human operator to recover service



- Autonomous (LoRA1) trains:**
- Have situational awareness and can perceive their surroundings
 - Rely less (or not at all) on wayside infrastructure
 - Make human-like decisions
 - May proceed at low speed beyond allowed movement limit to recover service

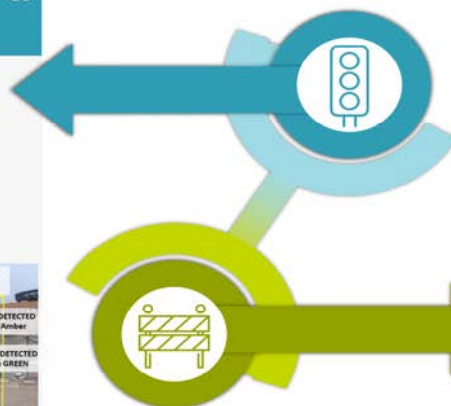
Level of Rail Autonomy

- ① Autonomous Vehicle Recovery
- ② Protection of People and Property
- ③ Full Autonomous Train Control
- ④ Autonomous Line Operation

VEHICLE SITUATIONAL AWARENESS

DETECT SIGNALS, SIGNALS & SIGNAL ASPECT

- Detect signals & signs
- Classify signal aspect and signage type
- Distinguish relevant signals and signs
- Track objects

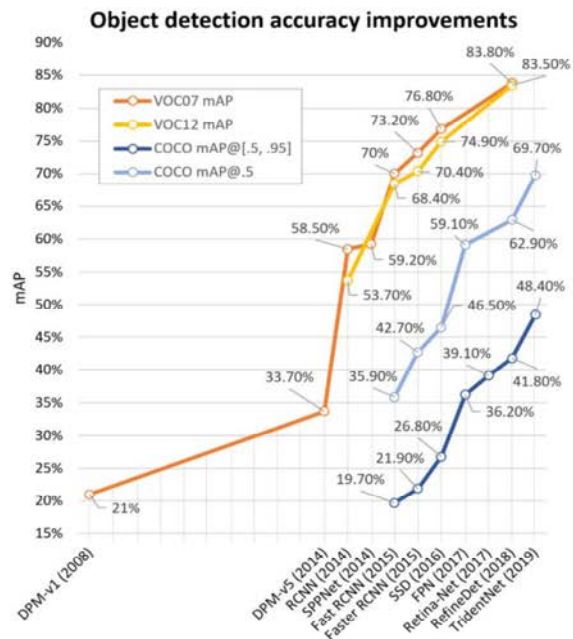
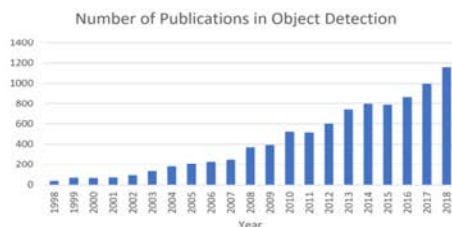
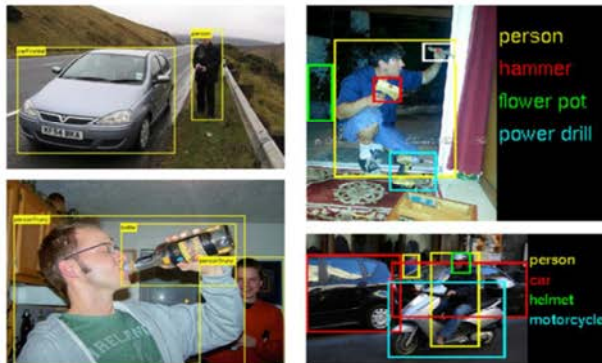


- Detect obstacles in time to brake
- Measure range and speed
- Resolve branching paths
- Track obstacles

DETECT OBSTACLES

Autonomy depends on AI ... but it needs to be safe

DEEP LEARNING FOR VISUAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



Zou, Z., Z. Shi, Y. Guo, and J. Ye. "Object detection in 20 years: A survey. arXiv 2019." arXiv preprint arXiv:1905.05055.
Krizhevsky, Alex; Sutskever, Ilya; Hinton, Geoffrey E. "ImageNet classification with deep convolutional neural networks"

WHAT DOES "SAFE" MEAN?



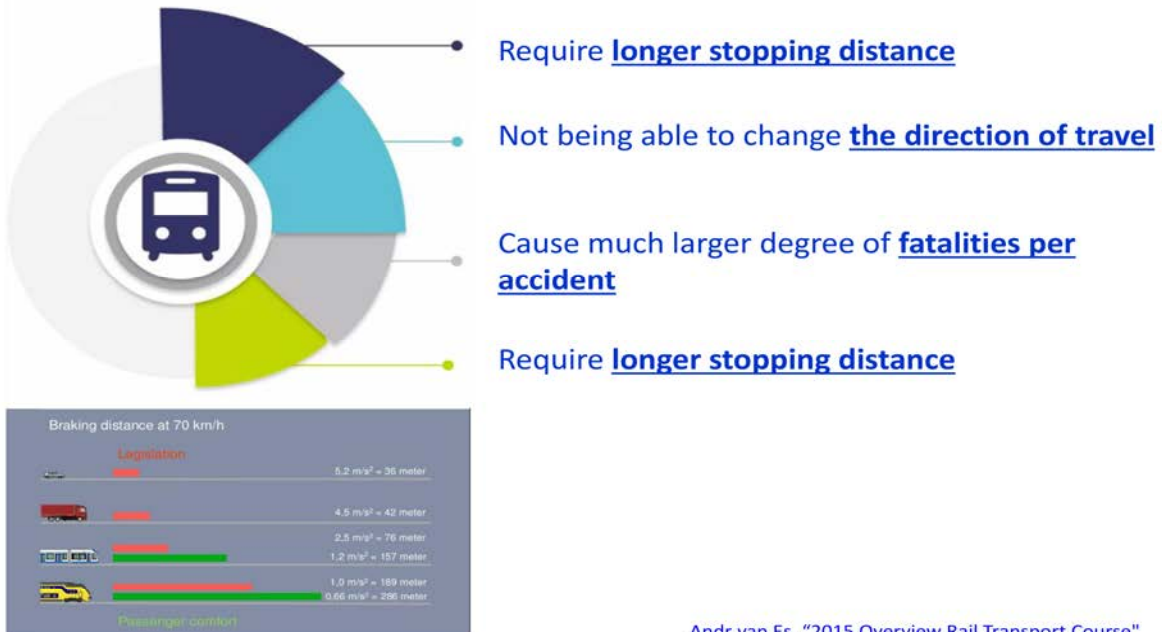
Dictated and quantified by Safety Integrity Levels, with corresponding probability of hazardous failure per hour of operation



Current state of the art neural networks can outperform humans, but the "integrity gap" to Safety Integrity Level 4 (SIL4) is immense!

AUTONOMOUS TRANSIT VS. AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES

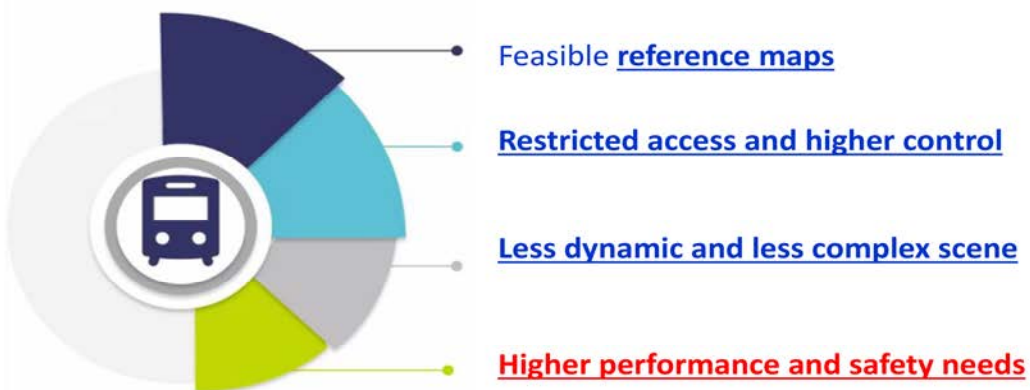
Autonomous transit has unique challenges



Andr van Es, "2015 Overview Rail Transport Course"

AUTONOMOUS TRANSIT VS. AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES

Autonomous transit is much more constrained



Autonomous transit has unique challenges, but it will be realized before fully-autonomous cars

KEY CHALLENGES FOR AUTONOMOUS TRANSIT



ONTRAC: ONTARIO TRAIN AUTONOMY COLLABORATION



Safe and robust Obstacle Detection, Classification and Tracking

- Supports all use cases for Autonomous Vehicle Recovery
- Suitable for all expected operational conditions
- Integrated on existing Autonomy Computing Platform
- Multi-sensor data-fusion approach, utilizing both AI and classical algorithms

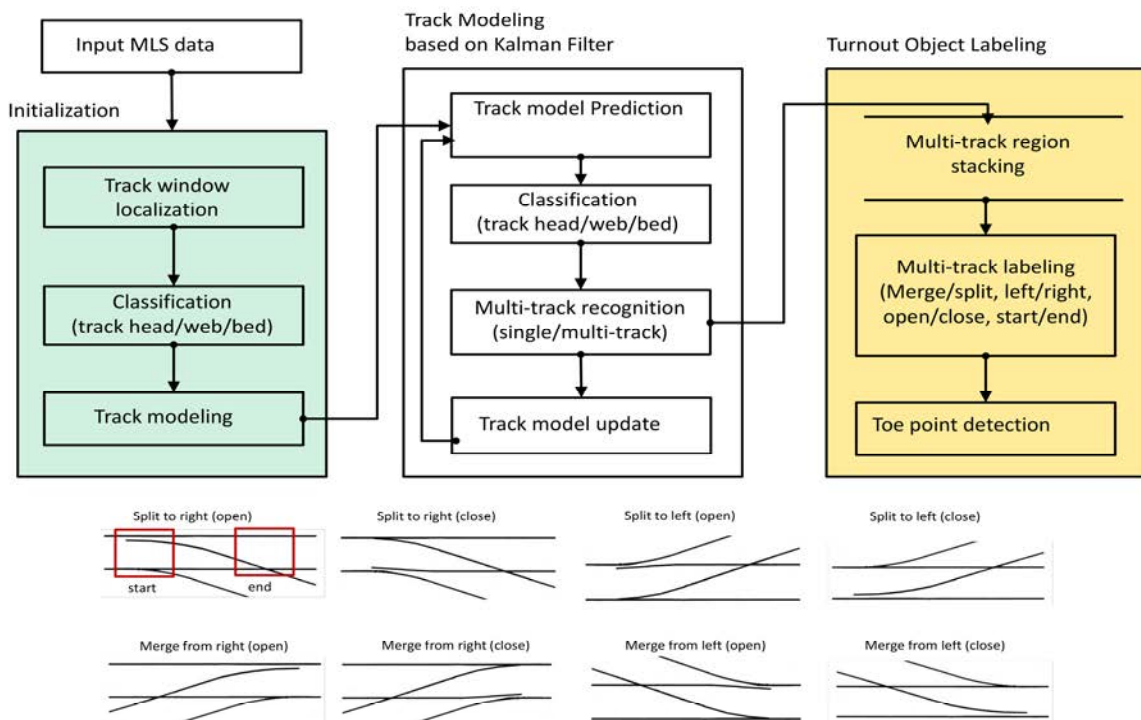
- To develop and demonstrate a prototype system of a high-performance **“Obstacle Detection, Classification and Tracking (ODCT) Solution”**
- To support the **Autonomous Vehicle Recovery capability of Level 1 (LoRA1) trains**
- Collaborating with **Thales Canada** and **Lumibird** supported by the **Autonomous Vehicle Innovation Network (AVIN)** (Stream 2) and **OCI TalentEdge Program**
- **York University** is leading to develop deep learning computer vision systems for object detection and path extraction using cameras and LiDAR point clouds.

YDHR TEST SITE FOR AUTONOMOUS TRAIN

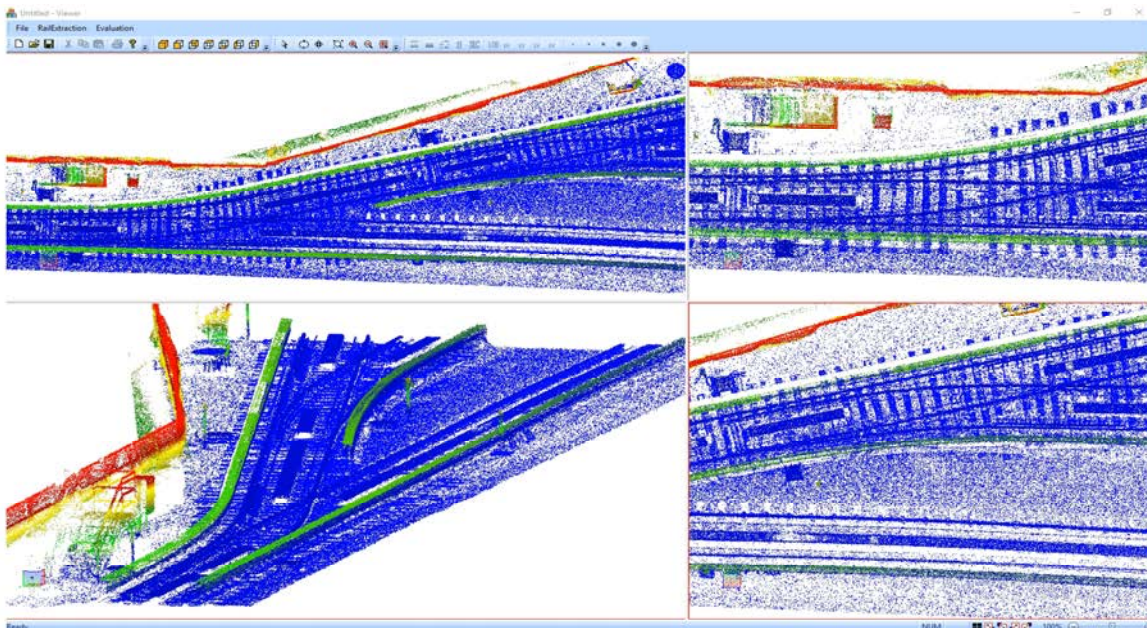


- 2.4km georeferenced LiDAR survey (1m accuracy)
- Full 16.7km geo-referenced LiDAR survey (~5 cm accuracy)
- Integration and verification testing on the YDHR Hiraider rail vehicle platform
- Installation of TCTS position landmarks
- Integration of RTK-based, UWB-based and Corrail ground truth system
- Full integration onto Durham locomotive for multiple ODCT testing

MULTISCALE RAIL TRACK EXTRACTION



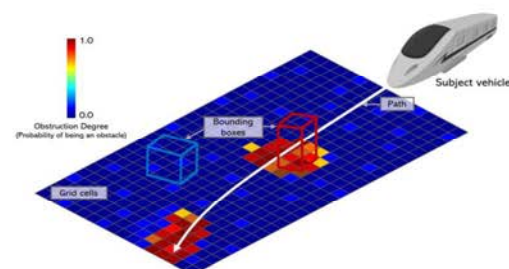
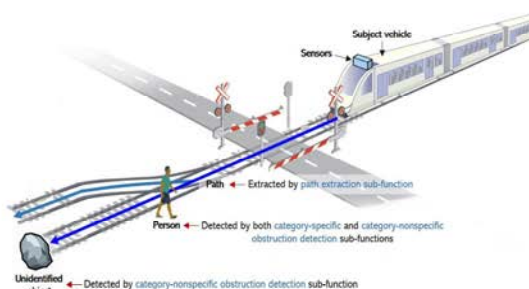
MULTISCALE RAIL TRACK EXTRACTION



Patent - Point cloud rail asset data extraction (Jung et al., 2020)

POSE: PATH, OBSTRUCTION AND SWITCH EXTRACTION

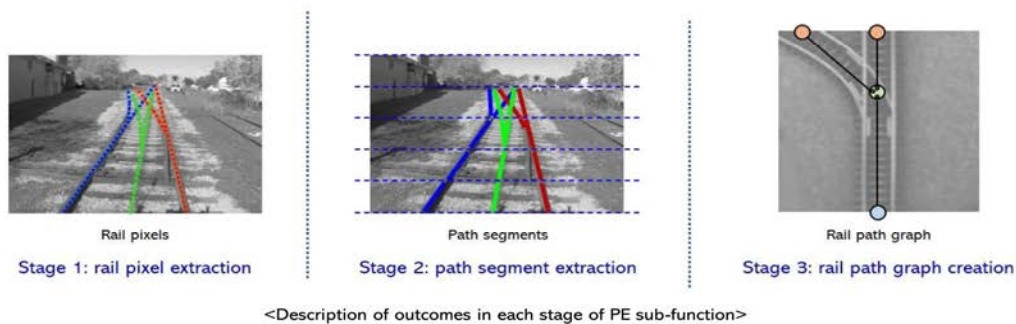
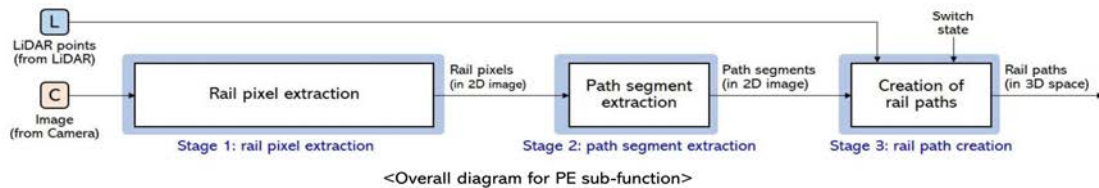
- ❑ Function: detecting and classifying paths, obstructions, and switches from the sensor data
- ❑ Input: sensor data (LiDAR and/or Camera)
- ❑ Output: path (graph), obstructions (class specific and class non-specific), and switches



PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

Overall Diagram for PE Sub-Function

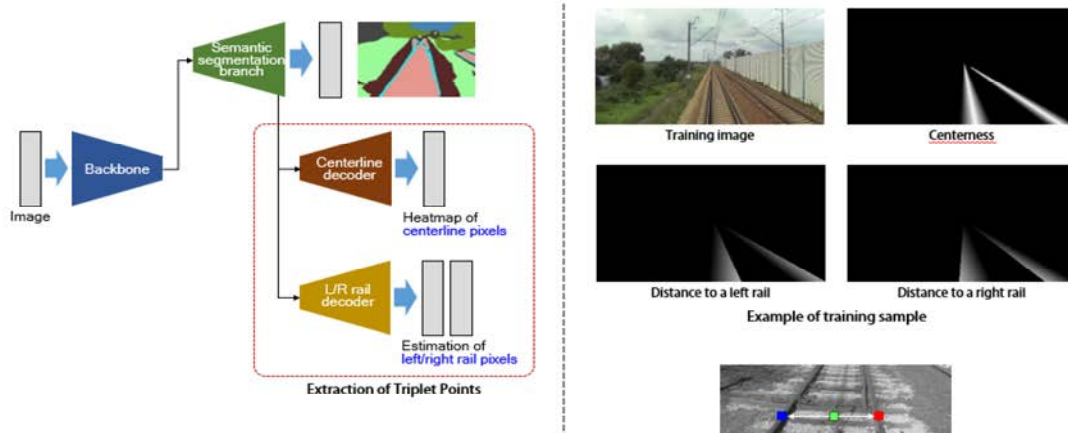
- Rail pixels (Stage 1) → Path segments (Stage 2) → Rail path graph (Stage 3)



PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

Triple (Centre and Left/Right) Point Extraction Network

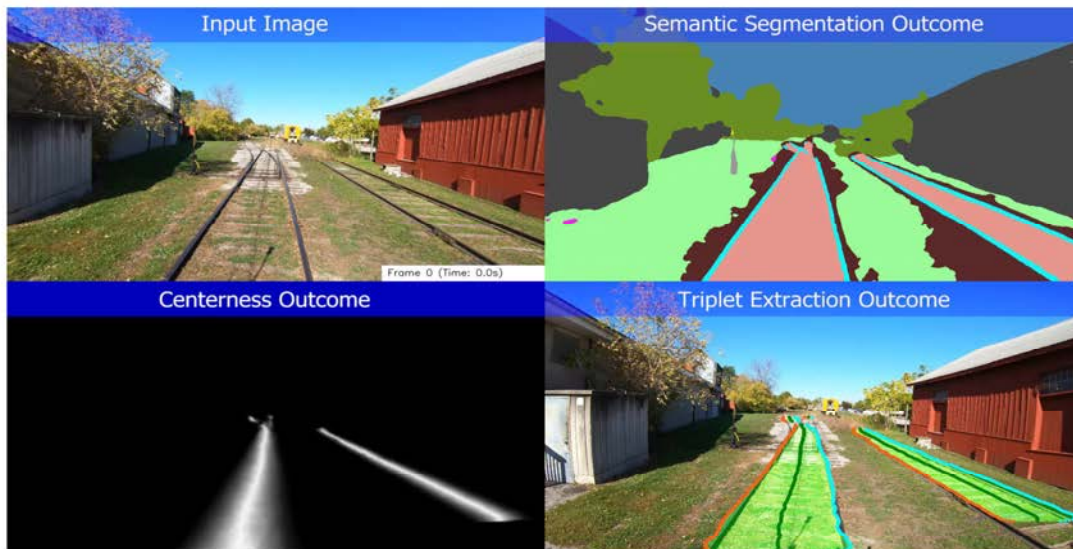
- Predicting centerness, corresponding left & right rails for each pixel
- Integrated semantic segmentation outcomes to reduce false positives in centerness



• [CenterNet] Objects as Points (2019)
 • Multi-Task Learning for Segmentation of Building Footprints with Deep Neural Networks

PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

- ❑ Result Video for Triplet (Center and Left/Right) Point Extraction
 - Test on test7/nrs2 of YDHR Oct 10 2019 Data



PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

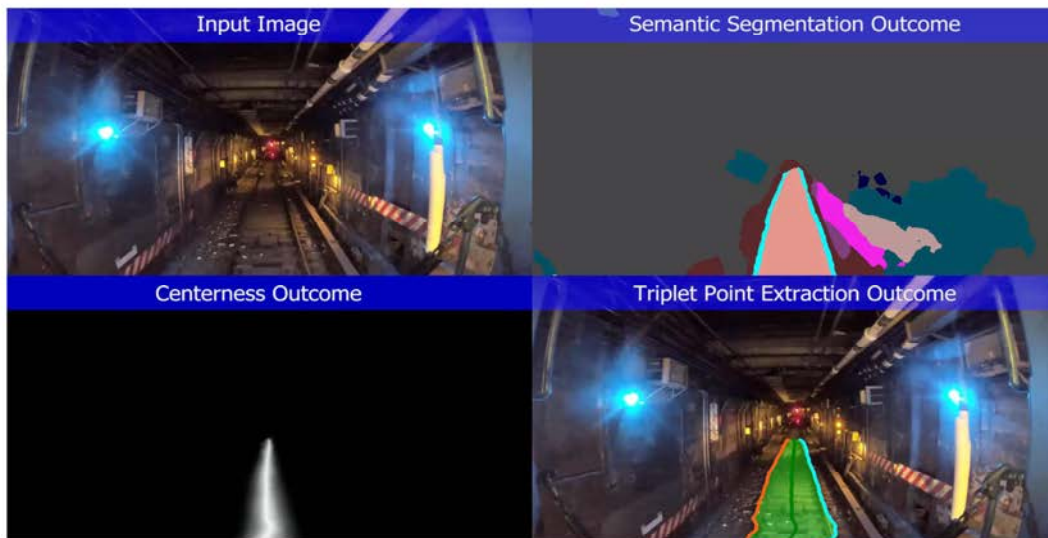
- ❑ YDHR Results



PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

❑ Testing in NYC Subway Images

- Video source: NYC Subway Front Window View - The Manhattan-Bound 7 Express Line (<https://youtu.be/ukOHqdPbYYg>)



PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

❑ NYC Results



PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

- ❑ Test on both 8mm images and 25mm images

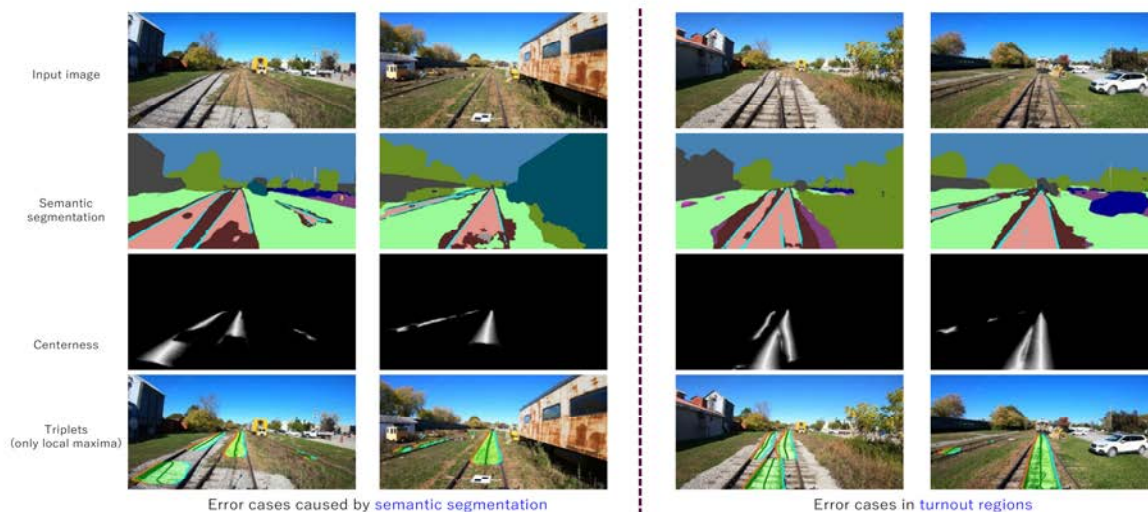
Testing Path Extraction Sub-Function on Metrolinx Images

*Path Extraction Sub-Function: PE with TPE-net (Sept 04 2020 ver)

*Metrolinx images: 8mm images and 25mm images
acquired from 2:16:03 to 2:16:13 (PM)

PATH EXTRACTION (PE) FUNCTION

- ❑ Implemented TPE Net
 - Assigning **centerness** correctly only the center of area recognized as “track region”, leading to the following limitations:
 - Highly sensitive to semantic segmentation outcomes
 - Incorrect centerness prediction in turnout regions



LOCATION-AUGMENTED OBJECT DETECTION

Location-Augmented Object Detection is a high-integrity detection chain that uses all available rail operation information

High-Integrity Detection of Objects
including
Obstacles, Switches, Signals & Tracks

Hybrid architectures, built on SIL4 positioning, are key to addressing performance and integrity challenges



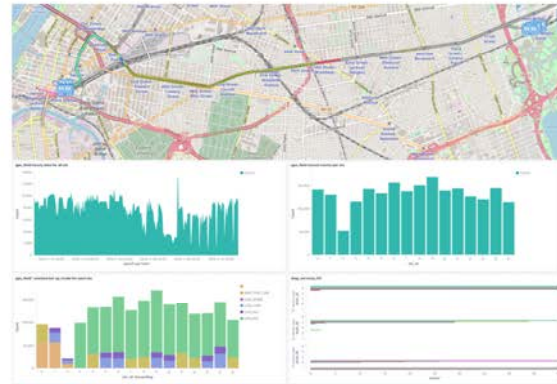
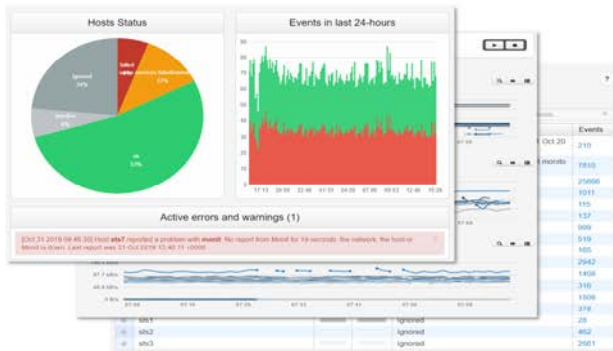
LOCATION-AUGMENTED SIGNAL DETECTION

Annotation in Dense LiDAR Point Clouds

BIG DATA PLATFORM

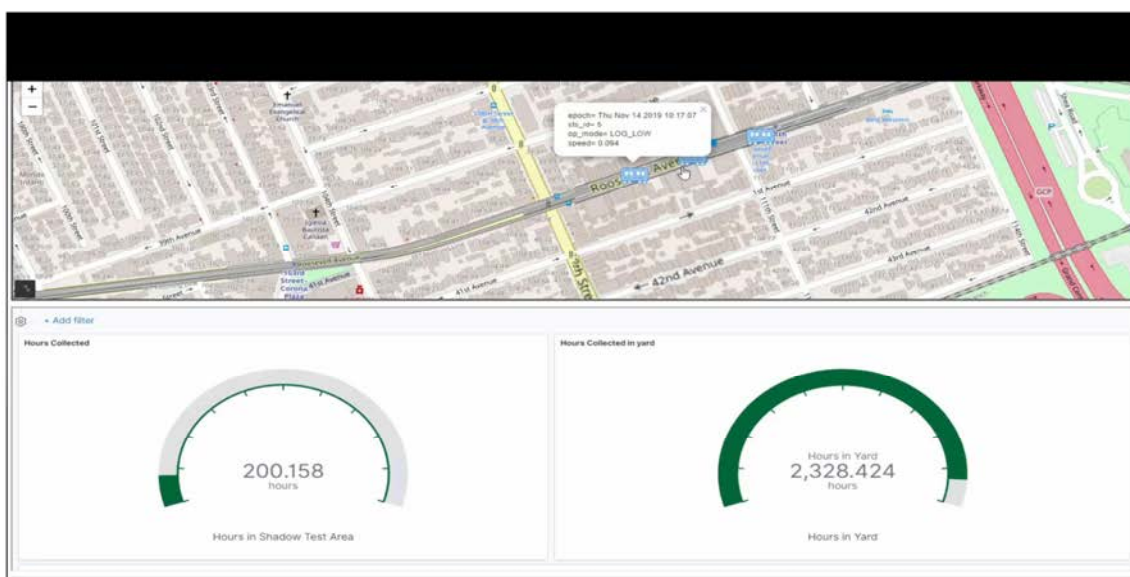
Advanced sensors produce enormous amounts of data

Advanced algorithms need more data for development and verification



AI provides new opportunities to explore data, discover corner cases, parse and purge large datasets, and explore complex operational spaces to ensure test coverage

BIG DATA PLATFORM



CONCLUSION

- ❑ Autonomous transit has unique challenges
- ❑ Artificial Intelligence is a critical enabling technology
- ❑ High-integrity (digital twining rail infrastructure and operations) increase the safety of autonomous transit
- ❑ Safety-critical systems can be built on AI
SAFETY-CRITICAL SYSTEMS CAN BE BUILT ON AI



Source from <https://www.railwaygazette.com/sponsored-content/thales-latest-product-innovations-will-transform-journeys-in-and-around-cities/58978.article>

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT



THALES



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Thales Canada



Dr. Veronica Marin
System Engineer
Thales Canada



David Beach
Technical Specialist
Thales Canada



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International Conference
on Geospatial Information Science



Smart GEO Expo 2021
2021 스마트지오패스포

IoT and AI based Smart Building/ Energy Twin Platform for Smart City

[스마트시티를 위한 IoT & AI기반 스마트빌딩/에너지트윈 플랫폼]

Changsoo Park Ntels

IoT and AI based Smart Building/Energy Twin Platform for Smart City

NTELS Cloud IoT Business Division/Cloud Energy Innovation Team
Changsoo Park

cspark11@ntels.com
www.ntels.com

22th July 2021

CREATIVE CONVERGENCE

INNOVATIVE PLATFORMS FOR BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE



Contents

Introduction of IoT and AI based Smart Building/Energy Twin Platform

Introduction of Domestic and Overseas Cases

Appendix : Introduction of NTELS

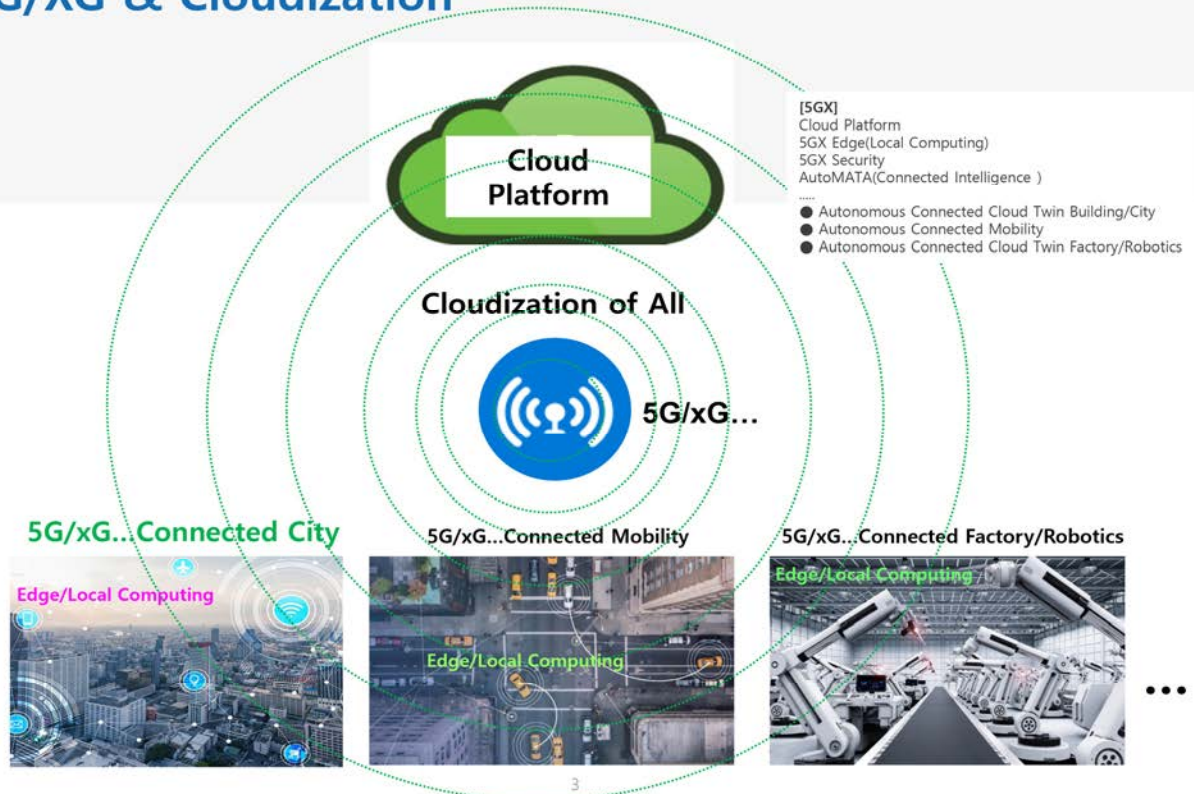


Introduction of IoT and AI based Smart Building/Energy Twin Platform

- N-CSTP™ : NTELS Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform



5G/XG & Cloudization



Overview

- We have been offering the smart city platform for local municipalities and smart energy management services for public buildings.



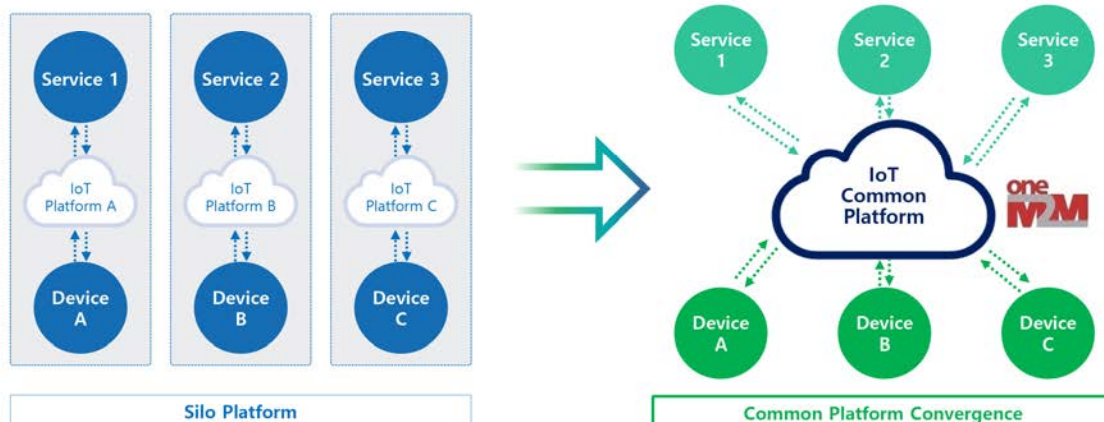
4

Global oneM2M base IoT Common Platform

N-MAS IoT Platform

Smart-Building/Energy/City Platform's Basic core is IoT common Platform

N-MAS is global standard
IoT Common Platform

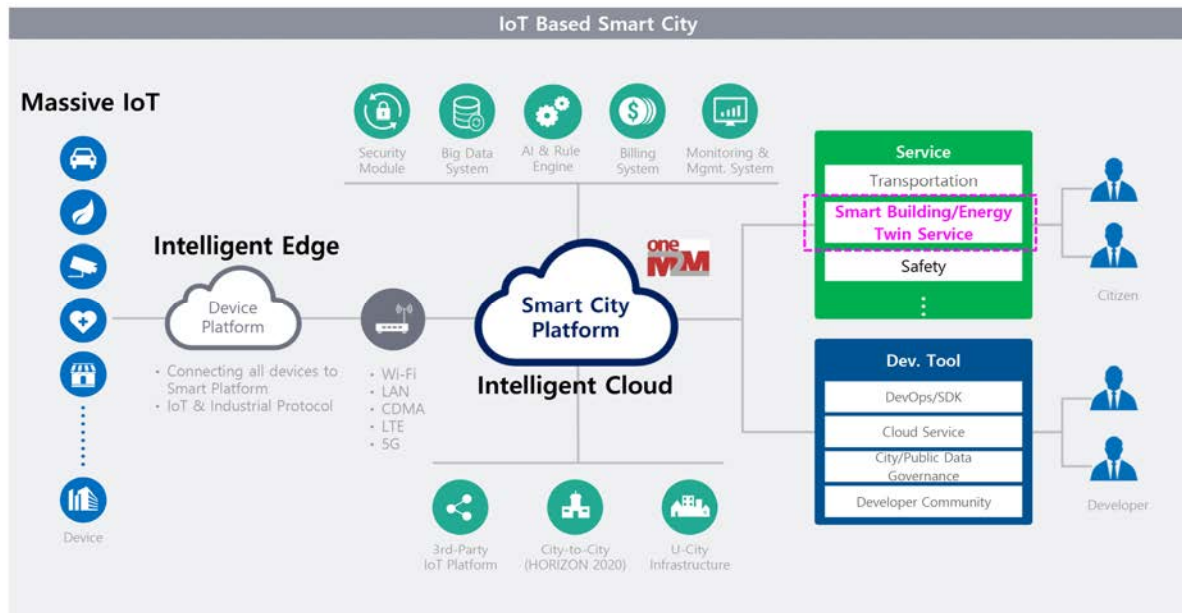


5

Basic Structure of Smart City Platform

NTELS Smart City Platform

Open IoT & AI Platform for Various Smart City Service

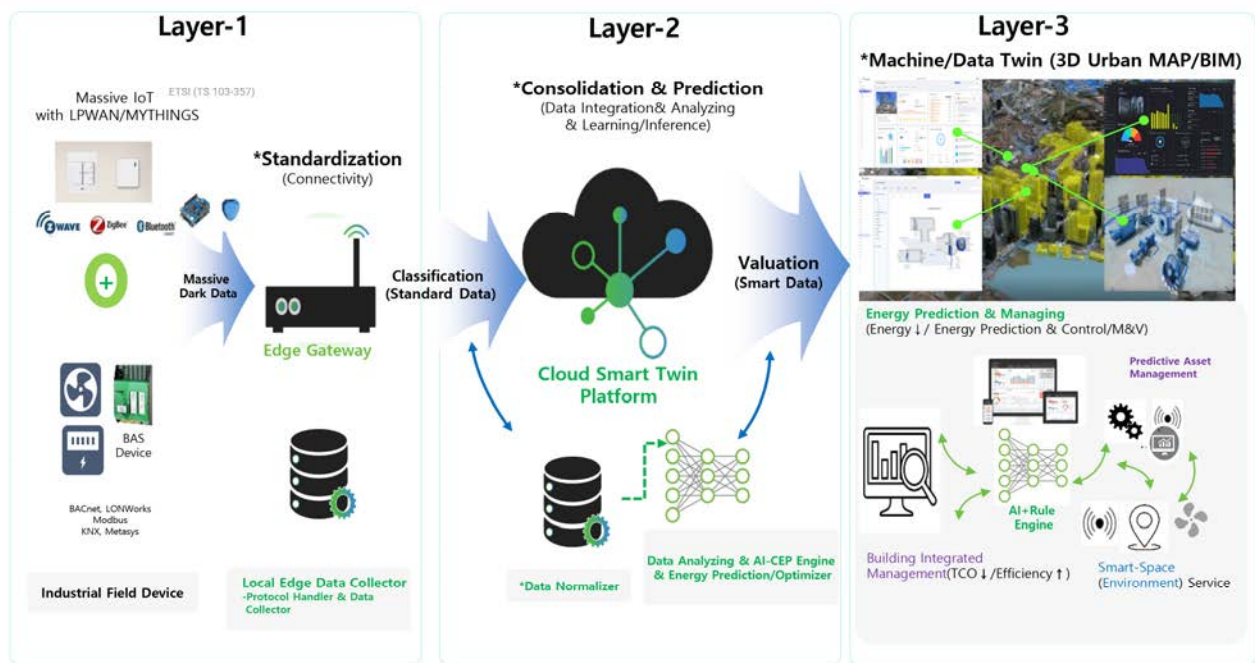


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Basic Feature of N-CSTP™

*N-CSTP : Ntels Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform

NTELS Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform

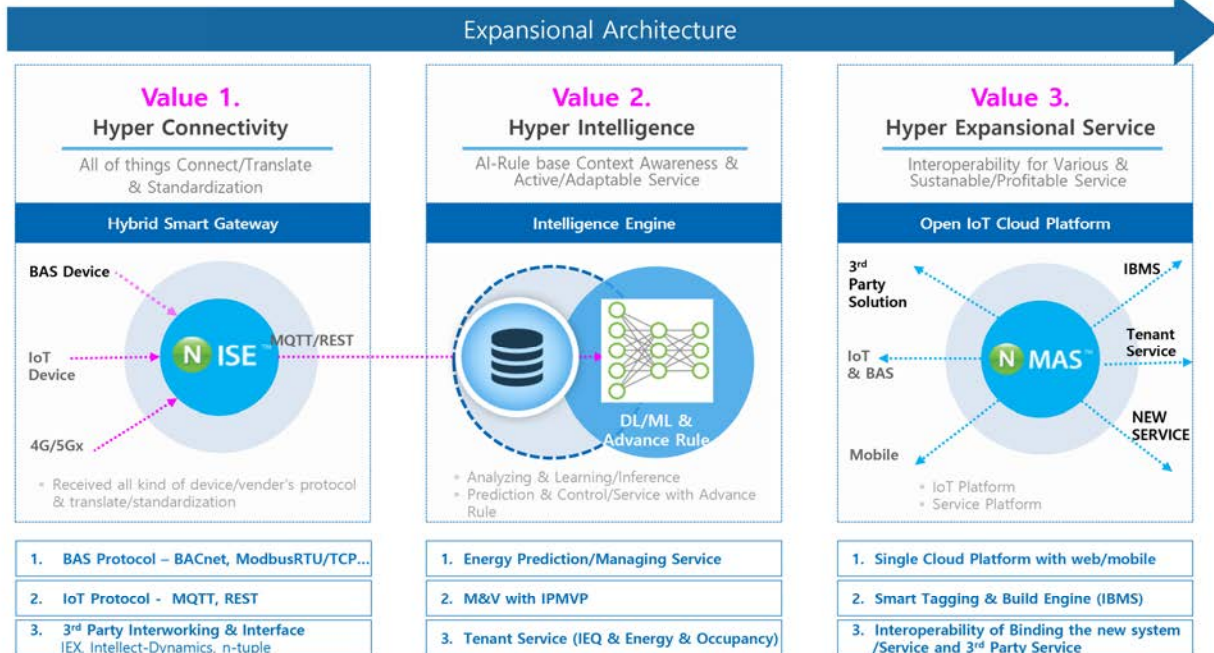


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Basic Component and Value of N-CSTP™

*N-CSTP : Ntels Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform

Value of N-CSTP™ Connected Smart Twin Platform

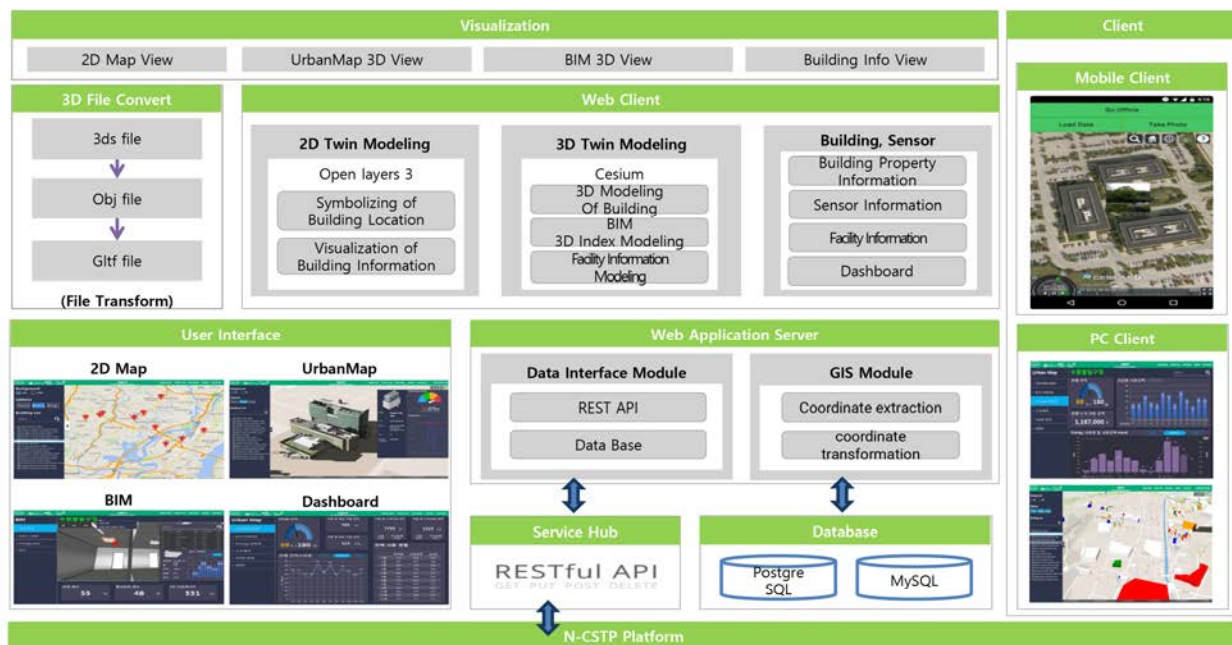


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Twin Map/BIM Architecture of N-CSTP™

*N-CSTP : Ntels Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform

Basic Architecture of Energy Twin MAP/BIM



9

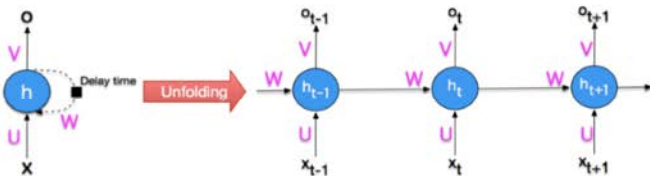
AI Engine of N-CSTP™

*N-CSTP : Ntels Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform

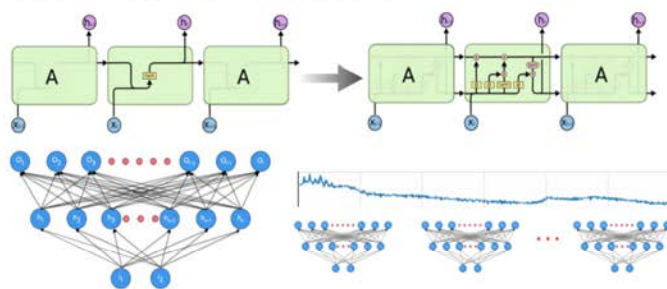
● LSTM-RNN Model(Energy + Asset/Facility)

Long Short Term Memory Recurrent Neural Network Algorithm

- **Recurrent Neural Network** : Learn the sequential data to perform classification or prediction



- **LSTM-RNN** : Apply the LSTM to Stacked RNN Structure



Feature of LSTM-RNN

1. Predict of the Energy (DR, Peak Elec. Demand, Optimal Control of Power Electricity)
2. Predict of the Asset/Facility Fault & Health

※ Successful application of AI depends on a sufficient data set



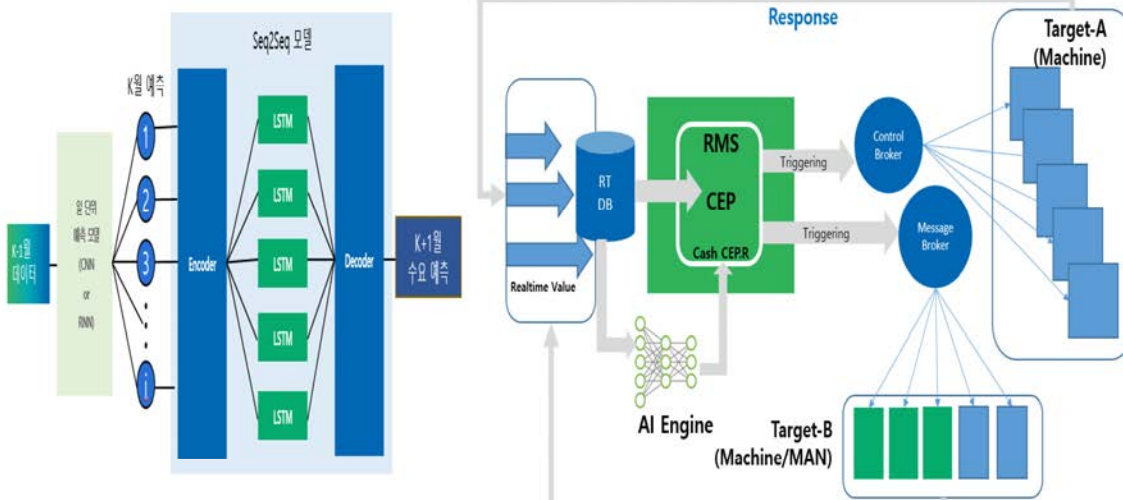
10

AI & Rule Engine of N-CSTP™

*N-CSTP : Ntels Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform

● AI + Rule Engine base Energy Prediction & Active/Adaptive Management

AI + Rule Engine with CEP : Energy Prediction & Active/Adaptive Management

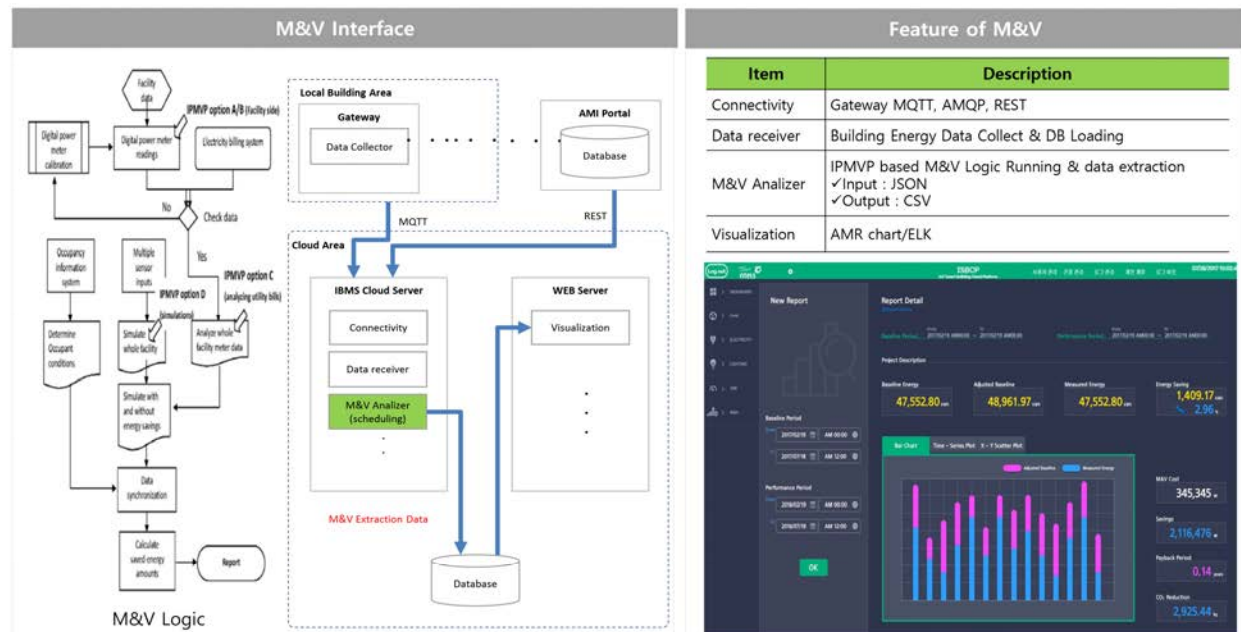


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M&V Engine of N-CSTP™

*N-CSTP : Ntels Connected/Cloud Smart Twin Platform

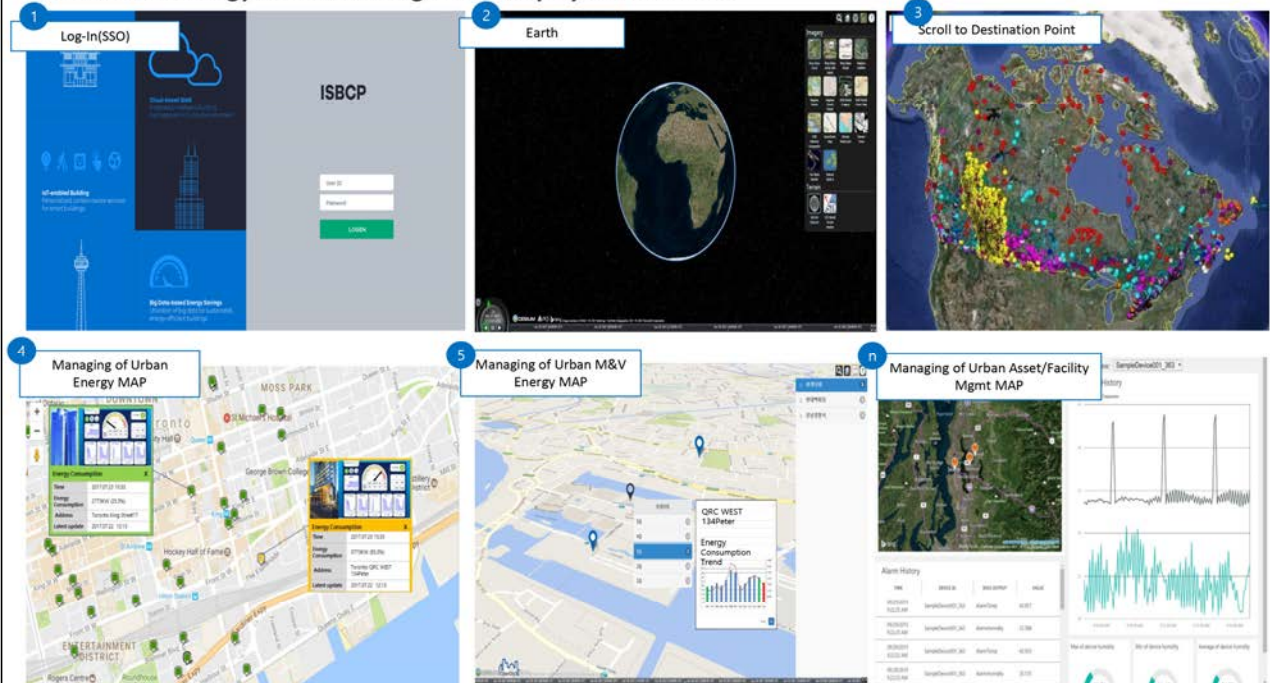
● Measurement & Verification Algorithms (Energy)



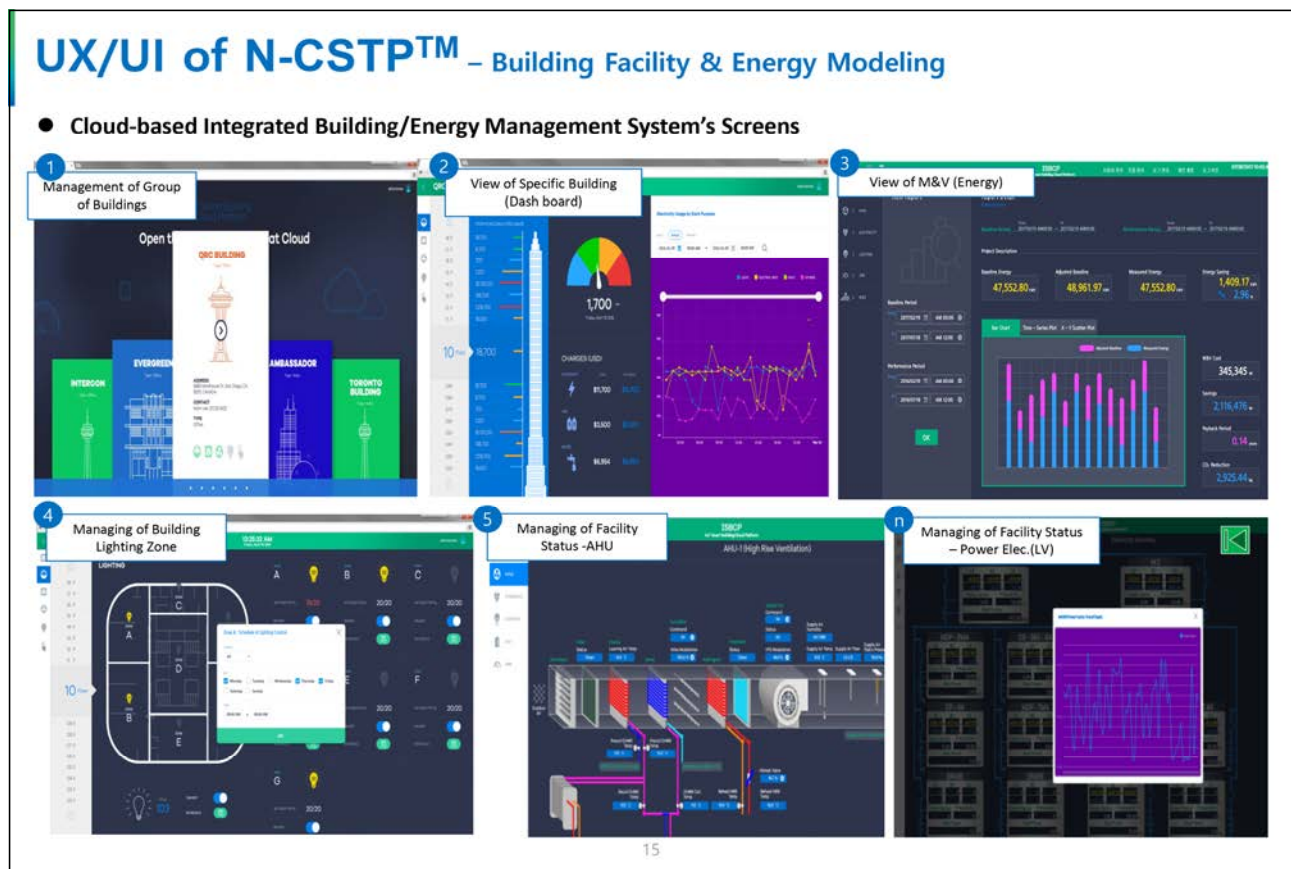
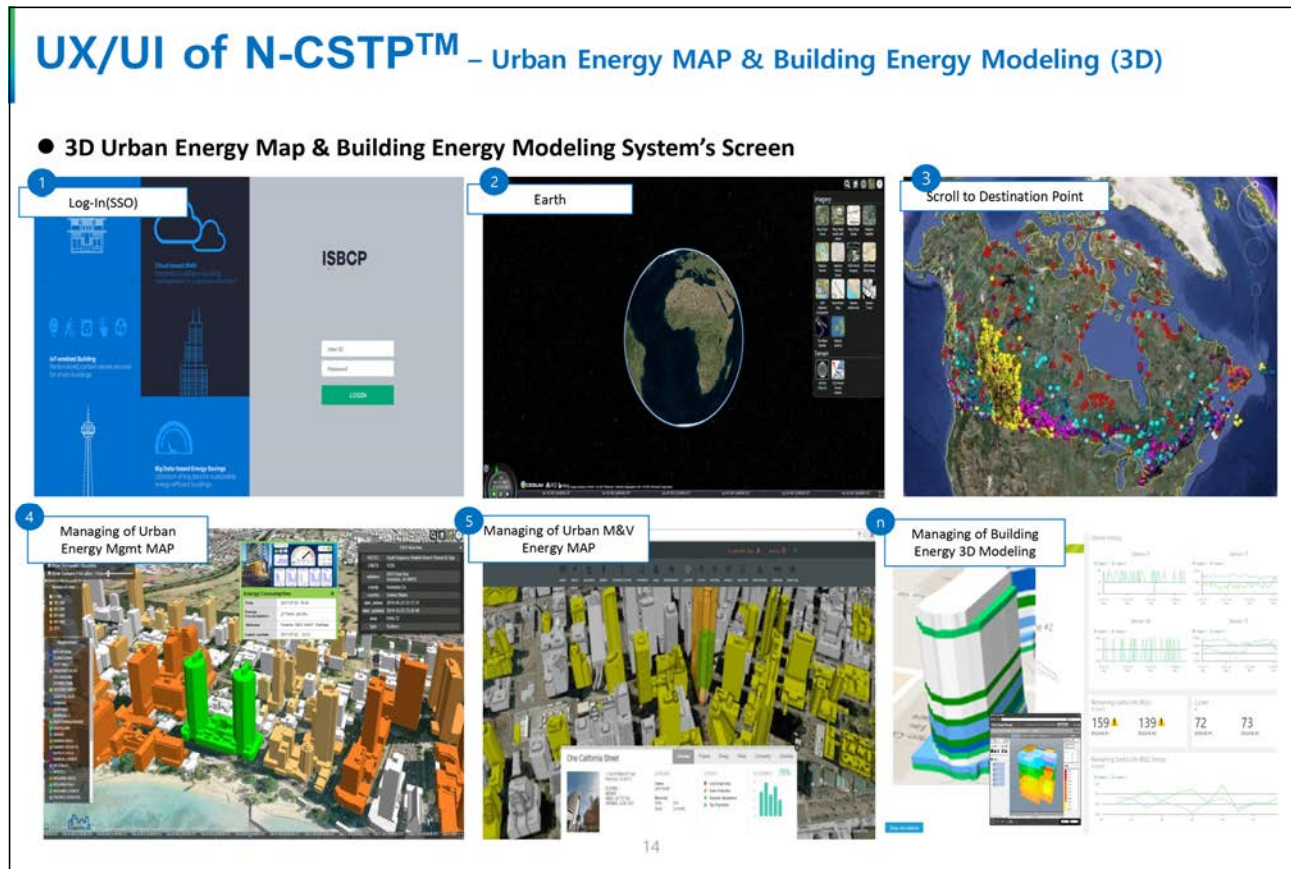
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UX/UI of N-CSTP™ – Urban Energy & Asset Management Map (2D)

● 2D Urban Energy & Asset Management Map System's Screen

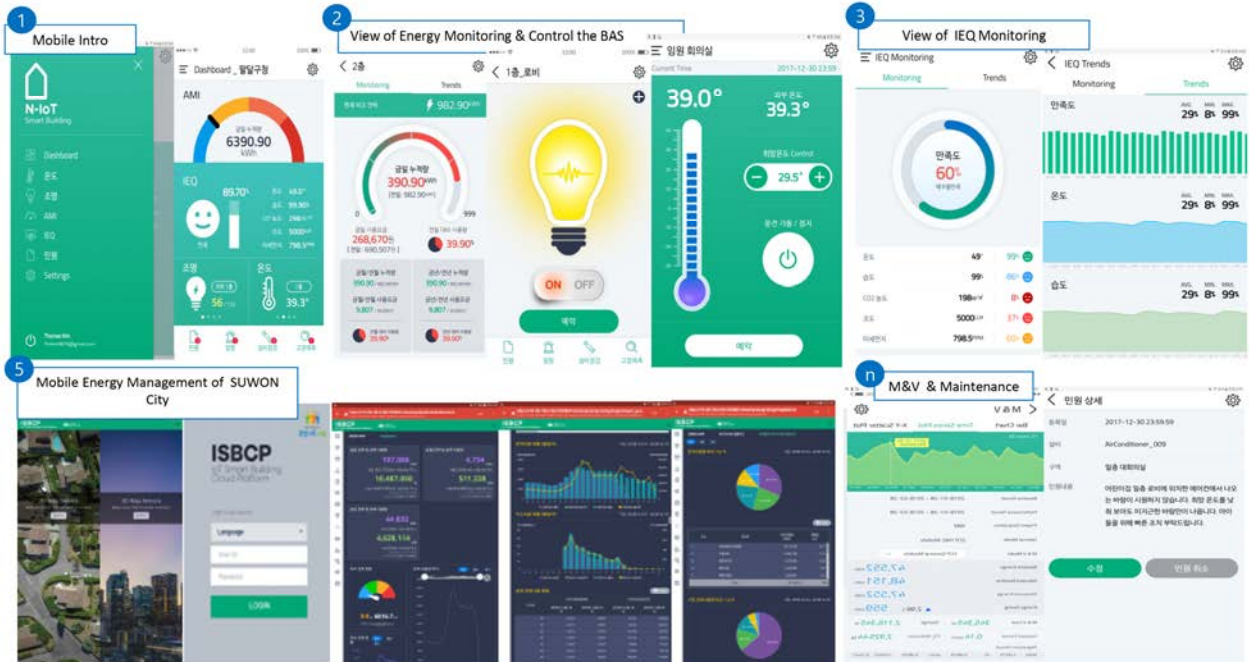


13



UX/UI of N-CSTP™ – Mobile

• Mobile Service



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Introduction of Domestic and Overseas Cases

Domestic Case – Korea Suwon City(2017.3~2019.3)

- Suwon City in Korea <http://trans.suwon.go.kr:7000/etgl/>

As part of national research projects of Ministry of Science and ICT, urban 3D energy map-based Cloud Smart Building Management System was implemented for 100 public buildings in Suwon City

Smart Building Management System to increase energy efficiency of 105 public buildings in Suwon City, Gyeonggi-do



18

Primary Contact : Changsoo Park [cspark11@ntels.com]

IoT & AI Smart Building and Energy City Platform in Suwon City
 (KOREA Government Project)

3D Map Service

Government of KOREA's IoT & AI Smart Buildings and Energy City Initiative

NTELS Smart Building & Energy City Platform was deployed in public buildings in Suwon City to provide optimal management building facilities, environment, and energy using the urban 3D map and 3D spatial modeling. With the M&V engine as well as data intelligence technology with deep-learning, the platform can quickly measure energy performance and determine city energy efficiency.

Creative Convergence

ntels

사람이 만감습시다
휴먼시티수원

nipa

과학기술정보통신부

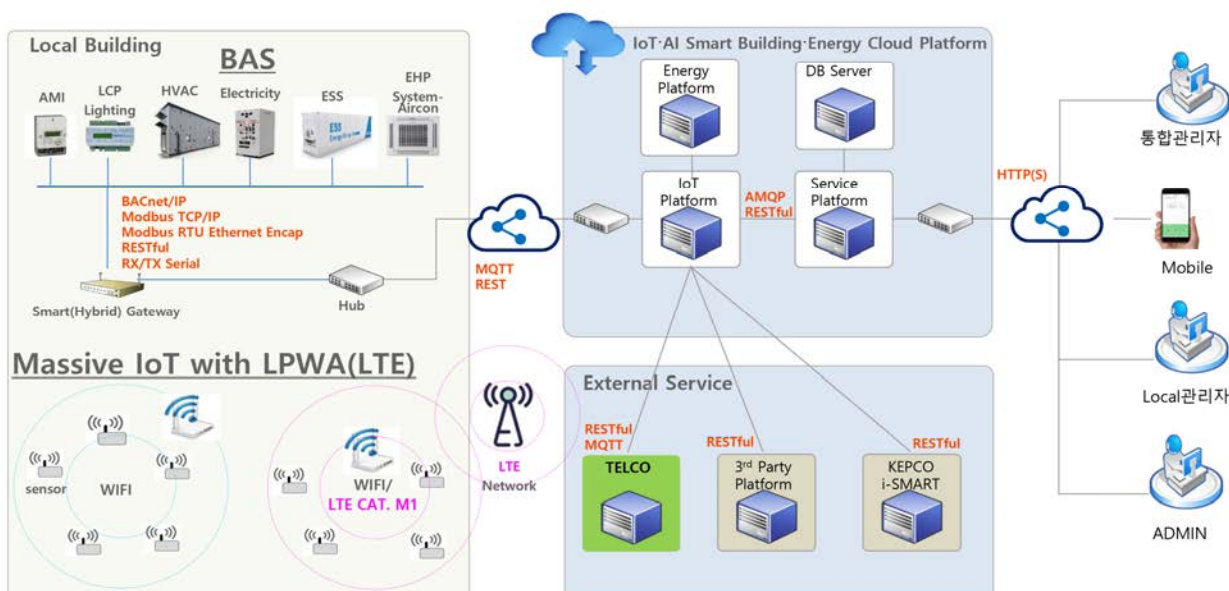
Domestic Case – Korea Suwon City(2017.3~2019.3)

Attend the USA GCTC2017/2018/2019, REALCOMM2017/2018, Spain SCEWC2018/2019, Singapore IFMA2018 Conference



Domestic Case – Korea Suwon City(2017.3~2019.3)

■ Suwon City Energy Twin Platform – System Architecture

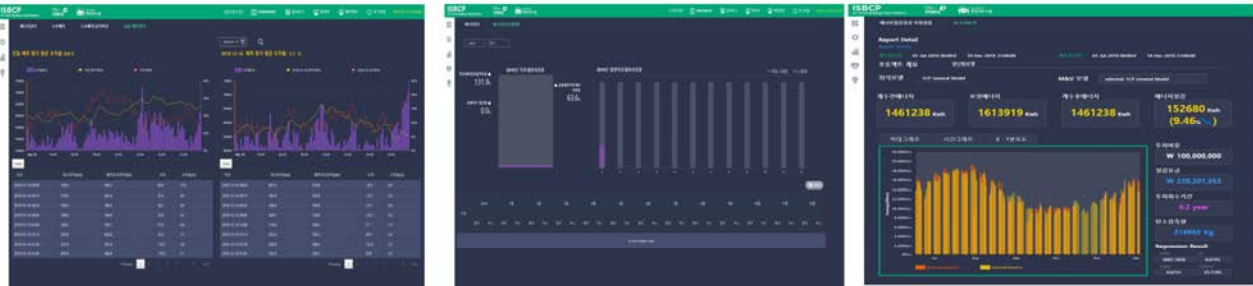


Domestic Case – Korea Suwon City(2017.3~2019.3)

■ Suwon City Energy Twin Platform - UX/UI



Energy MAP POI, Dashboard, Prediction(AI), M&V



Energy Prediction with AI, Energy Goal Management, M&V(Measurement & Verification) of Platform Performance

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Overseas Case – CANADA Toronto QRC West (2016.12)

■ ALLIED REIT

Allied is a leading owner, manager and development of urban office environments that enrich experience and profitability for business tenants operating in Canada's major cities. (Allied owns more than 150 buildings in Canada, and they has a rental business)

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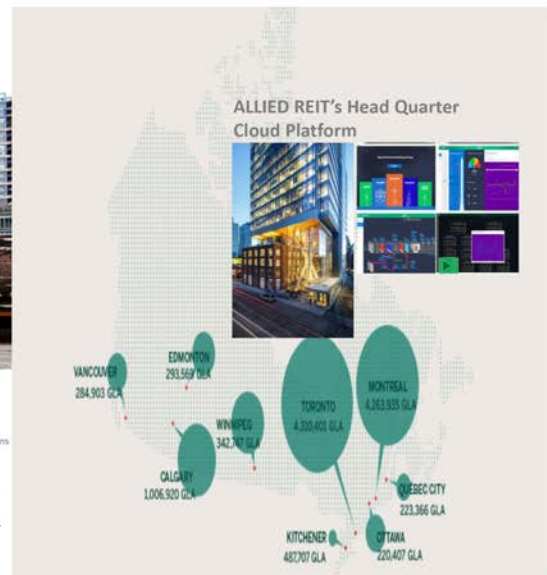
RENTAL
RENTAL OVERVIEW
RENTAL SEARCH
AVAILABLE SPACE
TENANT PROFILE
LEASE MATURITIES

RENTAL OVERVIEW

Our properties are located in nine urban markets – Québec City, Montréal, Ottawa, Toronto, Kitchener, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, and Vancouver. Collectively, our markets include 50 million square feet of urban office inventory and represent some of the largest concentrations of Class I office space in Canada.

The following is a summary of the properties in our portfolio. To find out more specific information, please select the list of cities from the table below:

CITY	OFFICE AREA (SQ FT)	RETAIL AREA (SQ FT)	TOTAL GLA (SQ FT)	% TOTAL
VANCOUVER	284,903 GLA			
EDMONTON	293,569 GLA			
WINNIPEG	342,701 GLA			
CALGARY	1,006,920 GLA			
TORONTO	4,330,403 GLA			
OTTAWA	220,407 GLA			
KITCHENER	482,701 GLA			
QUÉBEC CITY	223,366 GLA			



Overseas Case – CANADA Toronto Southcore (2019.11~)

■ QUADREAL REIT

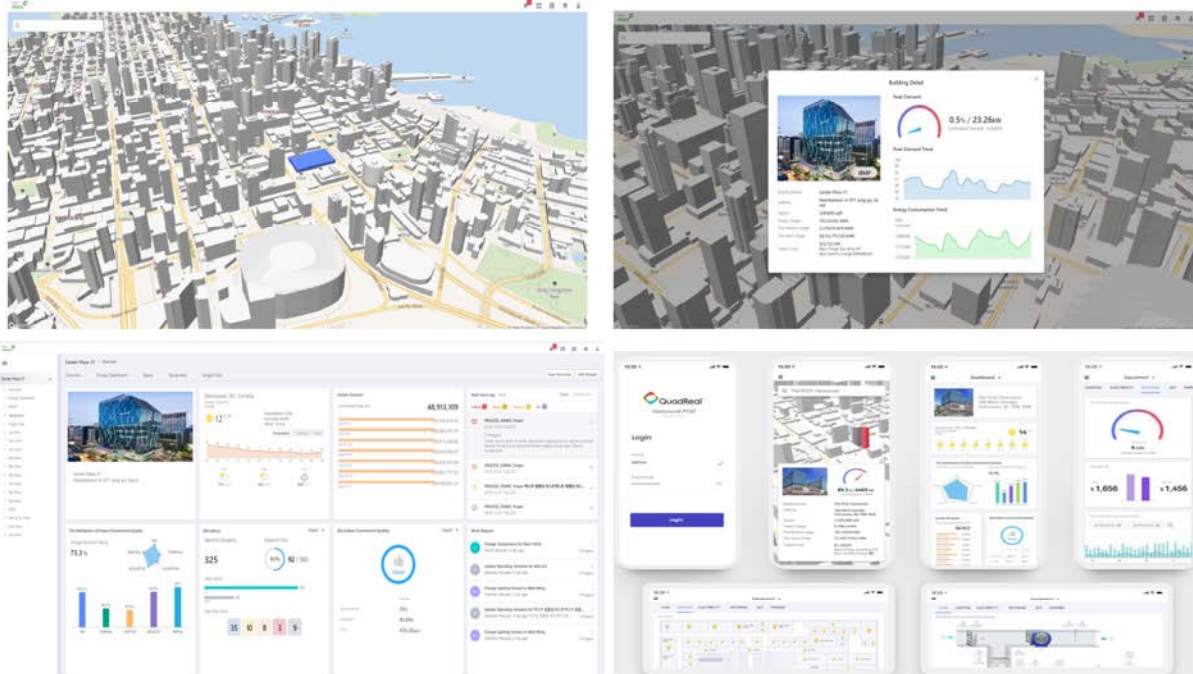
QuadReal has deep roots in the real estate industry with a foundation that was built from consolidating the assets and expertise of four seasoned players in the Canadian real estate investment and management industry. Built upon a strong foundation, guided by long-term vision, QuadReal's team is formed from diverse and complementary backgrounds in Canadian and international investment, development and real estate management.



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Overseas Case – CANADA Toronto Southcore (2019.11~)

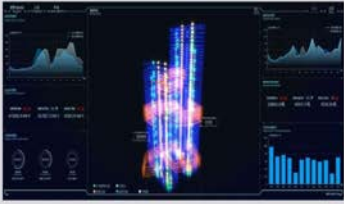


■ 3D Urban Twin Map & Facility/Energy Management



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Next Direction of N-CSTP™ -Digital Twin based Metaverse Technology

- Expanded from the unit building of energy twin technology to the complex community/city area

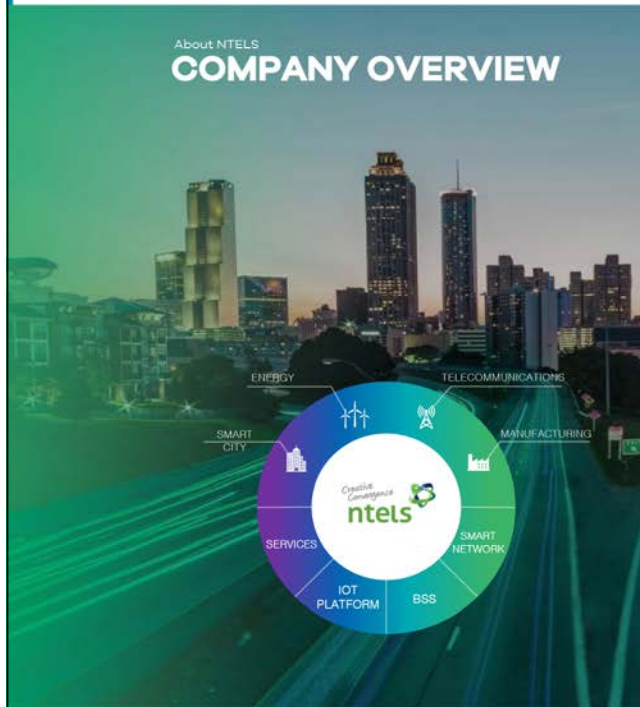
Concept	Energy twin technology is a new method of mirroring the physical world through digital technology, and real-time mapping of the physical and digital worlds through energy twin modeling to realize a zero energy city through consumption/generation balancing diagnosis/prediction/optimal operation in a digital environment					
Domain	  					
	Energy Twin Unit Building/Energy (Prediction-based Zero Energy Building Implementation) Energy Twin Complex (Community-based power generation/consumption balancing) Energy Twin City Platform (Urban energy twin diagnosis/prediction /Operation optimization implementation)					
Feature	01 The resolution of energy data collection has been refined with the development of modeling technology.	02 Real-time delayed data transmission between physical and digital spaces	03 The digital world describes highly flexible and scalable objects and relationships to the physical world.	04 The digital world can realize a high level of precision visualization of the physical world.	05 The digital world can accurately model, simulate and predict the physical world	06 The digital world is in the physical world For diagnosis/prediction Through optimization Control possible

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Appendix Introduction of NTELS



About NTELS



We have the agility to rapidly embrace the paradigm shift of convergence with the vision to improve customer experience and drive transformative innovation.

With our extensive capabilities in the era of ICT convergence and hyper-connectivity, we deliver innovative converged solutions and services across verticals that can help accelerate convergence of IT and traditional industries, such as manufacturing and energy.

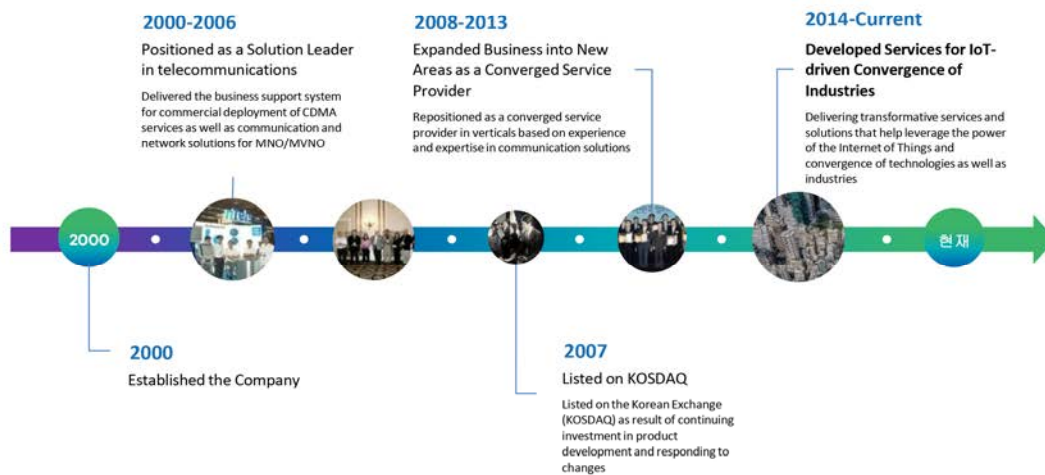
We are on track to become the world's leading converged service provider by building best practices and pursuing both new business cultivation as well as high-value intelligence creation.

Company Name	NTELS Co., Ltd. (KOSDAQ069410)
CEO	Young-Lae Choi
Date Established	July 19, 2000
Number of Employees	225 (proportion of R&D: 85%)
Corporate Address	Geumha Bldg. 8th Floor, Hakdong-ro 401, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea
Regional Office	Jakarta Indonesia

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About NTELS

HISTORY



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About NTELS

INDUSTRIES

We are expanding our product line to keep up with convergence on both the technology and service sides and improving our service offerings to make it easier to do business with us



NTELS provides energy infrastructure technologies to effectively manage renewable and distributed energy resources for balanced energy consumption and to analyze energy data for stable energy supply. With our solutions adaptable to new energy business models, we can help gear towards the concept so called Energy 4.0, which is the digitalization in the energy industry towards smart energy generation and consumption.



NTELS can connect urban infrastructures using our platform, collect and analyze data in real time by adopting the Internet of Everything (IoE) that makes things smarter and people more capable, and provide context-aware personalized smart services.



NTELS provides agile smart network solutions from operations support systems to network optimization and virtualization management solutions that help you reconfigure the network to accommodate new service requirements and offer 5G services.



NTELS can help manufacturers respond to such challenges and disruptions caused by the paradigm shift in manufacturing and deliver cutting-edge customer experiences. With industrial Internet technologies, we provide smart manufacturing solutions for industrial safety management, facility & equipment management as well as energy management.

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About NTELS

BUSINESS AREAS

NTELS can get you on the pathway to Digital Transformation by helping you enhance Customer Experience, improve Operational Efficiency and reinvent Business Models.



- IoT Platform
- IoT Business Support Solution
- Smart City Solution
- Integrated Building Management Solution
- Smart Home Solution
- Industrial Safety Solution
- Digital Signage Solution



- 5G-enabled Traffic & Subscriber Management Solution
- 5G Charging Management Solution
- SDN/NFV & Orchestration Solution
- IoT Connectivity Solution
- Big Data Analytics Solution
- Network Visibility Solution



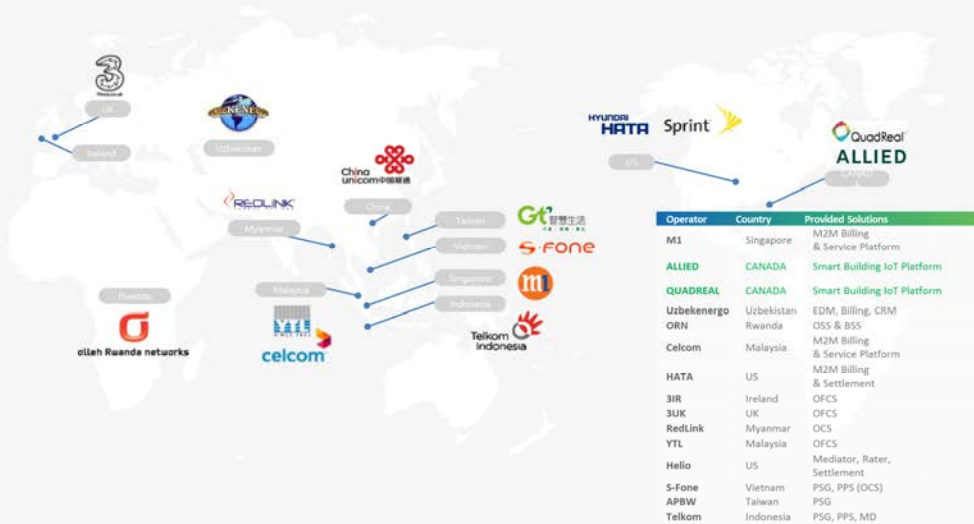
- Convergent Charging Solution
- Billing and Revenue Management Solution
- Customer Relationship Management Solution
- Custom-Billing Solution
- Integrated Utility (Electricity, Gas, Water, etc.) Billing Solution

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About NTELS

OVERSEAS REFERENCES

We are expanding our business around the globe based on our references in Asia and United States



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NTELS
www.ntels.com

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Sales simon@ntels.com
Tech cspark11@ntels.com

INNOVATIVE PLATFORMS FOR BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

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Creative
Convergence
ntels

Thank you

2021 ICGIS

International Conference
on Geospatial Information Science



Smart GEO Expo 2021
2021 스마트지리정보엑스포

Urban 3D geospatial modelling for Realistic Geospatial Data

[실감공간데이터를 위한 도시 3차원 지형공간 모델링]

Si-yeong Lim Korea Research Institute for Human Settlements

Urban 3D geospatial modelling for Realistic Geospatial Data

- Achievement of R&D research group for Realistic 3D modeling -

2021.07.22



KRIHS

Geospatially Enabled Society Research Division

Si-Yeong Lim

- Contents-

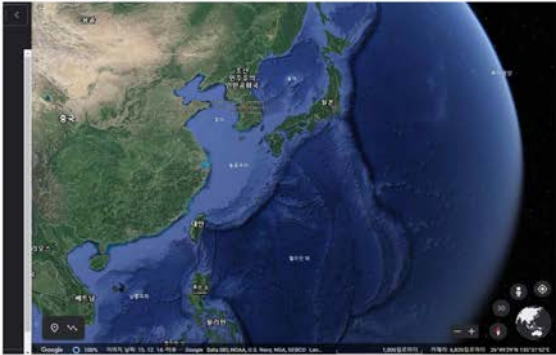
1. Background
2. Framework
3. Results




1. Background

국토연구원


Google Earth vs V-world



From 2005, google earth



From 2012, Korean Google Earth, V-world



Street view in Naver map


1

1. Background


국토연구원

Digital twin, Metaverse, & 3D ?

2009
Pre feasibility study
for 3D

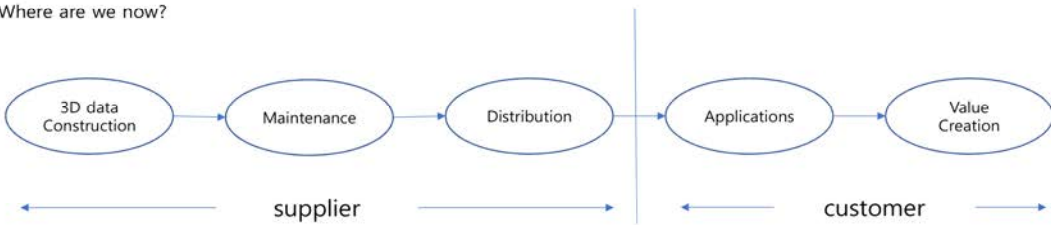


<Digital twin>



<Metaverse>

Where are we now?



```

graph LR
    subgraph supplier
        A(3D data Construction) --> B(Maintenance)
        B --> C(Distribution)
    end
    subgraph customer
        D(Applications) --> E(Value Creation)
    end
    C --> D
  
```

supplier customer

2

1. Background



■ Some Questions !

- 1 How can we make 3D geospatial data more useful?
- 2 In advance, is it possible to know who will use the data ?
- 3 How can we create it quickly and inexpensively?
- 4 Would it make sense to update in the parts instead of making the whole thing?
- 5 At the same time, can the original purpose be maintained?

3

1. Background



■ We made up our own answer!

- 1 How can we make 3D geospatial data more useful?
➡ We have to create what user wants.
- 2 In advance, is it possible to know who will use the data ?
➡ In disaster management, virtual moving object simulation, & tourism content fields
➡ Multi- ministerial R&D project including demand-part
- 3 How can we create it quickly and inexpensively?
- 4 Would it make sense to update in the parts instead of making the whole thing?
- 5 At the same time, can the original purpose be maintained?
➡ Let's develop related technology.

4

1. Background

■ We made up our own answer!

5-1

Aerial Image => too expensive and too slow
 ➡ UAV(Drone), MMS, Mobile... etc

5-2

Using UAVs is not as effective as we might think
 ➡ Flight path simulation
 ➡ Efficient photographing(Gimbal, Antenna, shooting angle, supporting SW)

5-3

Many processes in 3D-construction are done manually
 ➡ Automated Solid model generation from point-cloud
 ➡ Occlusion area processing by AI

5-4

Check the partial change and correct only that part
 ➡ Change-detection for 3D object

5-5

Since we don't know exactly what the consumer wants

➡

So we must have the raw data for 3D modeling

5

1. Background

■ We made up our own answer!

5

At the same time, can the original purpose be maintained?

➡ Make 3D object for the various sources we currently have

➡ Supply 3D object of the various formats

➡ Provide an functions that users create what they want

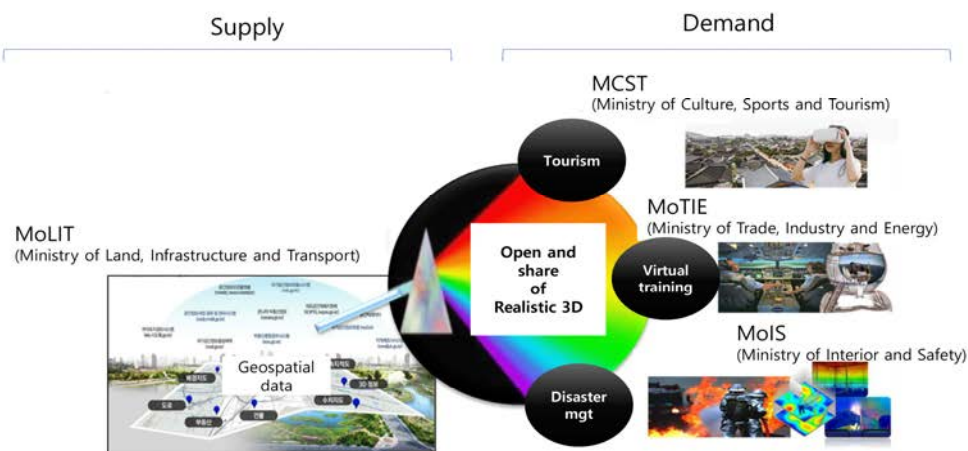
➡ Make 4D(AR/VR) applicable for the future

➡ And,

It is needed the Quality Assurance and Practices for proving our results

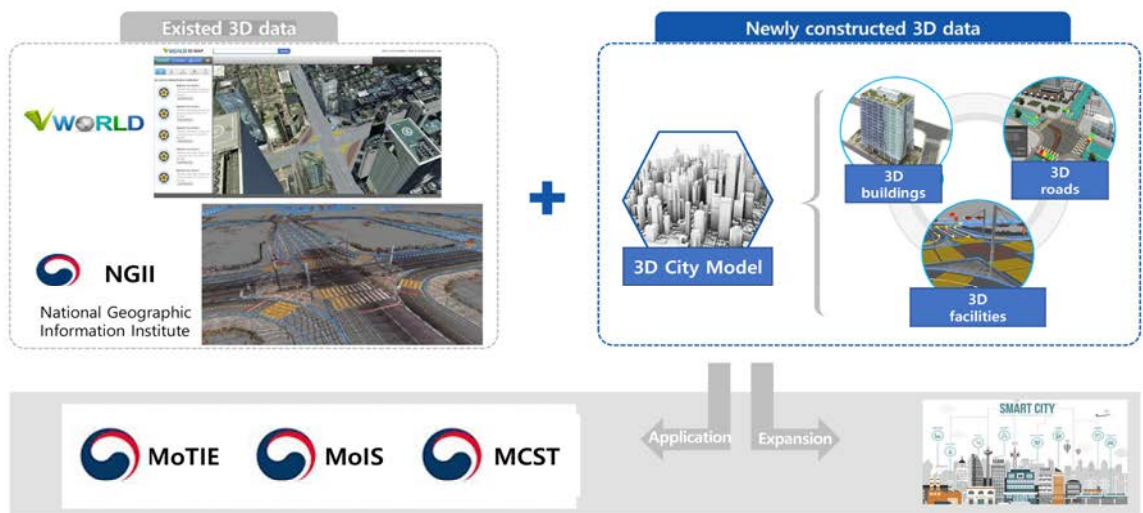
6

2. framework of our project

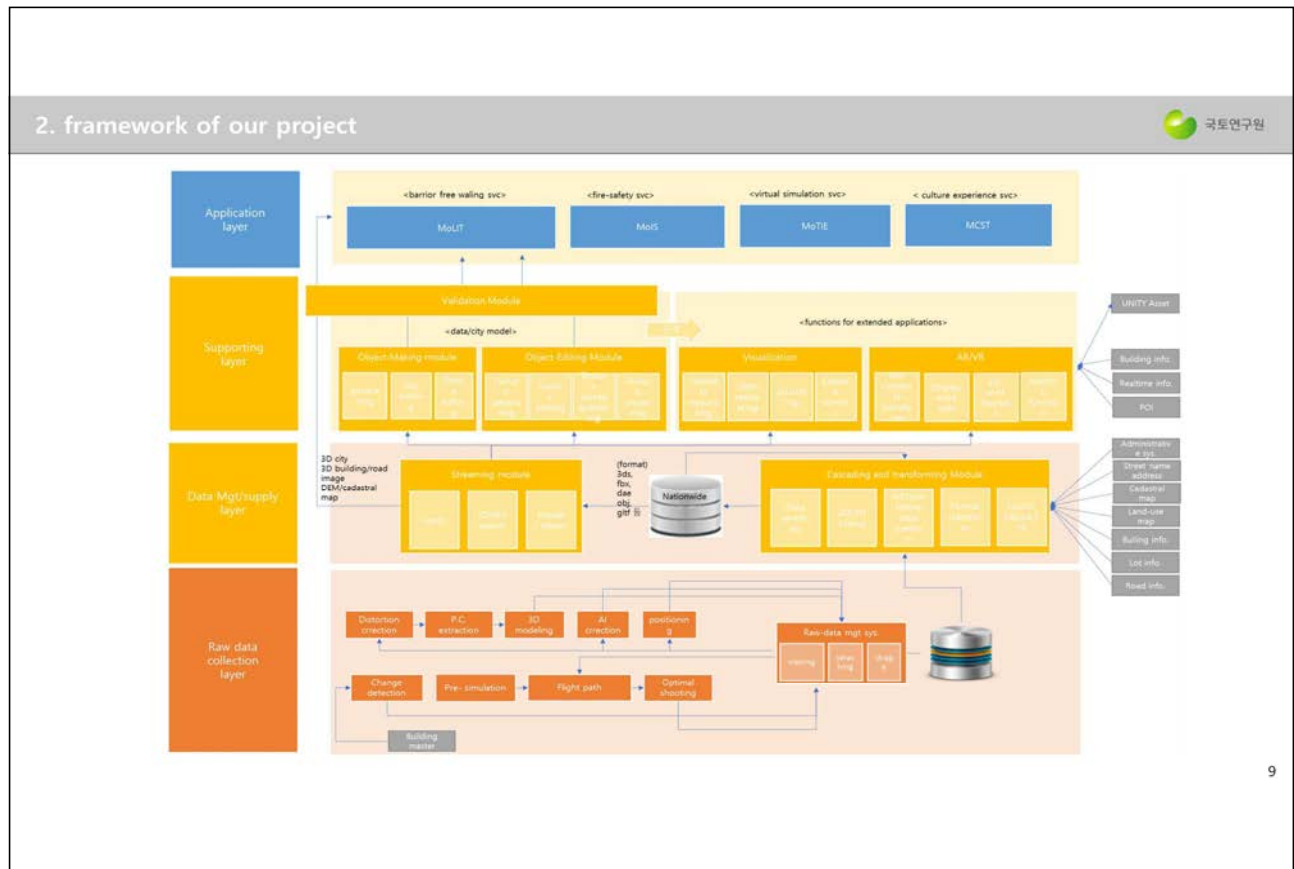


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2. framework of our project



8






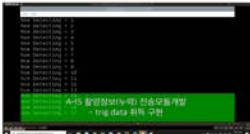

3. Results

1. UAV(Drone), MMS, Mobile... etc.
 Before : Aerial Image => too expensive and too slow
2. Using UAVs is not as effective as we might think
 Flight path simulation
 Efficient photographing(Gimbal, Antenna, shooting angle, supporting SW)
3. How can we create it quickly and inexpensively?
 Automated Solid model generation from point-cloud,
 Occlusion area processing by AI
4. Would it make sense to update in the parts instead of making the whole thing?
 Change-detection for 3D object

Since we don't know exactly what the consumer wants


So we must have the raw data for 3D modeling



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3. Results



1

UAV(Drone), MMS, Mobile... etc

Before : Aerial Image => too expensive and too slow

2

Using UAVs is not as effective as we might think

Flight path simulation

Efficient photographing(Gimbal, Antenna, shooting angle, supporting SW)

3

How can we create it quickly and inexpensively?

Automated Solid model generation from point-cloud,

Occlusion area processing by AI

4


Would it make sense to update in the parts instead of making the whole thing?


Change-detection for 3D object

Since we don't know exactly what the consumer wants

So we must have the raw data for 3D modeling

실감형 3D 건물 모델





Dataset Module

Training Module


Validation Module

Predict-Run Module

Reporting Module

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3. Results



1

UAV(Drone), MMS, Mobile... etc

Before : Aerial Image => too expensive and too slow

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Using UAVs is not as effective as we might think

Flight path simulation

Efficient photographing(Gimbal, Antenna, shooting angle, supporting SW)

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Change-detection for 3D object

Since we don't know exactly what the consumer wants

So we must have the raw data for 3D modeling



로그인

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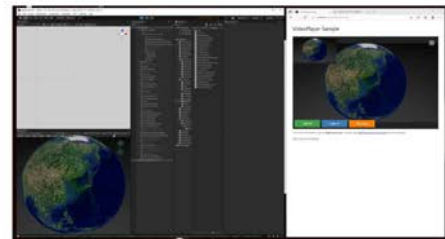
3. Results



5 At the same time, can the original purpose be maintained?

- ➡ Make 3D object for the various sources we currently have
- ➡ Supply 3D object of the various formats
- ➡ Provide an functions that users create what they want
- ➡ Make 4D(AR/VR) applicable for the future

➡ And,
It is needed the Quality Assurance and Practices for proving our results



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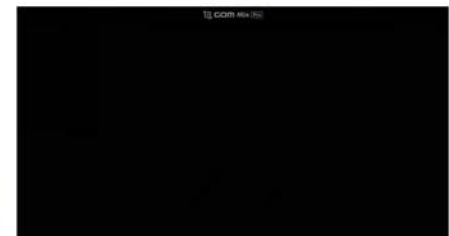
3. Results



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➡ And,
It is needed the Quality Assurance and Practices for proving our results



시계열 가시화

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3. Results



5

At the same time, can the original purpose be maintained?

➡

Make 3D object for the various sources we currently have

➡

Supply 3D object of the various formats

➡

Provide an functions that users create what they want

➡


Make 4D(AR/VR) applicable for the future


➡


And,

It is needed the Quality Assurance and Practices for proving our results

표준 규격에 따른
실감형 3D 도시모델 데이터
유효성 검증기술








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** I think ...



MORE
Subdividable
R&D

MORE
Participants
In finding out
Demands

MORE
Various
Geospatial Data

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Thank you



MEMO



MEMO



MEMO



MEMO